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JANUARY 2, 1948.

No. 1.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, G. N.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Office Boy & Messenger	15.12.47.	On probation for 6 months
Biggs, Miss T.	Secretariat	Temporary Clerk	4.3.47.	—
Bunting, E. F. B. Eng.	Public Works	Executive Engineer	6.11.47.	—
Sedgwick, Miss H. M.	Secretariat	Temporary Clerk	28.7.47.	—
" " "	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary, (Temp.)	12.12.47.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Roberts, G. H.	Medical	Dental Surgeon	6.8.47.	—
Summers, N. D.	"	Learner, Dental Mechanic	1.5.47.	—
Whitney, J.	Agricultural	Clerk, Grade V.	17.5.47.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Allan, R. J.	Office Boy & Messenger E. & T. Department	to Temporary Clerk, Grade V. E. & T. Department	15.12.47.

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Sheppard, Capt. C. F.	Chief Constable & Gaoler	10.10.47.	Resigned
" Mrs. A. R.	Gaol Matron	15.7.47.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Staff.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Appointment</i>	<i>Remarks</i>	<i>Date</i>
Gairdner, Cdr. C. R. W. R.N. (retd.)	Personal Assistant and Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor	Dismissed	8.11.47.

No. 75. 5th December, 1947.

The following Resolution was adopted at a Meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 26th of November, 1947:—

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of "the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1948, on house property in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of "the annual value of such house property."

M.P. 0039/A.

No. 76. 6th December, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 18 of of the 21st of March, 1947,

LIEUTENANT JOHN BOUND

acted as Assistant Colonial Secretary and Clerk of Councils from the 15th of February, 1947, to the 19th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/186.

No. 77. 6th December, 1947.

With reference to Gazette Notices Nos. 55 and 62 of 1947,

DAVID LEES

acted as Officer-in-Charge, Public Works Department, and Harbour Master with effect from the 24th of August, 1947, to the 5th of November, 1947, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/57.

No. 78. 22nd December, 1947.

On the following dates in 1948 the Public Offices will be closed:—

New Year's Day	...	Thursday, 1st January.
Good Friday	...	Friday, 26th March.
Easter Monday	...	Monday, 29th March.
Empire Day	...	Monday, 24th May.
King's Birthday	...	Thursday, 10th June.
August Bank Holiday	...	Monday, 2nd August.
Anniversary of Falkland Islands Battle	...	Wednesday, 8th December.
Christmas Holidays	...	Saturday, 25th December. Monday, 27th December. Tuesday, 28th December.

M.P. 291/33.

No. 79. 29th December, 1947.

Under the provisions of Section 3 of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Executive Engineer (*Chairman*)
The Assistant Treasurer
The Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs, J.P.
Mr. W. H. Sedgwick
Mr. D. Lees

to be Members of the Board of Assessors for the year 1948.

M.P. 597/29.

No. 80. 30th December, 1947.

Under Section 5 of Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

HAROLD BENNETT, ESQ., J.P.,

to be Registration Officer for the purpose of the first Town Council election with effect from the 27th of November, 1947.

M.P. 0039/C.

No. 81. 31st December, 1947.

The following list containing the names and qualifications of Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists, registered to practise in the Colony and the Dependencies is published in accordance with Section 3 of the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentists Ordinance, 1914. M.P. 21/28.

A. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE COLONY AND DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Sladen, Francis James	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), D.T.M. & H.	1932.
Arthur, George David	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1944.
Slessor, Robert Stewart	M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen). L.M. (Dublin).	1935. 1936.
Butson, Arthur Richard Cecil	M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.) M.B., B.Ch. (Camb.)	1945. 1945.
Roberts, John Michael	M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	1945.
Stafford, John Ingham	M.B., B.Ch., B.A., B.A.O. (Dub. Univ.)	1940.
Gilmore, Terence James	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Eng.)	1943.
<i>Midwives.</i>		
Strong, Rose	S.R.N. S.C.M.	1933. 1934.
Brigginshaw, Winifred May	S.R.N. S.C.M. (1)	1944. 1945.
Henricksen, Agnes	S.C.M.	1929.
<i>Dental Surgeon.</i>		
Roberts, Gerald Holgate	B.Ch.D., L.D.S. (Leeds), D.D.S. (Toronto)	1946. 1947.

B. REGISTERED TO PRACTISE IN THE DEPENDENCIES.

Name.	Qualification.	Date of Qualification
<i>Medical Practitioners</i>		
Greig, Kenneth	M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.)	1946.
Clark, Hugh McDonald	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1933.
Phemister, John Clark	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1946.
Fentonfyffe, Jack Thomson MacKay	L.R.C.P. (Edin.) L.R.C.S. (Edin.) L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.)	1931.

No. 82. 31st December, 1947.

The following despatch has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies :-

"FALKLAND ISLANDS. The Church House,
Great Smith Street,
No. 71 London, S.W. 1.

3rd December, 1947.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 45 of the 3rd of November, enclosing two sets of postage stamps as a gift from the Government and people of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies to Her Royal Highness, the Princess Elizabeth.

The package arrived in excellent condition and has been safely delivered to St. James' Palace.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient,
humble servant,

(Sgd.) A. Creech Jones."

M.P. 0484.

No. 83. 31st December, 1947.

The following list of Ministers of Religion who have been registered as Ministers for celebrating marriages, is published in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of the Marriage Ordinance, 1902 :-

The Right Reverend Daniel Ivor Evans	Lord Bishop of the Falkland Islands.
The Reverend Roger George Robert Calvert	Senior Chaplain of Christ Church Cathedral.
The Reverend John Kelly	Priest in Charge of St. Mary's Church.
Pastor Walter Forrest McWhan	Minister of the Non-Conformist Church.

M.P. 20/28.

No. 1. 1st January, 1948.

NEW YEAR HONOURS.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointment :-

*To the Most Excellent Order
of the British Empire.*

THE REVEREND WALTER FORREST MCWHAN
to be a Member of the Fifth Class (Civil) or
M.B.E.

MP. 0107.

No. 2. 1st January, 1948.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, the Town Council of Stanley has been constituted as follows :-

Elected Members.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P. (Centre Ward) *Chairman.*
W. J. McAtasney, Esq. (West Ward) *Deputy Chairman.*
S. Barnes, Esq. (West Ward)
M. G. Creece, Esq. (Centre Ward)
R. Reive, Esq. (East Ward)
R. L. Robson, Esq. (East Ward)

Appointed Members.

The Hon. Dr. F. J. Sladen, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.
Senior Medical Officer.
E. F. Bunting, Esq., B. Eng., Executive Engineer.
Miss M. B. Biggs.

M.P. 0039/C.

PROPERTY IN ENEMY COUNTRIES.

Any persons having property in an enemy country should in their own interest communicate as soon as possible with the Custodian of Enemy Property, Legal Department.

REGISTRAR.

L. 3/47. 29th December, 1947.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Sidney Miller, Esq., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of marrying J. J. May, bachelor, and M. F. Hansen, spinster, at Roy Cove, West Falkland.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Ernest Robert Bond Paice, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Victorena Enecey Paice, mother of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

22nd December, 1947.

L. 32/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Elsie Ann Alazia, of San Carlos, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas George James Alazia, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

30th December, 1947.

L. 33/47.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Jones, of Weddell Island, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas John Frederick Charles Jones, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

2nd January, 1948.

L. 34/47.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

NOTIFICATION.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In virtue of the powers in him vested by Section 2 of the Pensions Ordinance, 1937, and otherwise, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased hereby to declare to be pensionable the undermentioned office in the Public Service of the Colony :

AUDIT Auditor.

Government House,
Stanley, Falkland Islands.
4th December, 1947.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of
the Falkland Islands appointing JAMES ERIK HAMILTON,
Esq., D.Sc., J.P., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD,
Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order
of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most
Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has
been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and
Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falk-
land Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that the Governor in pursuance of instructions from His Majesty the King through one of his Principal Secretaries of State, may, from time to time, appoint persons other than *ex-officio* Members to be Members of the Executive Council of the Colony,

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, having received such instructions from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, do hereby appoint

JAMES ERIK HAMILTON, Esq., D.Sc., J.P.,
to be a Member of my Executive Council for a period of three years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 19th day of September, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-seven.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939.

Order.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 3 of 1947.

In exercise of the powers in him vested by the Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1939. His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows –

1. The following Orders made under the Defence (Finance) Regulations are hereby rescinded –

Order of the 9th of September, 1939.

Order of the 27th of August, 1940.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1947.

By Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0078/A.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 26TH NOVEMBER, 1947.

1. The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton after taking the prescribed Oath, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 23rd of December, 1946, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of the Legislative Council,

By a happy coincidence today marks the first anniversary of my arrival in The Falklands and is for me therefore an appropriate occasion for taking stock. While the year has been notable for investigations and planning rather than for achievement the ground in that former respect has, I suggest, been well covered and I will travel over it with you in a moment.

I wish first of all to say how disappointed I am that the recent epidemic should have defeated my intention to pay an initial visit to all Camp stations during my first year of office. As it is, however, I have visited all but four and all our Bases in the Antarctic except one; from that, as from South Georgia I was turned back by bad weather very late in the season but I hope to make good all these deficiencies during the next few months. Meanwhile I have met most of the Farm Managers either on my travels or here in Stanley, and recall with pleasure my informal discussions with the Sheep Owners' Association in March.

Some changes have occurred in Legislative Council since it was last assembled; we have lost the services of Colonel Woodgate on his transfer to Tanganyika, whither he carries our very good wishes, and on the non-official side the Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton has been appointed, provisionally, in the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. D. W. Roberts and I extend to him a most cordial welcome. Once again I have to record my regret at the absence of the Hon. Mr. R. C. Pole Evans — the improvement in our communications to which we can now look forward will facilitate the attendance of representatives from the Camp in the absence of which our discussions are robbed of much of their value.

Honourable Members, a review of Departmental activities will, as last year, be laid on the table and I wish at this point to pay a tribute to the Civil Service in which term, for present purposes, I include both clerical and manual workers and those in temporary employment as well as those on the permanent establishment. Shortage of staff, aggravated by illness, has created burdens which, in the case of the Secretariat have been rendered heavier by my own thirst for information — these burdens have been most cheerfully carried; on the technical side the same adverse circumstances have operated with the additional handicap of shortage of materials, but the same good spirit has been shown and I have on more than one occasion been compelled to admiration by the ingenuity and initiative displayed in overcoming these difficulties. In my general enquiry into the Colony's affairs I have not overlooked the need for more stable conditions in the Civil Service and a Committee will be set up almost immediately to consider certain proposals on which I have been working for some time past: Government servants will, of course, be represented on that Committee. The Administration should ever, in my view, be the best employer as it must also in my view be the most exacting; the two requirements are inseparable and are equally in the public interest.

I will embark now on the main theme of my address to you today which concerns Development in all its aspects, and in doing so will deal first with a question which I have much at heart and that is a more effective representation of the people in the affairs of Government.

You will recall that my first step, and one which I have found most useful, was the appointment of two non-officials to my Executive Council; the second, which appeared to find favour with an informal Committee and with others whom I discussed it with, is an equally obvious one — and that is provision of local government for our capital, Stanley, through the establishment of a Town Council. The advantages of this proposal, long overdue, are so manifest, so real that one would suppose they needed no further emphasis but since I am informed that there is some apprehension and misunderstanding in certain quarters, I will elaborate :

First It is safe to say that Stanley is the only capital in the Empire which has not its own Council and which is not, in greater or lesser degree, responsible for its own affairs.

Second It is essential to the well-being and self-respect of any community — especially an all-British one such as this — that it should exercise these powers which are its right; size does not diminish that right and Stanley is certainly large enough.

Third It is for the people and not for the Government to determine such domestic matters as rating; where, when and in what order urban roads should be improved; street lighting; water supply and bathing establishments; use and management of the Town Hall; sanitary regulations and by-laws; licencing; poor relief; maintenance of the cemetery and a score of such considerations which are not the proper business of Government.

Fourth It will provide a much-needed outlet for civic leadership and is the only sure means of acquiring political wisdom and administrative experience.

Fifth It will furnish an authoritative link between the people of Stanley and the Administration where, at present, none exists; popular institutions come and go, as is their habit — yesterday it was the Reform League, today the Labour Federation, tomorrow it may be

some other. Who can tell? Admirable as such institutions are, useful as is the purpose they serve, nothing – I repeat nothing – can replace or indeed approach that knowledge and authority which is conferred on representatives of the people, elected by the people to serve their common purpose. This is the first principle of Democracy.

Sixth

Stanley will thus be able to send to the Legislature representatives chosen by itself, in whom the majority have confidence, who will be able to speak authoritatively and acceptably because, being responsible for the day-to-day affairs and problems of the Town, they will know what they are talking about; who will be able to participate effectively in debate through experience gained in Town Council proceedings and who will, for the same reason, be able to pull their weight in Committee.

I could dwell longer on this theme but will not for I think it must be clear to you that in no other way can the interests of Stanley be so well cared for or so well represented. Are we, then, to look in vain for half-a-dozen men and women of good-will and public spirit who, seeing this as clearly as we do and believing as we do that the time for emancipation from leading-strings is here and now will be prepared to step forward and play their part?

In commending this measure to you, let me add that the Government is in no sense seeking to rid itself of responsibilities; in homely words it has no other object in view than to give his own latch-key and his own banking account to a son who came of age long since and who, unless he learns to fend for himself, will soon lose both the will and the ability to do so.

The third step, which I wish to see following on the heels of the second, is an enlarged Legislative Council with popularly elected representatives from the East and West Falklands, as from Stanley; the requisite Ordinance has been prepared in outline and will be put before you, I hope, at an emergency meeting in the Autumn.

The final step is a further revision of the new Legislative Council conferring upon it a non-official majority. But here let me sound a note of caution and introduce again a homely illustration. When a man suffering from starvation is brought to Hospital, the prudent physician will graduate his food intake for if he were at once to allow him to eat all that he wanted to the last state of that patient would be a good deal worse than the first. Let us remember, always, that to build slowly is to build surely.

Let me turn now to the more material aspects of Development, in my review of which I shall include both those schemes which have been approved by the Secretary of State as well as those which are projected; those which are to be financed from the Colony's allocation under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act as well as those which we hope to provide from our own resources. Our allocation from the Fund is, as you know, £150,000 and I must remind you that in planning for its disposal we got off to rather a late start as my predecessor's Development proposals had been rejected by the authorities and I have had, therefore, to begin again at the beginning.

In considering my own proposals for the future I have been greatly handicapped by the lack of that help and advice which I might have obtained from a Town Council and from readier access to the Sheep Owners' Association: the one, alas, did not exist and present difficulties of communication have precluded the other. In default I adopted the novel, but I think none the less useful, expedient of discussing our problems and their proposed solution over the local broadcasting system so that every man and woman in the Colony would know exactly what was afoot and be able to offer advice, criticism or comment which they were pressed most earnestly to do. No messages of this nature having reached me I could only conclude that the proposed solutions were acceptable to my listeners and a provisional Development Plan, based on them, was submitted to the Secretary of State in August. Let us now examine it.

I. AGRICULTURE: I lay no claim to any direct knowledge of the mysteries of sheep-farming and in the absence of an independent and qualified adviser, I have gone no further than to formulate certain broad principles which are in close accord with and indeed based upon the recommendations of Mr. Munro except for one important addition to which I will refer later. I can lay claim, however, to have read almost everything of consequence that has been written on the subject here and have no intention of becoming involved in past controversies; I hold it as an article of faith that Government and the Industry must work together as partners for the common good and shall devote my energies to that end.

II. COMMUNICATIONS: This is a matter of such fundamental importance that I have accorded it the highest priority and I propose to deal with the problem in three ways:—

Project A. All sheep stations which are not at present in communication with Stanley to be provided with Radio Telephone and a twice-daily 'trans-ceiving' schedule. Equipment has been ordered at an estimated cost of from £1,200 to £1,500 and we hope to have the work completed before the end of next year. As their own contribution to the problem, Station Managers have been asked to undertake responsibility for communications with their shepherds' houses and Government will assist them in this by obtaining and supplying the necessary materials at landed cost. Medical calls will have first priority on the 'trans-ceiving' schedules which will otherwise be available for urgent messages of a general nature.

Project B provides for the purchase of a 75 foot Motor Fishing Vessel for inter-island use but its first task is to facilitate hospitalisation from the Camp or the despatch of medical aid to the Camp. This vessel is equipped with Radio Telephone and adapted for the purpose required. The cost is approximately £10,000 delivered and I hope she will be here by the end of the year.

Project C is concerned with the purchase of a Miles "Gemini" ambulance 'plane, employment of Pilot and Mechanic and erection of hangar and construction of run-way at Stanley. Arrangements are in train for expert reconnaissance of Camp landing fields and subject to the co-operation of Farm Managers it is hoped to inaugurate the service (which will not necessarily be complete) next summer or thereabouts. While the

primary purpose of this project is to meet emergency medical needs it is designed also to accelerate communications with the Camp generally, including delivery of mails. I have no doubt that the ultimate solution will be, as I have consistently maintained, a Helicopter or Auto-Gyro but the Sikorski machine is not yet sufficiently proved to justify the substantially greater capital investment nor indeed is it in commercial production; it should be by the time the Gemini has served its turn. Data are not yet sufficiently complete for me to give you any firm estimate of the cost of this undertaking but as a reasonable guess, I would be disposed to put it at £9,000.

With the completion of these three projects we shall at long last be able to turn our backs on the isolation which has been so great a handicap and hardship and this should make an enormous difference in the lives of all of us.

As to Roads, which come under this same heading, it is my intention to re-lay the main road in permanent material as a long-term commitment; that is to say, over the operative life of the present Colonial Development and Welfare Act. Government will also, during this same period and beyond it, give assistance when required – either by direct subsidy or through the purchase and loan to Farm Managers of road-making plant for the construction or improvement of simple inter-station tracks for vehicles of the "Jeep" type: it would be folly to contemplate anything more ambitious.

III. EDUCATION: This, as you will remember, is one of those "first things" to which I gave particular prominence in my address last year. The Department is costing approximately 12½ per cent of current revenue and while I do not quarrel with that figure, and should not if it were even higher, I do quarrel with the poor return we are getting for our money. This applies with particular emphasis to the Camp where – and I say this with a full knowledge of the complexities of the problem – educational facilities are lamentably inadequate; and that is putting it very mildly. In March, I appointed a fully representative Committee to study and discuss a statement of the problem as I saw it and what appeared to me to be the proper solution: the findings of this Committee which sat under the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, differed in no material particular from my own and at its final meeting, attended by additional representatives from the Camp, these proposals were unanimously endorsed. I will not go into them in detail today as there are implications of the new policy which I still wish to discuss with Camp parents in whose behalf, especially, it has been devised: I will take an early opportunity of doing this.

Broadly speaking, the new educational system, which will take some years to put into full effect, rests on the following basic principles:—

- (i) Equal opportunity for all children, irrespective of where they may be living or of the parents' means
- (ii) Facilities for "further education" for the brilliant child of either sex irrespective again of the means of the parents and
- (iii) Closer correlation of the curriculum with the natural economic status of the Colony; there is little value in a course of study which fits young people for careers in which there are necessarily few openings but which fails to fit them for enjoyment of the way of life on which our whole economic structure depends. I use the term "enjoyment" advisedly for provided young people are taught how to make the most of it and are imbued with an interest in country pursuits at an early age, there is no finer life.

I do not propose to hold matters up while these further discussions are proceeding and there will be "first fruits" in the form of imported teachers for the Camp, provision for teacher-training locally and a new and up-to-date Infant School in Stanley to replace the present buildings which are as squalid and unhealthy as they are inconvenient and neither children nor teachers can be expected to work properly in such surroundings. The cost of importing Teachers for the Camp is put, tentatively, at £7,500 spread over three years and this will allow of local teachers being brought in for training; plans for the new Infant School have been prepared and submitted for approval with a provisional estimate of £10,000. Both projects will be found from the CDW allocation.

IV. MEDICAL & HEALTH: The first requirement under this heading is the enlargement and modernisation of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital. While this institution has given good service over a long period, it is now obsolete and inefficient and the work of our Doctors and Nurses is greatly hampered; moreover, it is at present quite impossible to segregate the several types of admission as they should be segregated and this, in itself, has dangerous possibilities. New plans had been drawn up prior to my arrival but these were unsatisfactory in many respects and have therefore been recast to provide accommodation for clean and septic surgical cases, for medical cases, TB and other infectious cases and for a better maternity wing while there will be special provision also for bed-ridden incurables and senile invalids who cannot be properly cared for in their own homes. The plans include a new operating theatre, dental surgery and new X ray plant and the whole scheme when completed should meet all reasonable needs for as far ahead as it is possible to foresee. The plans and project have been approved by the Secretary of State and the cost, overall, has been estimated at £37,000.

A further scheme provides for the employment, in Stanley, of a Queen's Nurse whose business it will be to attend in their homes persons who are not ill enough to be admitted to, or retained in, Hospital; she will also be employed at need for emergency visits to the Camp. This proposal has been approved, too, and a grant sufficient to support it for three years has been made from the Fund. I am expecting, any day, to hear that a Nurse is on her way. If the experiment is the success that I anticipate, the post will be incorporated in the Medical establishment and an additional Queen's Nurse will be appointed for service in the Camp.

Medical administration will be further and very greatly benefited by the improvement in communications to which we can now look forward and once these are secured, it should not be necessary to maintain resident Doctors at Darwin and Fox Bay.

The Medical & Health programme provides also for completion of the water-borne sewage system in Stanley, the greater part of the cost of which will be recoverable from householders, and for the engagement of a certificated Sanitary Inspector.

- V. PUBLIC UTILITIES: The present electric power installation, expanded piecemeal from amateur beginnings, is nearing the end of its useful life and must needs be replaced. Following negotiations started some time ago, the Admiralty have most generously placed at the Government's disposal, on loan, three Blackstone generators which arrived in the Colony last year and were intended for the Naval Wireless Station; these will furnish all the power we are likely to require and leave a margin for commercial development or other demands. An excellent site for a new Power House is available and the Consulting Engineers to the Crown Agents will be asked to prepare plans with a view to putting the work in hand next year for completion in 1949. Every effort will be made to reduce the unit cost of power, as opposed to lighting, so as to encourage the use of labour-saving appliances in the home and the new service will, of course, be metred. No estimate of the cost of this undertaking is yet possible but, initially at least, it will be substantially less than was at first contemplated.

Improvement of the Town water supply is also needed; the task is mainly confined to the provision of new filter beds and this will be undertaken next year from Government funds – the sum of £1,000 has been earmarked for the purpose.

A new Wireless Station for the Colony is in course of construction, a commitment forced upon us at short notice by a recent decision to close down the Naval station at the end of the year; this task is scheduled for completion during the first quarter of 1948. The initial capital cost is not expected to exceed £2,000 an economy made possible only through the loan of two Dorman generators from the War Department and of W. T. equipment from the Admiralty. The Administration is much indebted for their help to both Services and Honourable Members will share my regret at the impending departure of the Naval detachment which will be sadly missed in Stanley.

- VI. SOCIAL AMENITIES: The destruction of the old Town Hall by fire, in 1944, was a major disaster; it had been the very hub of the social life of the community and its replacement is a first necessity. The form which this building should take was decided upon at a public meeting in July; plans have been prepared to give effect to that decision as nearly as possible and the initial task of clearing the site and laying the foundations is already complete. Rebuilding will commence in the New Year, with the arrival of additional artisans from England, and if the supply position is satisfactory I shall hope to be present at the first dance sometime towards the end of 1949. The new building will include a Dance Hall and Stage, Public Library and Museum, Town Council Offices, Court House and Post Office. The estimated cost is £35,000 of which £19,500 is available from insurance on the old Hall and the balance will be sought as a free grant from the CD & W Fund.

What the Town Hall is to Stanley so is Broadcasting to the Camp and the Dependencies; a new Transmitter and Studio are to be provided and a Committee has been appointed to make recommendations for furnishing a more attractive programme. The present installation is too feeble for consistent reception and the Studio quite inadequate for its purpose. Subsequently, the Government intends to import, and re-sell at landed cost to listeners in the Camp, a standard type of receiving set for operation with 6 volt car-type accumulator and wind charger; the Electrical Department will carry spares for this set and will undertake repairs until such time as this service can be provided by private enterprise which, of course, it should be. The cost of the new Broadcasting service will be in the neighbourhood of £5,000.

For the Camp, also, I have obtained through the generosity of the British Council a 16mm Cinema projector with sound apparatus, and a supply of films will be arranged; this set will be put on board ships visiting Island ports and will, I hope, give pleasure.

For Stanley, in the absence of a daily newspaper, I have obtained through the good offices of Reuters a tele-news printer which records automatically a 24 hour service of headline news and this, too, should prove a boon.

For the children of Stanley the King George V. Playing Field is at long last to be enclosed and furnished with appropriate playing ground equipment, swings, see-saws, giant-strides and the like and with the completion of the Town Hall it is proposed to convert the Gymnasium for use as a Swimming Bath during the summer months. Lest this proposal should appear strange to some (it has, incidentally, been repeated recently in the Weekly News), it is well to remember that many of our people are compelled from time to time to use small boats in treacherous waters and since sea temperatures around these coasts are not exactly conducive to bathing as a pastime, it is safe to say that the percentage of the population which can swim is very small indeed. That important consideration apart, it will provide for our young folk a further opportunity for healthy recreation. The cost has been estimated, tentatively, at £1,000 and there will presumably be a small charge for use of the bath.

Thusfar, admittedly, the programme has a strong bias towards welfare and it recalls to me a remark made at my meeting with the Sheep Owners' Association to the effect that my proposals seemed to be more concerned with Welfare than Development; for that I offer no apology nor is it always easy to distinguish one from the other. There need be no anxiety, however, lest the purely developmental aspect has been overlooked; nothing could be further from the truth.

I was early convinced – and recent experience has underlined that conviction – that sheep-ranching must always remain as our basic industry and that while it is incumbent upon us to welcome, and where we can assist, other developments we must not forsake the substance for the shadow. It is of the first importance that we should do everything that is humanly possible to improve our agricultural economy. From that consideration my mind turned naturally to the possibilities of a Freezer and although this project had been considered and rejected in the past I felt unable to accept this as the last word. From what had been written on the subject it was clear that such a venture must run at a loss initially since the Colony cannot, as yet, produce a sufficient number of exportable carcasses to support the venture. But it did appear to me that the establishment of a Freezer, if it were practicable, might of itself provide the stimulus to that re-orientation of farming policy for which the critics have been clamouring, and give new life to the industry. The announcement, some time ago of the setting up by His Majesty's Government of the Colonial Development Corporation gave me new hope and I awaited only an unanimous verdict from the Sheep Owners' Association – their indecision had been my first hurdle – and on receipt of this I addressed the Secretary of State, officially, commending the project for his approval in principle and for subsequent assistance from the Corporation. Preliminary discussions have taken place in London between representative farmers and the Secretary of State's adviser in these matters and all I can say at this stage is that we are assured of sympathetic consideration. It is for us to show that the scheme is workable and to this end I have asked Farm Managers for an estimate of production and for their considered views as to where, if it is sanctioned, the Freezer should be erected having regard to the two important considerations of accessibility and overhead charges. There, for the moment, we must leave it but I hope the Managers will let me have their replies with as little delay as possible.

Another new departure which I have in mind is the establishment of an Agricultural Bank, run on a co-operative basis with the Government as one of the co-operators, for the purpose of furnishing loans at a low rate of interest for capital development.

The failure of the British American Kelp Company's venture has been a sad disappointment since it would have provided an alternative channel of employment and a further and much-needed source of revenue. In acquainting me of his Company's decision, which is linked directly to the present economic crisis, Mr. Merton held out strong hopes that when times are better the undertaking may be resumed. He assures me that the total quantity of weed available is quite adequate and remarks that if the Alginate industry is to be established on a world basis the potential raw material supplies of the Falklands cannot be disregarded. We must be ready, therefore to assist this enterprise should BAKC return to the Colony.

There are welcome signs, too, of a renewal of interest – I will not put it more strongly than that – in whaling and sealing in the Falklands and should this materialise our revenues will benefit substantially from the increased duties on oil and by-products which I have recently introduced and which will be presented to you in a Bill this morning. In the present state of the market this development is not surprising and here again we must be ready to encourage any responsible undertaking.

The Government is also anxious to foster purely local enterprise and proposes to set aside a sum of £5,000 for the assistance of minor industries which will pass muster as to soundness and lack only the capital required to launch them. A committee will be appointed to examine such schemes with a view to assisting them wherever possible.

The development of weaving as a cottage industry in the Camp – in Stanley too, for that matter – has more than once commended itself but has got no further. It is proposed, therefore, to bring out a professional weaver from Harris or other suitable locality next year and send him round the Camp to demonstrate his craft. If he is satisfied as to the possibilities and if sufficient interest is awakened, suitable looms will be imported for sale on easy terms and, later, a small spinning mill will be installed from which yarn will be supplied at cost to the weavers. I am assured that there will be no difficulty in finding a market and there is no reason why we should not in time, build up a profitable little co-operative venture. Weaving will be one of the handicraft subjects for girls in the new school syllabus.

Finally, fishing. Here we are living on an island, complaining of the monotony of and deficiencies in our diet and yet it is with the utmost difficulty that one can get just one fish meal a month. Is it not ridiculous? A Fishery scheme has been prepared and submitted to the Secretary of State for assistance from the Development and Welfare Fund; it will provide for the employment of a Master Fisherman from the United Kingdom and two locally recruited assistants – a man and an apprentice – for three years and for the acquisition of a suitable boat and the necessary gear. Through this means it is hoped to establish a fish-eating habit and an assured supply of both fresh and smoked fish and to investigate the possibilities of developing a fishery on a commercial scale. The purchase of the Motor Fishing Vessel, which will be less in demand once the air service is running properly, was entered into with one eye on this possibility. On this same subject I am glad to tell you that our trout-breeding experiment shows encouraging signs and I recently had the pleasure of taking – and of course putting back – two American Brook Trout of $1\frac{1}{2}$ and $1\frac{1}{4}$ lbs from the Moody Brook. We have made a beginning by transferring from this year's hatch 1500 fry to the Murrel, 1100 to the Cave Arroyo, 1000 to the Pony Pass stream and 1000 into the Moody Brook and we shall go further and further afield each year. In course of time there seems to be no reason why all our better rivers and streams should not be stocked with American Brook Trout and Brown Trout thus endowing us with a welcome addition to the table and a fine pastime for the local angler.

This, Honourable Members, brings me to the end of my review of the Government's Development Plan which, I think you will agree, covers a wide field; it has, too, the sovereign virtue of leaving little in the way of additional recurrent liabilities behind it. You will note that most of the projects are represented by direct capital commitments while of the remainder the majority will either bring in compensating revenue, directly or indirectly, or secure some other long-term economic advantage. Education is, and I warned you of this last year, an exception but it lies at the root of all progress and is a true investment which will in due season return handsome, if less immediately tangible, dividends.

Two other subjects and I will have done. The first is Labour. It must be apparent to you that if we are to get the sheep-farming industry established on a fully productive basis we must import labour for until shortages are made good – and they can only be made good now by overseas recruitment – improved conditions for labour in the Camp are not possible nor, indeed, can we cope with the present arrears of maintenance; nor, while the ratio of sheep to shepherd is so high can we stem the distressingly high mortality. It is a vicious circle. The Government will do everything in its power to assist and it is to the rural areas of Scotland that we should, in my opinion, look for recruitment; that country, as we all know, breeds a hardy and resourceful people who are more likely than most to fit into local conditions. I have considered the importation of foreign labour to the Camp as essentially a last resort but one which must be contemplated if we cannot obtain suitable recruits elsewhere; from the recent success of the Falkland Islands Company and others it would seem that the difficulties have been exaggerated.

I should like here to pay tribute to the manner in which the Labour Federation and the Sheep Owners' Association have handled their negotiations and to the sensible and constructive attitude displayed by the Federation in such of its dealings with Government as have been brought to my notice; a healthy and responsible labour organisation, here as elsewhere, has everything to recommend it and will always enjoy the sympathetic interest of this Government.

Finally, let me dwell for a moment on the financial outlook. You will doubtless recall that at the last meeting of Council we were confronted with a shortfall of £27,000 in respect of 1946 and of no less than £35,000 for the present financial year; in the result the gross deficit for 1946 was £23,500 and on the revised estimate for this year £25,600 which is better than we had feared.

This is not a situation which could be permitted to continue and in the Budget which will be presented to you by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary in a few minutes certain increases in direct and in indirect taxation will be proposed with the object of narrowing the gap between revenue and ordinary expenditure. These increases are such as the Colony can afford to bear and in applying them the interests of the lower income groups have been scrupulously safeguarded. The community will still stand as one of the most lightly burdened in the Empire and will still enjoy a higher standard of living than most.

The Government can at least claim for this Budget that it is a strictly honest one – I have never been a party to disguising the unpalatable – and the picture would appear a good deal brighter but for the fact that I have rejected a former practice of debiting Dependencies votes with charges which, however convenient it may be to saddle them with, are not rightly theirs; I will mention only one item, a little matter of £5,000 for carriage of mails. Having returned to the paths of budgetary virtue, I have sought the approval of the Secretary of State for a re-adjustment of the Dependencies contribution to the Central Government – which it can well afford – expressed in terms of a fixed percentage (I have suggested ten) of the ordinary expenditure of the Colony. This would be a much more logical arrangement for the sum of £4,000 agreed upon in 1936 bears no relation to the present cost of administration.

The estimated deficit between revenue and expenditure for 1948 is of the order of £13,000 which will be reduced to £7,500 if, as I most sincerely hope, the adjustment in the contribution from the Dependencies is approved.

Although I am not happy over the financial position as reflected in the Estimates I do not take too black a view of it and believe, on the contrary, that we are justified in looking to the future with sober confidence.

APPENDIX.

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW, 1947.

(Laid on the Table)

The following is a review which I have caused to be prepared of work of the Departments during the year 1947; it will be laid on the table by the Colonial Secretary. I hope that it will serve a useful purpose in outlining the achievements of the Administration during the year under review so that these may be related to the statement of policy which was the subject of my Address at the last Budget meeting in December, 1946.

AGRICULTURE. The Secretary of State has been unable as yet, to find a successor to Dr. Gibbs; although there is reason to hope that he will do so shortly. I had intimated that I would prefer to wait until a candidate who exactly fills our requirements is available.

Early in January Mr. H. R. Evans, who had been in charge of the Department since Dr. Gibbs's departure in 1946, left the islands to take up work in the Gold Coast. Mr. Evans was succeeded by Mr. J. B. Browning as Officer-in-Charge.

Fodder and pasture improvement: Sixty acres of hay and oats were harvested yielding 35 tons of fodder, of which seven and a half tons were sold to local farmers. Twenty-five acres have been grassed down.

The Rookery Point tussac plantation was closed for grazing purposes in 1946, and the tussac had not recovered sufficiently to allow cutting this year. If kept closed for a few years it will become a valuable source of winter fodder. The ground immediately outside the fence is not considered to be worth planting, but the point to the south of it has good prospects, and consideration will be given to further extension of the tussac plantation here.

Vegetable Production: 29,707 pounds of mixed vegetables were grown in the course of the year and six acres have been replanted. The reduction in the output of vegetables was due to the severe weather experienced last summer.

Dairying: Local dairymen are encouraged to increase milk production and the Government herd in the first eight months of the year produced 7,596 gallons of milk.

Common Fences: Half the West Common boundary fence adjoining Moody Valley Farm has been renewed, and most of the fences have been repaired.

Tree Experiments: Two hundred and fifty young trees were planted in February, and although a few have died, the remainder appear to be comparatively healthy, if somewhat "starved"; *cupressus macrocarpa* grows more rapidly than any of the other species. Two hundred and ten young plants were planted in September, and nine hundred more will be ready for planting next February, should it be considered justifiable to continue with the experiment.

AUDIT: Mr. R. S. Bounphrey assumed duty as Auditor on the 9th of July, 1947. Since that date a clerk has been appointed, the Audit of Treasury accounts for 1945 has been completed, and a report submitted; it is most helpful. Assistance has also been rendered by the Auditor on certain aspects of the Treasury accounting system, and useful advice has been given on financial matters generally.

CUSTOMS. The total value of Imports to November, 1947, amounted to £192,383. Import Duties were as follows :-

	£
Malt liquour	320
Wines	218
Spirits	4,952
Tobacco	6,253
Matches	1,251
	12,994

The totals for the same period in 1946 were £184,000 and £10,719 respectively.

The total value of Exports amounted to £237,839. Export duty on Wool amounted to £9,304.

For the same period in 1946 the figures were £248,700 and £9,881 respectively.

Staff: Captain L. W. Aldridge, M.B.E., Assistant Colonial Secretary, acted as Collector of Customs until his departure, on leave, on the 15th of February, 1947. Mr. B. N. Biggs was appointed Acting Collector of Customs on the 13th of June, 1947. The duties of Competent Authority, Shipping Master and Chairman of the Disposals Board, are carried out by the Acting Collector of Customs.

Rationing: Sugar, tea and clothing continued to be rationed throughout the year. During May it was found necessary to control sales of flour and butter, but restrictions were lifted upon the arrival of fresh supplies.

Gift parcels: The 5lb. quarterly Gift Parcel Scheme which had been in operation since the 24th of September, 1945, was discontinued on the 20th of June, 1947. Government had reached the conclusion that a continuance of this concession amounted to an evasion of the United Kingdom Exchange Regulations inasmuch as most of the items contained in the Gift Parcels were purchased through the expenditure of foreign exchange. If on the other hand they came from a source within the sterling area they were required for the Colony's consumption and were imported under licence for that purpose. An exception was made however in respect of garments which had been hand-knitted from imported or locally produced wool, and certain surplus ex-Army foodstuffs were also exempted. All articles of local produce may be freely exported.

Import Licencing: Import Licencing continues for all items and although there has been a general "tightening up" in the granting of licences for goods from hard currency areas a result of the economic crisis in the United Kingdom, practically all the Colony's food, drapery, footwear and petrol requirements must still be purchased from South America. Steps are now being taken to increase the imports of essential goods from the sterling area.

Shipping: Up to August, 31st, 12 vessels had entered the port with a total nett tonnage of 16,826.

EDUCATION. Mr. H. L. Baker, M.A., Superintendent of Education, has been in charge throughout the year.

In the Government School, in spite of many absences of both children and teachers through illness, 1947 has on the whole been a more settled year than the last few years. The staffing position is better than it has been for some time, although it is still not satisfactory; in particular it has still not been possible to obtain a qualified assistant master from overseas, or to give the junior teachers all the training and supervision needed. Additional teachers are being sought in England and it is hoped that their arrival will not be long delayed.

In the Camp, the year has been a disappointing one. Work has been greatly handicapped by the dearth of suitable teachers and although some centres have been quite well provided for, in others the position has been far from satisfactory. For a considerable part of the year, reception of the wireless lessons has been poorer than at any time since the scheme was introduced; recent alterations at the transmitting station have however made considerable improvement. Nissen huts have been sent out to serve as temporary schoolrooms in three settlements (Fox Bay, Port San Carlos, and Chartres).

The Government has accepted in principle the responsibility for supervision of educational activities in centres at present served by the Falkland Islands Company.

The two scholarship pupils who completed their three years in Montevideo at the end of last year gained respectively a First Grade and a Second Grade pass in the School Certificate Examination - a creditable achievement. Only one new pupil was sent to Montevideo under the scholarship scheme this year, one of the two scholarships offered having been declined; this pupil had subsequently to return to her home on account of illness.

The winter evening classes in Stanley have not been so well supported this year as last, due possibly to the greater number of alternative attractions available to young people.

The educational year has been disappointing generally but with the arrival of additional staff from overseas, and with the implementation of a revised educational policy, better progress is to be expected.

ELECTRICAL AND TELEGRAPHS. Mr. A. Mercer was in charge throughout the year.

The existing plant is obsolescent and has largely outgrown its usefulness; it cannot with its present off-take provide power at an economic rate and it has therefore been decided to erect a new station within the next two years.

The Department is responsible for the maintenance of the W/T. Station at Fox Bay and of the Telegraph Office in Stanley where telegrams are accepted for internal and external services, together with the accounts for both local and foreign telegrams. 600-700 telegrams are handed in to the Telegraph Office by the Public each month. Regular services exist with the United Kingdom, Norway, Uruguay, Argentina and Chile, as well as with local stations within the Islands and the Dependencies. Traffic is at present worked at the Naval W/T Station with the assistance of six civilian operators, one of whom is at present serving with F.I.D.S.

A Magneto Telephone exchange system operates 156 lines and has an immediate capacity up to 180 lines with a final capacity of 240 lines.

Broadcasting Services consist of a re-diffusion system supplying 228 loud-speakers. A low-powered Radio Broadcasting Transmitter operates on 3440 k/cs., Monday to Friday afternoons, 2 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. for the Education Department, and a musical programme is provided each Sunday for 1½ hours. A Committee has been appointed to consider and advise upon improvement of this service.

FALKLAND ISLANDS DEFENCE FORCE. The Hon. A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., was appointed Honorary Commandant on the 14th of August, 1947, on the departure of the Hon. Lt. Col. J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., who left the Colony in transfer to Tanganyika after nearly 9 years in command of the Force. Small arms and Ceremonial training were carried out indoors during the winter months and the outdoor musketry classification course nears completion.

Coast artillery weapons and Searchlight equipment have been kept in a state of preservation.

Rifle shooting successes have been gained during the year. Both the Junior Mackinnon and the Junior Kolapore Trophies were won at Bisley, and second place was gained in the Overseas .303 Postal Match. A very creditable score was also registered in the .22 Overseas Postal Match, the result of which is not yet known.

HARBOUR. Lights and beacons in the Colony have been maintained and reconditioned and extensive repairs have been made to the framework of the Mangeary Light.

Transport has been provided for workers going to and from Charles Point; for Naval Personnel when the Royal Naval barge was out of order; and also for the Falkland Islands Defence Force, and Agricultural and Medical Departments.

Rock for the sea-wall and stone from Charles Point have been transported to Stanley for the Public Works Department.

Harbour personnel have also been responsible for repairs and maintenance of boats and flagstuffs and some work has been carried out for the Meteorological Station.

MAGISTRATE AND REGISTRAR GENERAL. Mr. H. Bennett acted as Magistrate and Registrar until the return from leave in March, of the Hon. Dr. J. E. Hamilton, D.Sc.

In the Court of Summary Jurisdiction 35 cases were brought before the Court, 3 being juveniles. 4 civil cases were dealt with.

In the Supreme Court one Divorce suit was heard and a decree nisi was granted, one divorce suit pending and Probate of Wills and Letters of Administration were granted.

Registrar-General: Births, Deaths, Marriages, Companies, Trade Marks, Conveyances and Wills, etc., were registered. Crown Grants and Leases were prepared, marriages solemnised, and Crown Grant Indexes which were destroyed in the Town Hall fire were replaced; this work nears completion.

Notes of Protest and Legal Documents were dealt with by the Notary Public, and the Official Administrator dealt with one Estate.

MEDICAL. Dr. F. J. Sladen, Senior Medical Officer, has remained in charge of the Department. Statistics for 1947, (up to 31st August) are as under :-

Total number of in-patients treated	...	...	134
Total number of out-patients treated	...	...	761
Total number of operations (Major 14, Minor 37)	...	...	51
X-Ray examinations	...	...	80
Patients sent to Montevideo	...	...	5
Patients sent in from Camp	...	...	17
Cost of transport of Camp patients	...	...	£394 : 7 : 7
Cost of treatment Overseas	...	...	£315 : 0 : 0

The Senior Medical Officer paid a request visit to New House in Douglas Camp in January, and was diverted on the way back to the Malo for a case of Broncho-Pneumonia, to which a Nurse was also sent out from Stanley.

The Senior Medical Officer made a round trip to Hill Cove, Fox Bay, Speedwell Island, North Arm, and Darwin in January, and carried out a complete tour of the North Camp in April-May.

The cost of transport of Camp patients has been high due mainly to one very expensive diversion; several other urgent cases have occurred but in these cases a Falkland Islands Company vessel has been available, and diversionary charges have been avoided.

A scheme has been approved by the Secretary of State for the extension and improvement of the King Edward VII. Memorial Hospital, and a motor fishing vessel has been purchased for the purpose, primarily, of bringing sick patients in from the Camp.

A widespread epidemic of measles accompanied by Rubella (German measles) occurred in September, despite all efforts to check it, and Stanley and all suburban districts have been quarantined, together with one or two Camp settlements.

NATURALIST DEPARTMENT: At present this Department is engaged in the hatching of trout ova of which 2 consignments have been received; the experiment has shown good signs of success.

Other work handled during the year has been in connection with Whaling and Sealing in the Falklands and a 3 year fishery-plan has been prepared under the Colonial Development and Research Scheme.

POLICE: Captain C. F. Sheppard, Chief Constable returned to the Colony in July from leave, but resigned immediately for domestic reasons. His duties were carried out in his absence by Sergeant J. Norris.

26 cases were taken to the Court of Summary Jurisdiction. There were 25 convictions, and Juvenile was dismissed.

Of three search parties organised to search for lost persons two were successful.

60 Motor cars and lorries, and 42 motor cycles were registered during the year, and 193 driving permits issued. 93 dogs were licensed.

The Chief Constable whose duties include those of Sanitary Inspector has rendered monthly reports to the Board of Health.

POST OFFICE. Since January, 1947, mails comprising 1,663 parcels, 11,588 letters, 2,516 papers and 1,628 registered packets have been despatched from the Colony, and mails comprising 974 parcels, 70,000 letters and 35,000 papers have been received.

304 Stamp Letter Orders were executed.

The Postal and Money Orders paid throughout this period (January to August, 31st) numbered 1,129 to a value of £1,145 : 5 : 0.

374 Money Orders amounting to £2,484 : 2 : 8 and 1,171 Postal Orders amounting to £2,963 : 6 : 8 were issued.

5,431 Air Letter forms, 901 Ordinary Air Letters and 919 Registered Air Letters have been despatched.

On the 31st of March, 1947, the Colony and Dependency Peace Stamps were withdrawn and replaced by the current 1d. and 3d. issue.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. Lt. Col. J. A. Woodgate, O.B.E., A.R.I.B.A., Executive Engineer, who combined with this office the functions of Harbour Master and Officer Commanding the Falkland Islands Defence Force, left the Colony in August, on transfer to Tanganyika. Mr. D. Lees acted as Officer-in-Charge, Public Works Department and Harbour Department until the arrival of the new Engineer, Mr. E. F. Bunting, B. Eng. (Hons.).

Roads generally have been repaired by patching, while several new roads have been made.

A concrete bungalow (originally intended for the British American Kelp Company staff) has been erected to skeleton roof stage; a second concrete block bungalow has reached the ground floor level. Both buildings are urgently needed for staff accommodation. Work completed at the Meteorological Station includes the erecting of a concrete block building as a balloon filling station, two radar sheds, and a concrete foundation for masts at the site of the Ionospheric Station. The site of the new Town Hall has been cleaned up and the foundation walls and concrete floor partly completed.

A water storage tank has been installed at Sapper Hill but is not yet operating. Work on this commenced last year.

Alterations to Government House and the Secretariat have been undertaken. The sea-wall in the Dockyard has been partly built, and central heating has been installed in the Printing Office.

Improvements to the Government Station at Fox Bay have been executed mainly by contract.

TREASURY. Mr. E. F. Lellman has been in charge of the Treasury throughout 1947.

The year opened with a balance of £19,599 : 12 : 1 (in the Vault £12,953; in the hands of the Treasurer £6,646 : 12 : 1). South Georgia held a balance of £157 : 2 : 9 while the Crown Agents balance stood at £553 : 1 : 9 in hand and £33,000 in the Joint Colonial Fund. The Colony held a surplus of Assets over Liabilities on the 31st of December, 1946, amounting to £249,354 : 18 : 3.

The Assistant Treasurer continued to carry out the duties of Commissioner of Income Tax during the period. There were no changes in the staff.

Provident Fund: 13 new accounts were opened and 19 closed. The average monthly contributions amounted to approximately £150.

<i>Savings Bank:</i>	Average monthly deposits to 31/8/47.	...	£8,941.
	" " withdrawals to 31/8/47.	...	£7,882.
	" " accounts opened	...	8.
	" " accounts closed	...	7.

Currency Note Security Fund: The amount in circulation was increased by £2,000 making a total circulation of £51,000. A corresponding £2,000 is to be withdrawn during the year, thereby reducing the issue to its original figure of £49,000.

Audit: Correspondence and the mailing of accounts has ceased with the appointment of an Auditor from the United Kingdom.

SOUTH GEORGIA. New quarters for the Constable will be completed by the end of the year, and an order has been placed in Norway for a second bungalow to accommodate the Assistant Customs Officer. Arrangements have been made to obtain fire-fighting equipment, and the boat shed has been reconditioned for use as a fire station.

Export duties from whale-oil, seal-oil and other products amounted to £13,019, import duties to £2,327. The total value of imports is £411,957 while the total value of exports (including £35,000 re-exports) is £2,100,019.

Three companies have been operating - Salvensen and Company, Tonsberg Company, and the Compania Argentina de Pesca. The latter has erected a new factory for the production of whale meat extract and about two tons of this have been exported. The experiment with meat meal has been continued and some 2,000 bags processed.

The W/T Station has handled 5,460 telegrams. 77,852 letters have been despatched, and 26,572 letters have been received. 42 vessels have entered with a total net tonnage of 72,374.

(Sgd.) MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

By Order,

(Sgd.) A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers :-
 - (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and Bye-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the last meeting of the Legislative Council.
 - (ii) Copies of despatches received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimating the non-disallowance by His Majesty of Ordinances, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of 1946.
 - (iii) Annual Abstract Account Statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads for the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the period 1st January to 31st December, 1946.
 - (iv) Annual Account of the "Discovery" Investigations for the year 1946.
 - (v) Estimate of the "Discovery" Investigations expenditure for the year 1947.
 - (vi) Financial Secretary's Report for the year ended the 31st December, 1946.
 - (vii) Report of the Director of Colonial Audit on the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1944.
 - (viii) Auditor's Annual Report on the accounts of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1945.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1946, for the period 1st October to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO POUNDS NINE SHILLINGS AND ONE PENNY (£204,322 : 9 : 1) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying Schedule".

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947, for the period 1st January to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of THREE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT POUNDS (£3,538 : 11 : 0) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded and the Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Dr. J. seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"BE IT RESOLVED that under the provisions of the Stanley Rating Ordinance, 1928, this Council hereby sanctions the following rate to be charged for the year 1948 on house property in the Town of Stanley, namely, Two shillings for every Twenty shillings of the annual value of such house property".

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clauses 4 and 5 was postponed until after consideration of the First and Second Schedules. Clauses 6 to 11 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 12 was postponed until after consideration of the Third Schedule. Clauses 13 to 23 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clauses 24 and 25 was postponed until after consideration of the Fourth and Fifth Schedules. Clause 26 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 27 was postponed until after consideration of the Sixth Schedule. Clauses 28 to 57 were agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 58 was postponed until after consideration of the Seventh Schedule. The First Schedule was agreed to. Clause 4 was recommitted and agreed to. The Second Schedule was agreed to. Clause 5 was recommitted and agreed to. The Third Schedule was agreed to. Clause 12 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fourth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 24 was recommitted and agreed to. The Fifth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 25 was recommitted and agreed to. The Sixth Schedule was agreed to. Clause 27 was recommitted and agreed to. The Seventh Schedule was agreed to. Clause 58 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

The Honourable Dr. J. E. Hamilton seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

On motion made, consideration of Clause 1 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clauses 2 to 4 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 1 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, seconded by the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1948".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved, and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the *second* reading of the Bill. The Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs and the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton spoke.

The Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made, consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to, the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton recording dissent. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed.

The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

Jury List for the year 1948.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1948 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

Any objection thereto will be heard and determined in the Magistrate's Court on the 19th of January, 1948.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Magistrate.

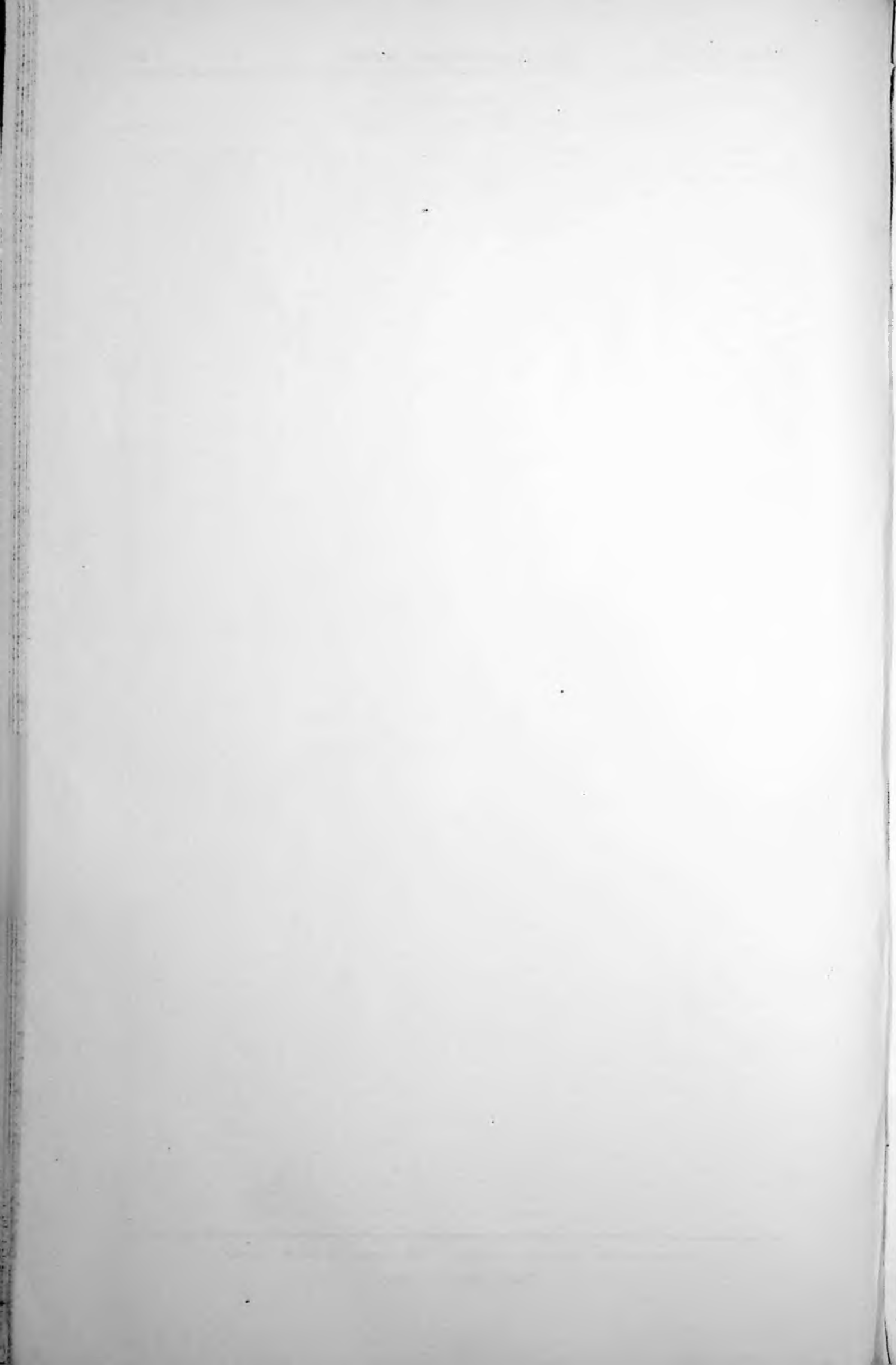
1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamosa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parring, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henricksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdo A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Luxton, Markham J.	214. Delaney, C.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McL.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamosa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamosa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stanford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark.
30. Perry, Thomas G.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McRae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Buse, Franz J.	230. McPherson, John
33. McRae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Petterson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bender, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Brown, George J.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Perry, James J. (Sr.)	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. Reive, Basil	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Wilf. A.	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Summers, Keith M.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, E. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Cartmell, W. J. H.
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkins, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Rice, R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Smith, F. G. Peter
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenberg, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John F.	363. Cantlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Lewis, F. R. M.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Clarke, R. J.	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McRae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.,	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henriksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shackel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettloff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R. (Sr)
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Goodwin, W. A. Nutt
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Luxton, Henry T.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr.)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Countts, W. J.
321. Skilling, Basil R.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henriksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McRae, Farquhar J.D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Barnes, Leslie	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jnr.	563. Henriksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Alazia, G. R. (Jr.)	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conrad	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. May, W. A.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Luxton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos.

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	616. Skilling, C. R.	659. Lehen, Dennis	702. Bonner, Albert
574. McGill, Donald	617. Barnes, Fred W.	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	703. McKenzie, J. T.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	618. Blackley, William	661. Johnson, Howard W.	704. Clausen, F. S.
576. Goodwin, David	619. Bonner, Andrez P.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	705. Johnston, J. A.
577. Coutts, James	620. Clifton, James	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	706. Felton, D. E.
578. Blyth, John	621. Grant, Lewis	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	707. Ross, R. W.
579. McRae, Roderick D.	622. Dart, R. M.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	708. Clifton, T. S.
580. Halliday, James A.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	666. McRae, R. G. V.	709. Forbes, J.
581. McCullum, John D.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	710. Bounphrey, R. S.
582. Jones, A. Charles	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	668. Patience, A. G.	711. Gray, P. C.
583. Paice, N. T.	626. McRae, Murdo	669. McKay, William R.	712. Craig, R. P.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	627. Ryan, John S.	670. Hansen, George D.	713. Jones, Frederick
585. Blackley, C. D.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	671. Binnie, Terence W.	714. Southerland, J.
586. Duncan, David H.	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.	715. Bunting, E. F.
587. Ford, Charles David	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	673. Morrison, Norman	716. Middleton, M. R.
588. Kirk, W. E.	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	674. Short, F. George	717. Roach, G. J.
589. Barnes, Ronald	632. Coutts, Alex	675. Porter, Howard	718. Marshall, T.
590. Reive, William J.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.	719. Potter, J. S.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	677. Murphy, Michael J.	720. Bradbury, C. H.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	635. Mercer, Alex.	678. Coutts, Peter T.	721. Wilkinson, R. E.
593. Berntsen, Robert A.	636. Bowles, George E.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.	722. Tait, M. F.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	680. May, James John	723. Campbell, A.
595. Napier, Herbert M.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.	724. Smith, T. C. S.
596. Harries, John J.	639. Smith, Jas. A.	682. Allan, Frederick	725. Davis, P. E.
597. Reive, Bert	640. Faria, Joseph F.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.	726. Roberts, G. H.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	641. Bender, Sidney C.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.	727. Ursell, W. J.
599. Watts, Walter	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	685. Newman, Silas A. F.	728. Blake, J. L.
600. Aiken, John	643. Reive, Robert	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.	729. Swaine, J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	644. McLeod, George A.	687. McLeod, R. J.	730. Malcolm, G.
602. McKay, Thomas	645. Smith, J. Stanley	688. Barnes, Richard	731. Murdoch, W.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	646. Lellman, F. T.	689. Young, W. H.	732. Lloyd, M.
604. McMullen, William	647. Clement, J.	690. Jones, Ivor	733. Malcolm, W.
605. Johnson, Henry	648. Cartmell, Robert	691. Biggs, Patrick E.	734. Evans, E. D.
606. Miller, J.	649. Jones, John F. C.	692. White, Fred	735. Lee, L. R.
607. Bonner, R. Leslie	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	693. Dixon, E. S.	
608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)	
609. Watson, Duncan R.	652. Betts, Arthur J.	695. Cusack, E. R.	
610. Betts, Cyril S.	653. Yates, Robert	696. Clarke, D. J.	
611. Etheridge, Alex S.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	697. Ford, A. H.	
612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	655. Evans, Griffith O.	698. Heathman, A. S.	
613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	656. King, Fred H.	699. McKay, G.	
614. Alazia, William C.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	700. Rutter, S. M.	
615. Paulini, George L.	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	701. Tough, B.	





The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

FEBRUARY 2, 1948.

No. 2.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Allan, J.	Post Office	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—
Jones, O.	"	Post Boy & Messenger	1.1.48.	—
Winter, R. W. S.	Secretariat	Legal Secretary	22.12.47.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Earle, D.	Secretariat	Office Boy & Messenger	1.7.47.	—
Pettersson, Miss V.	Secretariat & Treasury	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—
Biggs, Miss J.	"	Clerk, Grade V.	1.1.48.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Luxton, H.	Clerk, Grade V.	to Clerk, Grade IV.	1.1.48.

TRANSFER.

Carey, A.	Mail Officer, Grade IV.	to Clerk, Grade IV.	1.1.48.
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LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Rice, R.	Education	Assistant Master	11 months 28 days plus period of voyage.	11.1.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 3. 3rd January, 1948.

Under Section 7 of the King Edward Memorial Hospital Ordinance, 1916, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following to be the Visiting Committee for the Hospital for the year 1948 :-

Mrs. A. Mercer (*Chairman*).
Mrs. L. W. Aldridge
L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

M.P. 596/29.

3rd January, 1948.

The following personal message has been received by His Excellency the Governor from Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth and Duchess of Edinburgh :-

"Will you please tell the Government and People of the Falkland Islands who have so kindly sent me two most interesting sets of Falkland Islands' stamps what great pleasure it has given me to receive them. It makes me very happy to think of the affection and goodwill on their part which this present represents."

No. 4. 8th January, 1948.

Under the provisions of the Public Health Ordinance, No. 5 of 1894, as amended by the Public Health (Amendment) Ordinance, No. 7 of 1937, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer, <i>President</i>	} <i>Ex-officio members</i>
The Medical Officers	
The Executive Engineer	
Mrs. M. Robson	
J. Clement, Esq.	
A. H. Hills, Esq.	
Captain H. C. Harding, J.P.,	

to be members of the Board of Health for the Colony of the Falkland Islands for the year 1948.

M.P. 0572.

No. 5. 14th January, 1948.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve the award of the Medal of the Imperial Service Order to

MR. EDWARD HEADFORD.

late Orderly and Caretaker, Government House.

M.P. 0107/C.

No. 6. 15th January, 1948.

His Majesty the King has approved that the order and form of Loyal Toasts to be used in future shall be as follows:—

1. The King.
2. The Queen, Queen Mary, the Princess Elizabeth, the Duke of Edinburgh and the other Members of the Royal Family.

M.P. 46/37.

No. 7. 20th January, 1948.

The following is an Order in Council by His Majesty the King under Section 18 of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947.

M.P. 0561.

**EMERGENCY LAWS (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS)
(COLONIES ETC.) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1947.**

Whereas His Majesty the King in Council has been pleased to extend to certain Colonies including the Colony of the Falkland Islands the application of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947, as is provided in the said Act.

Now, therefore His Majesty in pursuance of Section 18 of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Him in that behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Colonies etc.) Order in Council, 1947.

2. The Governor of any Territory mentioned in the Schedule to this Order may by Order provide:—

(a) for the continuation in force until the 10th day of December, 1950, of any Defence Regulations being Defence Regulations in force in the Territories immediately before the date of passing of the Act of 1947 by virtue of Section 18 of the Act of 1946 and the Order of 1946 made thereunder.

(b) that any Defence Regulations so continued in force shall have effect subject to such exceptions, limitations and modifications as Governors think necessary or expedient.

3. The provisions of Section 2 subsection (2) of Section 3, Section 4 and Section 5 of the Order of 1946 shall have effect in relation to this Order, and to the Defence Regulations continued in force under this Order as they have effect in relation to the Order of 1946 and to the Defence Regulations continued in force under that Order.

SCHEDULE.

(including) Falkland Islands.

No. 8. 26th January, 1948.

The threepenny piece of mixed metal is current and legal tender in the Colony for the payment of an amount not exceeding two shillings.

M.P. 220/46.

No. 9. 26th January, 1948.

By a Proclamation made by His Majesty the King on the 14th of October, 1947, coins of cupro-nickel issued by the Mint under the Coinage Act 1946 of the denominations (viz. crown, half-crown, florin, shilling and sixpence), weight and composition specified in the Schedule to that Act, shall be legal tender for an amount not exceeding forty shillings and for no greater amount.

2. A copy of the Proclamation can be seen at the Colonial Secretary's Office, Stanley.

M.P. 220/46.

No. 10. 26th January, 1948.

CAPTAIN J. TOMLINSON,

late Dental Surgeon, was on leave from the 22nd of July, 1947, to the 24th of January, 1948.

M.P. P/331.

No. 11. 27th January, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 6 of 1946, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the service of the year 1947".

M.P. 208/46.

No. 12. 28th January, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 12th of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 28th of January, 1948.

M.P. P/363/11.

No. 13. 28th January, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioners have been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Colony and Dependencies of the Falkland Islands.

Name.	Qualifications.	Date of Qualification
Dalglish, David	M.R.C.S. (Eng.),	1946.
Geoffrey	L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	
Sladen, William	M.R.C.S. (Eng.),	1946.
Joseph Lambart	L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	

M.P. 21/28.

No. 14. 28th January, 1948.

The following is the List of Members of the Committee for the care and management of the Public Library and Museum appointed under Section 3 of the Library and Museum Ordinance, No. 5 of 1944, with effect from the 1st of January, 1948:—

The Honourable Dr. J. E. Hamilton, D.Sc.,
F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. (*Chairman*).

Mrs. M. Robson

Reverend W. F. McWhan, M.B.E.

L. Hardy, Esq., B.E.M., J.P.

Mr. K. V. Lellman.

M.P. 172/25.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Stanley Sussex Reive, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Wallace Hirtle, brother-in-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th January, 1948.

L. 8/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Esquire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 13th day of January, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 12th day of January, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies. &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others :

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 1st day of February, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 31st day of January, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council
declaring Port Foster to be a Harbour.

No. 1 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 1 of the Harbour Ordinance 1902, His Excellency the Governor with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to direct that PORT FOSTER, DECEPTION ISLAND, SOUTH SHETLANDS be declared a Harbour from the 10th January, 1948.

Made in Executive Council this 10th day of January, 1948.

By Command
A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0254.

Order by His Excellency the Governor.

No. 2 of 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS.
Governor's Deputy.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act 1945 and by Order in Council thereunder His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered –

That the office of competent authority (supplies) shall continue in force until the 10th day of December, 1950 unless previously determined and that all acts and orders made by the holder of the said office, for the purpose of regulating the import export supply or prices of goods shall continue in force until the 10th day of December 1950 unless previously determined and that he shall until such date continue to exercise the powers vested in him by the Defence Regulations 1939.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1948.

By Command,
L. W. ALDRIDGE,
for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0561.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under the Harbour Ordinance, 1902.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 1 of 1948.

In pursuance of the powers vested in him by Section 2 of the Harbour Ordinance 1902, and otherwise, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order with the advice and consent of the Executive Council as follows :

Short Title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Port Foster Harbour Regulations 1948.

Mooring and anchorage.

2. No vessel or boat shall be moored or anchored in the harbour without the consent of the Harbour Master. Any vessel or boat shall immediately be moved upon the order of the Harbour Master to any mooring or anchorage approved by him.

Hulks.

3. No hulk shall have any fixed moorings without the written permission of the Harbour Master.

Lights on vessels at anchor.

4. Vessels at anchor outside the limit assigned to hulks shall exhibit, from sunset to sunrise, the following light or lights -

- (a) A vessel under one hundred and fifty feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light, in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of, at least, one mile.
- (b) A vessel of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than twenty feet and not exceeding forty feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of, at least, one mile, and at or near the stern of the vessel, and at such a height that it shall not be less than fifteen feet lower than the forward light, another similar light.

Lighters or vessels under way.

5. All vessels shall when under way in the hours of darkness in the Harbour carry in the fore part of the vessel and at a height of not less than nine feet above the gunwhale

- (a) a bright white light of such a character as to be visible at a distance of not less than two miles, and
- (b) green and red side lights of such a character as to be visible at a distance of not less than one mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

Provided that

Small vessels, without masts, may carry the white light at a height at less than nine feet above the gunwhale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern mentioned in (b) above.

Lights on rowing boats.

6. Rowing boats, whether under oars or sail, shall have a lantern showing a white light which shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

7. (a) No person shall collect, remove or cause to be removed any timber or wood, for any purpose whatsoever, from the foreshores of the Harbour without the written permission of the Harbour Master. Collection of timber.
- (b) No person shall remove any iron, steel, metal or wood work from the old whaling factory without the written consent of the Harbour Master.
8. (a) No person shall remove any sand, stone or gravel from the foreshore of the Harbour without the written permission of the Harbour Master. Removal of sand etc.
- (b) Every person permitted to remove sand and stone or gravel shall pay to the Harbour Master one shilling for each ton removed by him.
9. No person shall take fresh water without the consent of the Harbour Master. Fresh water.
10. (a) No ballast, dunnage, ashes or rubbish of any description shall be thrown in the water within 400 yards of low water mark. Ballast rubbish.
- (b) Ballast and waste oil shall be discharged in accordance with the direction of the Harbour Master.
11. All boats or craft shall be beached in accordance with the directions of the Harbour Master. Beaching craft.
12. No person shall discharge any fire-arm at, or throw any stone or other missile at, any seabird or wild animal within the limits of the Harbour, provided that nothing in this section shall serve to prohibit birds or animals from being killed for the protection of property, or obtained by, or with the authority of the Government Naturalist for Scientific purposes. Firing or throwing stones at birds etc. in the Harbour.
13. Every boat or craft shall pay harbour rates at the rate of one penny per ton her net registered tonnage for every day or part of a day she remains in the Harbour. Harbour rent.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 10th day of January, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0254.

The King Edward Hospital Ordinance, 1916.

The Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Governor's Deputy.

No. 2 of 1948.

His Excellency the Governor by virtue of the powers vested in him by the King Edward Hospital Ordinance 1916, and otherwise, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is hereby pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Medical Fees (Amendment) Regulations, 1948.

2. The Medical Fees Regulations 1947 are hereby amended by the insertion of the following Regulation after Regulation 4 thereof :

"4A. Persons not normally resident in the Colony shall at the discretion of the Senior Medical Officer be liable to pay double the charges provided for in Schedules B, D and E hereof."

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 17th day of January, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0135.

Emergency (Miscellaneous) Regulations, 1948.

Made by His Excellency the Governor under the authority of the Emergency Laws (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1947.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Governor's Deputy.

No. 3 of 1948.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Emergency (Miscellaneous) Regulations, 1948.

2. (1) Where government war works have been constructed on any land, the Governor may maintain and use, or authorise the maintenance and use of, those works for the purpose of the public service or for any purpose for which they were maintained or used in the exercise of emergency powers.

(2) The Governor may retain or authorise the retention of possession of any land which (whether by virtue of an exercise of emergency powers or otherwise) is in his possession or in that of any person who is occupying or using it under his authority, notwithstanding the determination of any other right thereto, and, where possession of any land is retained under this subsection, the Governor may use it or authorise its use for the purposes of the public service or in any manner in which it was being used before possession was so retained.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of January, 1948.

By Command,

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

for Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0561.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1948. Short Title.
 2. In this Ordinance : Interpretation.

“Receipt” means any note, memorandum, or writing whereby any money amounting to two pounds or upwards, or any bill of exchange or promissory note for money amounting to two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged or expressed to have been received or deposited or paid, or whereby any debt or demand, or any part of a debt or demand, of the amount of two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged to have been settled, satisfied, or discharged, or which signifies or imports any such acknowledgment and whether the same is or is not signed with the name of any person.
 3. A duty of twopence shall be paid on each receipt. Such duty shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps being affixed to the receipt and cancelled by the person by whom the receipt is given before he delivers it out of his hands. Duty.
 4. If any person — Penalties
 - (1) Gives a receipt not duly stamped; or
 - (2) Refuses to give a receipt duly stamped; or
 - (3) Upon a payment to the amount of two pounds or upwards gives a receipt for a sum not amounting to two pounds, or separates or divides the amount paid with intent to evade the duty;he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.
 5. The following shall be exempt from the operation of this Ordinance — Exemptions.
 - (a) Receipts given by the Government of the Colony or an officer thereof acting within the scope of and in the course of his duties.
 - (b) Receipts given for or on account of any salary pay or wages or for or on account of any like payment made for the benefit of any person in respect of his employment or for or on account of any pension or superannuation allowance.
 - (c) Receipts given in respect of any sums payable under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
-

**Annual Abstract Account Statement showing
the Falkland Islands & Dependencies for**

R E C E I P T S .

RECEIPTS.	Estimated 1946.			Amount received to 31st Dec., 1946.			Receipts for same period. 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance on 1st Jan., 1946	.....			29034	19	0	.....			.....			.....
1. Customs Duties	18100	0	0	20991	17	10	23240	16	9	2891	17	10	.....	
2. Port Dues	85	0	0	86	16	9	71	6	0	1	16	9	.....	
3. Internal Revenue	14502	0	0	13487	6	1	18829	17	3	.....			1014	13	11
4. Fees, Fines, &c.	2924	0	0	3489	6	4	2748	6	8	565	6	4	.....	
5. Interest	14168	0	0	12622	1	11	13229	19	9	.....			1545	18	1
6. Post Office	22045	0	0	47501	14	7	18645	16	0	25456	14	7	.....	
7. Telegraphs & Telephones	8565	0	0	8531	3	10	15796	7	5	.....			33	16	2
8. Rents	1520	0	0	1406	0	3	1516	10	1	.....			113	19	9
9. Miscellaneous	6119	0	0	85320	12	4	7258	19	4	79201	12	4	.....	
10. Contribution from Dependencies	4000	0	0	5163	16	6	8712	13	5	1163	16	6	.....	
11. Land Sales	211	0	0	278	1	0	626	0	3	67	1	0	.....	
Total Ordinary Rev. Falklands	£ 92239	0	0	198878	17	5	110676	12	11	109348	5	4	2708 7 11		
Dependencies Revenue	20260	0	0	119084	9	9	13283	6	6	98824	9	9	.....	
Total Revenue	£ 112499	0	0	317963	7	2	123959	19	5	208172	15	1	2708 7 11		
Research Fund	.....			13648	6	0	Surplus of Assets 1st January, 1946.								
Investments Realized	.....			122866	17	9									
Farm & Building Loans	.....			54	16	8	Land Sales Fund £270651 4 9 General Revenue Balance a/c Deficit 21296 6 6 £249354 18 3								
Advances Repaid	.....			9188	12	0									
Deposits Received	.....			261912	15	8									
Remittances Received	.....			97655	0	1									
Marine Insurance Fund	.....			123	18	2									
Revenue Suspense A/c.	.....			8514	5	7									
Workmen's Compensation Insurance Fund	.....			279	1	2									
Reserve Fund	.....			5507	17	4									
Town Hall Reconstruction Fund	.....			684	1	2									
Dependencies' Postal A/c.	.....			18067	16	11									
Investments Adjustment a/c	.....			54364	3	6									
Land Sales Fund	.....			278	1	0									
General Revenue Balance a/c	.....			15741	10	6									
Total	£			926850	10	8									
Balance brought down 1st January, 1946	£			29034	19	0									
Total	£			955885	9	8									

Distribution of Cash Balance 1st January, 1946 :—

Colonial Treasury	£26261	1 7
Crown Agents	2427	5 6
South Georgia	346	11 11
	£29034	19 0

Receipts and Payments under various Heads for
the year ended 31st December, 1946.

P A Y M E N T S .

PAYMENTS.	Estimated, 1946.			Amount paid to 31st Dec., 1946.			Payments for same period 1945.			More than estimated, 1946.			Less than estimated, 1946.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1. Pensions	3950	0	0	3895	18	6	3567	2	2	.....			54	1	6
2. The Governor	3247	0	0	3333	4	11	2524	0	8	86	4	11	.....	
3. Colonial Secretary	3204	0	0	3552	1	0	2520	5	6	348	1	0	.....	
4. Treasury & Customs	2021	0	0	1788	13	5	2085	19	0	.....			232	6	7
5. Audit	6	0	0	8	10	0	6	0	0	2	10	0	.....	
6. Post Office	6460	0	0	7240	18	0	5496	6	11	780	18	0	.....	
7. Electrical & Telegraphs	7965	0	0	8494	12	5	8618	8	6	529	12	5	.....	
8. Harbour	1542	0	0	983	13	0	833	0	0	.....			558	7	0
9. Legal	422	0	0	382	8	8	784	8	0	.....			39	11	4
10. Police & Prisons	1427	0	0	1537	18	7	1455	14	1	110	18	7	.....	
11. Medical	7387	0	0	9571	12	10	8906	12	4	2184	12	10	.....	
12. Education	8198	0	0	7159	7	1	6523	6	7	.....			1038	12	11
13. Ecclesiastical	289	0	0	289	0	0	289	0	0	.....			.....
14. Naturalist	365	0	0	280	4	8	266	2	4	.....			84	15	4
15. Military	1501	0	0	822	12	10	811	4	6	.....			678	7	2
16. Agriculture	9462	0	0	9935	8	1	9617	13	7	473	8	1	.....	
17. Miscellaneous	12760	0	0	131881	17	2	11860	4	11	119121	17	2	.....	
18. Public Works Department	4569	0	0	6232	12	2	4405	1	5	1663	12	2	.....	
19. Public Works Recurrent	13000	0	0	22422	18	8	17494	12	11	9422	18	8	.....	
Total Ordinary Expenditure ... £	87775	0	0	219813	12	0	88065	3	5	134724	13	10	2686	1	10
20. Public Works Extraordinary	19	0	0	574	8	5	1481	12	3	555	8	5	.....	
21. War Expenditure	1000	0	0	1735	14	2	11924	12	10	735	14	2	.....	
22. Land Sales	211	0	0	278	1	0	1000	0	0	67	1	0	.....	
Total Expenditure Falklands ... £	89005	0	0	222401	15	7	102471	8	6	136082	17	5	2686	1	10
Dependencies	15290	0	0	83660	10	5	14447	3	0	68370	10	5	.....	
Total Expenditure £	104295	0	0				116918	11	6	204453	7	10	2686	1	10
Surplus of Assets on the 31st December, 1946.															
Research Fund				1182	9	6	Land Sales Fund			£269329			5	9	
Investments made				158546	4	7	Deficit 1/1/46.			£21296	6	6			
Advances made				14327	11	3	Surplus 31/12/46.			£11901	1	2			
Deposits Repaid				226105	16	3	Appreciation of Investments			15741	10	6			
Remittances made				103141	3	7			£27642	11	8				
Land Sales Fund				1600	0	0	Surplus 31/12/46.			£27642	11	8			
Dependencies Postal a/c				18067	16	11	Less Deficit			21296	6	6			
Revenue Suspense a/c				51824	14	10							6346	5	2
Investments Adjustment a/c				54364	3	6									
Balance on 31st December, 1946				20663	3	3							£275675	10	11
Total				£955885	9	8									

Distribution of Cash Balance 31st December, 1946 :

Colonial Treasury	£19599	12	1
Crown Agents	906	8	5
South Georgia	157	2	9
	£20663	3	3.

E. F. LEILMAN,
Assistant Treasurer.

**Annual abstract account statement showing Receipts and Payments under various Heads
for the Dependencies for the Year ended 31st December, 1946.**

R E C E I P T S .

Receipts.	Estimated 1946.	Amount received to 31st Dec., 1946.	Receipts for same period. 1945.	More than estimated 1946.	Less than estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Customs Duties :					
(a) Imports	2040 0 0	2165 18 0	2458 17 3	125 18 0	.....
(b) Exports	8200 0 0	9893 13 3	6438 11 8	1693 13 3	.....
2. Port & Tonnage Dues	100 0 0	190 0 0	160 0 0	90 0 0	.....
3. Internal Rev. Licences	8645 0 0	4562 3 2	2880 2 0	.....	4082 16 10
4. Fees, Fines, etc.	95 0 0	616 15 0	183 18 6	521 15 0	.....
5. Posts & Telegraphs.	.....	99389 17 6	.....	99389 17 6	.....
6. Rents ...	1050 0 0	800 0 0	1050 0 0	.....	250 0 0
7. Miscellaneous	130 0 0	1466 2 10	111 17 1	1336 2 10	.....
Total Ordinary Revenue £	20260 0 0	119084 9 9	13283 6 6	103157 6 7	4332 16 10
Research Fund	.....	13648 6 0	10535 8 1	.....	.....
£	20260 0 0	132732 15 9	23818 14 7	103157 6 7	4332 16 10

Surplus of Assets on 1st January, 1946.

Research Fund ... £207650 5 6.
£207650 5 6.

P A Y M E N T S .

Payments.	Estimated 1946.	Amount paid to 31st Dec., 1946.	Payments for same period. 1945.	More than estimated 1946.	Less than estimated 1946.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Personal:-					
South Georgia	1680 0 0	1705 7 11	2537 17 8	25 7 11	.....
South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	675 0 0	696 0 10	376 12 0	21 0 10	.....
2. Other Charges:-					
(a) South Georgia	2829 0 0	1622 7 9	2936 15 7	.....	1206 12 3
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
General	10106 0 0	79636 13 11	8430 16 1	69530 13 11	.....
Total Ordinary Expenditure	15290 0 0	83660 10 5	14282 1 4	69577 2 8	1206 12 3
3. Extraordinary:-					
(a) South Georgia	.....	.....	165 1 8	.....	.....
(b) South Shetlands	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Miscellaneous	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Expenditure £	15290 0 0	83660 10 5	14447 3 0	69577 2 8	1206 12 3
Charges on	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dependencies Revenue	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Research Fund	.....	1182 9 6	4714 2 7	.....	.....
Total ...	15290 0 0	84842 19 11	19161 5 7	69577 2 8	1206 12 3

Surplus of Assets on 31st December, 1946.

Research Fund ... £220116 2 0.
£220116 2 0.

E. F. LELLMAN,
Assistant Treasurer.

**METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS taken at CUMBERLAND BAY, SOUTH GEORGIA,
during the year 1946.**

MONTH.	AIR PRESSURE.					AIR TEMPERATURES.					PSYCHROMETER.		RAINFALL.			WEATHER.						
	MEAN.	HIGHEST & LOWEST.				MEAN.	MAX. AND MIN.				VAPOUR PRESSURE.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY.	TOTAL.	GREATEST FALL.	DATE.	DAYS OF RAIN.	DRIZZLE RAIN.	DAYS OF SNOW.	DAYS OF SNOW & SLEET.	DAYS OF FOG.	DAYS OF SUNSHINE.	DAYS OF FROST.
		HIGHEST.	DATE.	LOWEST.	DATE.		MAX.	DATE.	MIN.	DATE.												
January ...	747.1	760.7	28th	726.3	13th	6.0	17.5	31st	- 0.4	20th	4.9	71.0	3.02''	0.80''	29th	11	2	6	0	8	23	0
February ...	743.0	755.6	28th	725.8	5th	6.3	18.9	1st	- 0.8	18th	5.1	73.0	4.47''	1.67''	11th	10	4	2	0	18	22	1
March ...	753.1	769.6	7th	729.5	3rd	4.0	13.3	2nd	- 2.0	12th	4.6	75.0	2.80''	1.29''	2nd	9	5	1	0	8	25	13
April ...	746.1	762.2	12th	727.4	3rd	1.5	7.8	28th	- 4.1	13th	4.1	80.0	7.31''	1.49''	30th	9	4	13	3	19	16	16
May ...	745.6	760.6	31st	721.9	1st	0.8	14.8	17th	- 7.6	25th	3.5	73.0	3.88''	0.45''	5th	5	4	15	6	17	24	20
June ...	745.9	769.2	30th	719.0	4th	-2.7	6.1	19th	-10.1	26th	3.1	80.0	9.32''	3.34''	20th	2	1	15	8	12	19	24
July ...	753.0	773.2	4th	727.6	25th	-2.5	8.1	19th	-12.8	11th	3.1	79.0	7.75''	4.72''	24th	5	1	10	9	14	22	27
August ...	747.6	767.3	17th	726.5	9th	-2.2	10.2	1st	- 7.1	22nd	3.3	85.0	14.00''	2.25''	19th	2	2	19	8	18	14	24
September	755.8	769.4	17th	730.0	2nd	-1.5	7.0	24th	- 7.8	4th	3.6	85.0	4.10''	1.41''	10th	4	4	7	5	17	17	24
October ...	743.7	764.6	23rd	714.7	4th	1.9	9.4	25th	- 4.4	9th	4.0	77.0	10.07''	2.68''	17th	8	2	14	6	15	24	13
November	743.6	759.6	29th	720.9	4th	1.5	9.6	10th	- 3.5	8th	3.8	75.0	3.43''	1.03''	4th	4	4	25	5	22	4	23
December ...	741.4	759.3	1st	718.4	25th	2.8	8.9	31st	- 1.7	15th	4.2	76.0	3.72''	1.07''	9th	4	4	18	6	24	18	8
Year.	747.2					1.3 C/G.	34.3 F.				3.9	77.0	74.47''			73	35	145	56	192	228	193

Jury List for the year 1948.

The following list of the persons liable under the provisions of the Jury Ordinance, 1901 to serve as Jurors for the year 1948 is published in accordance with the fourth section of the Ordinance.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Magistrate.

1. McAskill, John	67. Anderson, Wm. J. S.	133. Larsen, Richard	199. Harvey, C. James
2. Anderson, Edward B.	68. Jacobsen, A. F. W. C.	134. Middleton, James (1)	200. Bundes, R. J. C.
3. Stewart, Gordon	69. McAskill, Donald W.	135. McPhee, Owen H.	201. King, Vernon T.
4. Thompson, Geo. H.	70. Llamasa, Arthur Jas.	136. Anderson, John	202. Halliday, Stanley S.
5. Rutter, Arthur	71. Parring, Francis G.	137. Hollen, Henry D.	203. Burridge, Walter
6. Henriksen, Albert J.	72. Lee, Edwin T.	138. Biggs, T. M. V.	204. Smith, Ludwick C.
7. Goodwin, Bert S.	73. Johnson, Fred. W.	139. Betts, Keith C.	205. Binnie, Albert F.
8. Porter, Charles (Sr.)	74. Smith, John C. (Sr.)	140. Clifton, Jas. Henry	206. Smith, Alfred C. E.
9. Pearson, Robert	75. Lee, Alfred F.	141. Skilling, Chas. J.	207. Lellman, Karl V.
10. Stewart, D. W. H.	76. Peck, Aubrey F.	142. Duncan, David John	208. Draycott, D. J.
11. Hardy, Fred J.	77. Simpson, Alex. S.	143. Jaffray, Alexander	209. McLeod, Murdo A.
12. McPhee, Patrick	78. Skilling, Albert G.	144. Roberts, Wm. Edgar	210. Burns, William
13. Betts, Allan Sturdee	79. Dettleff, Jas.	145. Biggs, Terence I.	211. Summers, Wm. Alex.
14. Whitney, Frederick E.	80. Hall, George F.	146. McDermid, M.	212. Duncan, William
15. Binnie, James G.	81. Kiddle, William E.	147. Robson, George J.	213. Newman, Silas
16. Cletheroe, William H.	82. Hooley, T. V.	148. Luxton, Markham J.	214. Delaney, C.
17. Blyth, Henry	83. Alazia, J. William	149. Pauloni, Romolo V.	215. Duncan, Peter R.
18. Turner, Leonard McL.	84. McGill, Maurice W.	150. Lyse, Sidney R.	216. Watson, James
19. Goss, Darwin J.	85. Llamasa, George A.	151. Dickson, Ed. T. C.	217. McLaren, Alex. R.
20. Dickson, Chas. J. E. C.	86. Johnson, Peter S.	152. Coutts, John	218. McPhee, K. J. (Sr.)
21. Kivell, William	87. Morrison, D. Ewen	153. Goss, Roderick J.	219. Paulini, H. Wm.
22. Butler, George J. C.	88. Clifton, Hugh E.	154. McMillan, Ian A.	220. Short, J. G. Arch.
23. Summers, Stanley F.	89. Lehen, Maurice	155. Hollen, James J.	221. Clifton, William
24. Binnie, William N.	90. Etheridge, Arthur G.	156. Sornsen, Ellis L.	222. Morrison, Douglas R.
25. Hawkins, C.	91. Rowlands, Wm. J.	157. Anderson, S. Allan	223. Flowers, W. H. R.
26. Goodwin, John K.	92. Lee, Wm. H. G. N. J.	158. Butler, Jos. T. J.	224. Pearson, William E.
27. Summers, Victor	93. Davis, Arthur H.	159. Browning, Frederick	225. McLeod, Donald
28. Berntsen, F. G.	94. Llamasa, Wm. J.	160. McGill, G. Stanford	226. Clausen, Fredk J.
29. Carey, Raymond F.	95. Bonner, William	161. Jacobsen, Karl M.	227. Whitney, G. Mark
30. Perry, Thomas G.	96. Goodwin, Ernest G.	162. McRae, Donald A.	228. Cartmell, William J.
31. Dixon, Percy S.	97. Watson, T. Darwin	163. Pitaluga, Jas. A.	229. Smith, Eric H. S.
32. Browning, David L.	98. Carey, Anthony M.	164. Buse, Franz J.	230. McPherson, John
33. McRae, F. W. Duncan	99. Blackely, Adam K.	165. Short, George H.	231. Jaffray, William
34. Lang, John S.	100. Alazia, Albert F.	166. Berntsen, Syd. L.	232. Summers, Wm. Ed.
35. Goodwin, Rupert V.	101. Browning, John B.	167. Kiddle, Peter	233. Clement, Wickham
36. Sornsen, Andrew A.	102. Earle, Arthur	168. Yates, Manuel	234. Curran, Joseph
37. White, W. Martell	103. Hooley, Jack C.	169. Anderson, Thos.	235. Curran, Henry
38. McKay, Donald	104. Bennett, Stanley	170. Robson, James T.	236. Bound, H. John L.
39. Jones, Albert H.	105. Larsen, Harold	171. Craigie-Halkett, C. M.	237. Bertrand, C. W.
40. Pettersson, A. R. A.	106. Oliver, Charles	172. Davis, Benjamin C.	238. Hills, Richard W.
41. Blyth, Jas.	107. Nunn, Henry	173. Rowlands, Jas. G.	239. McCarthy, Charles
42. Enestrom, Edgar W. R.	108. Sarney, Harry	174. Kendal, George N.	240. Kiddle, A. Stanley
43. Halliday, Andrew J.	109. Middleton, Jas. S.	175. McAtasney, W. Brian	241. McLeod, Donald
44. Berntsen, Lars M.	110. Lyse, George W.	176. Smith, Osmond R.	242. Gleadell, Sidney M.
45. Harrison, Clement	111. Anderson, Alfred	177. Morrison, Doug. D.	243. Bender, William J.
46. McMillan, William	112. Biggs, Horace H.	178. Hall, Albert H.	244. Hubbard, J.
47. Middleton, Stewart (1)	113. Halliday, J. Henry	179. Blyth, Fredk I. K.	245. Morrison, Finlay
48. Hannaford, Robert F.	114. Parrin, William R. B.	180. Perry, James J. (Jr.)	246. Brown, George J.
49. Gilruth, Thomas A.	115. Jones, Richard	181. Hewitt, Robert J. D.	247. Ford, James E.
50. Rumbolds, Robert H.	116. Craig, Peter	182. Hardy, Jack A.	248. Hannaford, W. Henry
51. Summers, Philip G.	117. Thompson, Wm. J.	183. Watson, Wm. H.	249. Lee, Sidney S.
52. Malcolm, W.	118. Steen, Robert B.	184. Biggs, Edward John	250. Finlayson, Rod. (Sr.)
53. Reive, Basil	119. Anderson, Richard C.	185. Peck, Percy P.	251. Baker, H. L.
54. Goodwin, Vincent S.	120. Aldridge, Stephen C.	186. Anderson, Hector C.	252. Biggs, John F.
55. Halliday, John Jas.	121. Newman, L. Wilf. A.	187. Finlayson, Darwin	253. Summers, Keith M.
56. Curran, John	122. Ford, Chas. W.	188. Newman, G. R. Hen.	254. Britton, William F.
57. Sprules, Gilbert E.	123. Browning, Benjamin	189. Hall, Donald John	255. Middleton, Arthur
58. Jennings, Clifford W.	124. Jones, William J.	190. King, James A.	256. Berntsen, Jas. L.
59. Lee, Henry J.	125. Cletheroe, Cyril J.	191. Hewitt, James	257. McMullen, D. J. E. H.
60. Newing, John C.	126. Morrison, Stewart	192. Biggs, Basil W.	258. McKay, James R.
61. Paice, William N.	127. McGill, Gordon A.	193. Lanning, George T.	259. Alazia, George J.
62. Perry, Christopher	128. Grant, Lennard J.	194. Halliday, William J.	260. Howatt, Frank D.
63. Stewart, Alex.	129. Sarney, James A.	195. McAtasney, B. J.	261. Smith, D. Roger
64. Skilling, Thos.	130. McLeod, George H.	196. Hills, Albert H.	262. Kiddle, Donald J.
65. Lang, William A.	131. Cheek, Frederick J.	197. Robson, Robert L.	263. King, Cecil F.
66. Jacobsen, James S.	132. McKenzie, William	198. Reive, Leonard L.	264. Biggs, Malcolm W.

Jury List continued :—

265. Cartmell, Robert D.	342. White, John W.	419. Finlayson, Chas. J.	496. Perry, A. W.
266. Berntsen, William	343. Anderson, Ludwic R.	420. Middleton, Stewart 2	497. Newing, George L.
267. McCarthy, Wm. G.	344. Stewart, David G.	421. Biggs, Carl P. F.	498. Berntsen, F. E. N. L.
268. Gleadell, Marklin L.	345. Middleton, J. Darwin	422. Halliday, John J. G.	499. Allan, Hector
269. McLeod, Rod. J. D.	346. Alazia, Arthur J.	423. Goss, Richard V.	500. Summers, Herbert V.
270. Morrison, Donald F.	347. Perry, William J.	424. Bonner, Bruce	501. Cletheroe, Alb. R.
271. Barnes, Ernest	348. Barnes, Arthur J.	425. Morrison, Roderick	502. Felton, Anthony T.
272. Jaffray, John	349. Reive, John	426. Stewart, William H.	503. Peck, Andrew R.
273. Williams, Ralph M.	350. Pitaluga, Alex	427. Cletheroe, Stanley W.	504. Sedgwick, Bertrand
274. Stewart, James H.	351. Lyse, Ernest Louis	428. Summers, Walter J.	505. Cartmell, W. J. H.
275. Lee, A. Leslie	352. Fleuret Clovis	429. Ashley, Fred. Albert	506. Atkins, Stanley P.
276. Hirtle, Wallace C. L.	353. Biggs, Clarence G.	430. Jennings, F. G. J.	507. Carey, Chas. L.
277. Alazia, John	354. Ashley, John R.	431. Peck, Jas P.	508. Cletheroe, Leslie J.
278. Berntsen, Stanley G.	355. Butler, Fred. L. E. O.	432. Summers, Leslie F.	509. McCarthy, Archi. H.
279. Aldridge, Francis W.	356. May, Fredk. A. C.	433. Johnson, William G.	510. Atkins, Richard
280. McLaren, Reuben	357. Reive, George	434. Lee, Thomas F. G.	511. Phillips, Charles W.
281. Harvey, William	358. Bender, Chris. P. W.	435. Allan, Percival	512. Clifton, Albert
282. McKay, Richard	359. Osborne, George H.	436. Lee, L. R.	513. Biggs, James K.
283. Phillips, Jesse	360. Reive, Charles T.	437. Porter, Arthur	514. Smith, F. G. Peter
284. McLeod, Archibald	361. Ashley, Alfred G.	438. Betts, William D. N.	515. McGill, Keith W.
285. Middleton, James (2)	362. Peck, Victor H.	439. McMillan, D. Hugh	516. Lindenberg, J. E. T.
286. Smith, John F.	363. Cantlie, William J.	440. Thompson, George	517. Brechin, Gregor
287. Morrison, Murdo	364. Lewis, F. R. M.	441. Fraia, Harry	518. Johnson, Alfred G. R.
288. Goss, Jacob N.	365. Berntsen Alex. J.	442. Braxton, T. N. J.	519. McLeod, Donald J.
289. Clarke, R. J.	366. Kelway, J. George	443. Smith, Francis David	520. Kiddle, Robert
290. Paulini, Ralph	367. Porter, Charles (Jr.)	444. Hutchinson, Robt. T.	521. Hardy, C. Mansell
291. Stacey, David C.	368. Poole, J. B. Charles	445. Mercer, John	522. Sedgwick, H. H. (Jr.)
292. Nicholson, Leslie H.	369. Perry, George	446. Wilson, Edward	523. Barnes, W. F. John
293. Parker, C. F.	370. Smith Andrew C.	447. McRae, Alex B.	524. Lee, Frederick F. J.
294. Lellman, Edward F.	371. Summers, Walter F.	448. Gleadell, Jas R.	525. Betts, Alexander J.
295. Short, George C. (Jr.)	372. Morrison, John M.	449. Anderson, Louis	526. Aldridge, Sidney G.
296. Hirtle, E. R. C.	373. Creece, Martin G.	450. Campbell, J. Mark.	527. McPhee, K. J. (Jr.)
297. Bonner, A. M.	374. Hardy, Herbert H.	451. Finlayson, T. Dennis	528. Reive, Ernest
298. Shorey, William	375. Dearling, Leo. A.	452. Myles, William B.	529. Davis, William J.
299. Hardy, W. S. Bartle	376. Henriksen, Martin	453. Middleton, David J.	530. McKay, Donald Geo.
300. Shuckel, Alex.	377. Biggs, Eric G. J.	454. Dettloff, Hansen C.	531. Simpson, Geo H.
301. McLeod, John T. A.	378. Roberts, Wm. Henry	455. Kenny, Norman D.	532. Alazia, George R. (Sr)
302. Sedgwick, H. H. (Sr.)	379. Kirk, William J.	456. Pole-Evans, A. R.	533. Short, Joseph L.
303. Smith, William J.	380. Watt, Jas.	457. Gleadell, Frank E.	534. Spencer, W. E.
304. Peck, J. Bert H.	381. Morrison, Stewart M.	458. Summers, Sidney R.	535. Goodwin, W. A. Nutt
305. Hannaford, R. H.	382. Miller, Sidney	459. Barnes, S. John	536. Cletheroe, John R.
306. Betts, Frederick C.	383. Watson, Louis James	460. Aldridge, Ernest J.	537. Fleuret, T. C.
307. Evans, Maurice E.	384. Luxton, Henry T.	461. Clifton, Allen Louis	538. Carey, Terence J.
308. Morrison, Leslie D.	385. Felton, Walter A.	462. Elias, W.	539. Binnie, Horace Jas.
309. Smith, John C. (Jr.)	386. Turner, W. John G.	463. Hills, William P.	540. Hennah, T. H. H.
310. Cartmell, Henry G.	387. Ferguson, Robert J.	464. Slade, Harry	541. Goss, William H.
311. Halliday, J. A. Leslie	388. Burns, Robert James	465. Stewart, James Alex.	542. Osborne, John C.
312. Sornsen, George A.	389. Parrin, Norman G.	466. Buse, F. K. E.	543. Morrison, M. John E.
313. Goodwin, James	390. Middleton, Dave (Jr.)	467. McKay, David	544. Peck, Desmond D. B.
314. Sollis, Denis J.	391. Smith, John W.	468. McCarthy, Philip	545. Bowles, G. W. John
315. McKenzie, Alex. (Jr)	392. Blyth, Alfred John	469. Hutchinson, W. J.	546. Hollen, Thomas
316. Duncan, Howard E.	393. Clifton, Chas	470. Peck, James W.	547. Buse, Ralph
317. Milne, A.	394. Finlayson, Alex. Jas.	471. Stewart, Keith G.	548. Paice, Charles J. B.
318. Harvey, Alfred Sid.	395. Buckley, P. Edward	472. Hutchinson, Keith R.	549. Davis, John
319. McKay, James J.	396. Andreason, S. V. Y.	473. Campbell, Ray	550. Bound, H. Leslie
320. Finlayson, Hugh	397. Kelway, Edward G.	474. Lee, Jas. W. T.	551. Coutts, W. J.
321. Skilling, Basil R.	398. Ford, William J.	475. Kiddle, Alb. S.	552. Henriksen, Norman
322. Biggs, Hubert A.	399. Robson, Edward A.	476. Middleton, George S.	553. Middleton, James (3)
323. Carey, C. William	400. Smith, Percy S.	477. Davis, Frederick S.	554. Browning, Jos.
324. Short, George C. (Sr.)	401. Aldridge, Harold J.	478. Coleman, Fred. A.	555. Bonner, H. J. (Sr.)
325. Morrison, Wm. A.	402. Goodwin, Thos. J. W.	479. Ratcliffe, Jas.	556. May, Alfred M. W.
326. Anderson, A. Peter	403. Reive, Frederick J.	480. Lyse, Reginald S.	557. Clarke, J. H. A.
327. Stewart, H. W. A.	404. Berntsen, Ed. F.	481. Gleadell, William C.	558. Gleadell, Ernest C. S.
328. Johnson, E. Victor	405. Murphy, David John	482. McRae, Farquhar J. D.	559. Goss, James
329. Finlayson, Wm. A.	406. Anderson, Henry J.	483. Aldridge, Thomas G.	560. Browning, Jas S.
330. Hookings, Alfred	407. Gleadell, Leslie C.	484. Browning, Wm. C.	561. Finlayson, Rod. (Jr.)
331. Barnes, Leslie	408. McMullen, Mathew J.	485. Parrin, George E.	562. Sornsen, C. Edward
332. Morrison, Roderick J.	409. Bundes, Jeff.	486. Blyth, John Jr.	563. Henriksen, C. W.
333. Reive, Peter	410. Lees, David	487. Alazia, G. R. (Jr.)	564. Smith, William
334. Goodwin, William	411. Pearson, George	488. Beatty, T.	565. Biggs, Herbert P.
335. Short, Richard F.	412. Harvey, Donald	489. Smith, David J.	566. Middleton, Stewart 3
336. Whitney, H. Leslie	413. Luxton, Ernest F.	490. Stewart, Geo. A.	567. Felton, A. A.
337. Smith, James Hogan	414. Evans, Evan H.	491. Rowlands, Jas. H.	568. Dixon, Ernest V.
338. Kiddle, Stephen N.	415. Summers, Ernest V.	492. Steen, Ivor B.	569. Porter, George
339. Robson, W. Conrad	416. Burns, Wm. P. T.	493. May, W. A.	570. White, Frank
340. Martin, George A.	417. Ferguson, John	494. Luxton, Stan. C.	571. Biggs, Arthur L. S.
341. King, Ronald I.	418. Watts, Jas.	495. Sedgwick, F. Aubrey	572. Johnson, Eric Thos.

Jury List continued :—

573. Bowles, W. John	616. Skilling, C. R.	659. Lehen, Dennis	702. Bonner, Albert
574. McGill, Donald	617. Barnes, Fred W.	660. Biggs, Bernard L.	703. McKenzie, J. T.
575. McKay, Stephen J.	618. Blackley, William	661. Johnson, Howard W.	704. Clausen, F. S.
576. Goodwin, David	619. Bonner, Andrew P.	662. Pauloni, Robert R.	705. Johnston, J. A.
577. Coutts, James	620. Clifton, James	663. Harris, W. C. H. G.	706. Felton, D. E.
578. Blyth, John	621. Evans, E. D.	664. Morrison, Wm. D.	707. Ross, R. W.
579. McRae, Roderick D.	622. Dart, R. M.	665. Barnes, Frank E.	708. Clifton, T. S.
580. Halliday, James A.	623. Barnes, Sylvester	666. McRae, R. G. V.	709. Forbes, J.
581. McCullum, John D.	624. Kelway, Fred A.	667. Harvey, Edgar A. J.	710. Bounphrey, R. S.
582. Jones, A. Charles	625. Smith, Francis H. H.	668. Patience, A. G.	711. Gray, P. C.
583. Paice, N. T.	626. McRae, Murdo	669. McKay, William R.	712. Craig, R. P.
584. Smith, G. Douglas	627. Ryan, John S.	670. Hansen, George D.	713. Jones, Frederick
585. Blackley, C. D.	628. Rowlands, T. Conrad	671. Binnie, Terence W.	714. Southerland, J.
586. Duncan, David H.	629. Pedersen, Leonard C.	672. Blyth, Alex. L.	715. Bunting, E. F.
587. Ford, Charles David	630. Peck, Wm. G. E.	673. Morrison, Norman	716. Middleton, M. R.
588. Kirk, W. E.	631. Dettleff, Thomas O.	674. Short, F. George	717. Roach, G. J.
589. Barnes, Ronald	632. Coutts, Alex	675. Porter, Howard	718. Marshall, T.
590. Reive, William J.	633. Biggs, Martin W. H.	676. Clifton, Jos. E.	719. Potter, J. S.
591. Sollis, Leslie H.	634. Meierhoffer, J. Geo.	677. Murphy, Michael J.	720. Bradbury, C. H.
592. Lyse, Markham O.	635. Mercer, Alex.	678. Coutts, Peter T.	721. Wilkinson, R. E.
593. Bernsten, Robert A.	636. Bowles, George E.	679. Morrison, Don. W. J.	722. Tait, M. F.
594. Wallin, W. Richard	637. Robson, J. F. Roy	680. May, James John	723. Campbell, A.
595. Napier, Herbert M.	638. Watson, Wm. H. C.	681. Burns, Frederick J.	724. Smith, T. C. S.
596. Harries, John J.	639. Smith, Jas. A.	682. Allan, Frederick	725. Davis, P. E.
597. Reive, Bert	640. Faria, Joseph F.	683. Goodwin, Douglas C.	726. Roberts, G. H.
598. McCarthy, M. (Jr.)	641. Bender, Sidney C.	684. Johnson, Stanley H.	727. Ursell, W. J.
599. Watts, Walter	642. Atkins, Victor H. M.	685. Newman, Silas A. F.	728. Blake, J. L.
600. Aiken, John	643. Reive, Robert	686. Pittendrigh, J. M.	729. Swaine, J.
601. Clasen, Rupert H.	644. McLeod, George A.	687. McLeod, R. J.	730. Malcolm, G.
602. McKay, Thomas	645. Smith, J. Stanley	688. Barnes, Richard	731. Murdoch, W.
603. Sedgwick, L. A.	646. Lellman, F. T.	689. Young, W. H.	732. Lloyd, M.
604. McMullen, William	647. Clement, J.	690. Jones, Ivor	
605. Johnson, Henry	648. Cartmell, Robert	691. Biggs, Patrick E.	
606. Miller, J.	649. Jones, John F. C.	692. White, Fred	
607. Bonner, R. Leslie	650. McAtasney, Wm. J.	693. Dixon, E. S.	
608. Fuhlendorff, V. E.	651. Petterssen, John S. P.	694. McKay, David (Jr.)	
609. Watson, Duncan R.	652. Betts, Arthur J.	695. Cusack, E. R.	
610. Betts, Cyril S.	653. Yates, Robert	696. Clarke, D. J.	
611. Etheridge, Alex S.	654. Sedgwick, Wm. H.	697. Ford, A. H.	
612. Goodwin, Aubrey W.	655. Evans, Griffith O.	698. Heathman, A. S.	
613. Biggs, A. Maxwell	656. King, Fred H.	699. McKay, G.	
614. Alazia, William C.	657. Summers, Aubrey V.	700. Rutter, S. M.	
615. Paulini, George L.	658. Hennah, Samuel H.	701. Tough, B.	



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

Vol. LVII.

MARCH 1, 1948.

No. 3.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, Miss T.	Education	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	9.2.48.	On probation for one year.
Luxton, Miss A. I.	„	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	9.2.48.	On probation for one year.
Rowlands, H.	Secretariat & Treasury	Clerk, Grade V.	1.2.48.	On probation for 6 months.
Watson, T. D.	Education	Travelling Teacher	7.2.48.	On probation for one year.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bowles, G. W. J.	Customs	Assistant Customs Officer	1.8.47.	—
Hooley, Miss D.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.2.48.	—

PROMOTION.

			<i>Date</i>
Newing, J.	Junior Met. Observer, Grade V.	to Junior Met. Observer, Grade IV.	1.1.48.
Aldridge, Miss E. B.	Assistant Teacher, Grade V.	to Assistant Teacher, Grade IV.	1.2.48.
Skilling, Miss E.	Pupil Teacher, Grade V.	to Assistant Teacher, Grade IV.	18.2.48.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bonner, H.	Public Works	Clerk, Grade IV.	120 days plus period of voyage	25.11.47.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Hooley, J. C.	Travelling Teacher	14.2.48.	Resigned

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 15.

16th February, 1948.

DR. B. E. C. HOPWOOD, M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., was on leave from the 31st of May, 1947 to the 9th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/310.

No. 16.

17th February, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 31st of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 13th of February, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 17. 24th February, 1948.

The Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies has approved the Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies for the year 1948.

M.P. 0284.

No. 18. 24th February, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 5 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the service of the year 1948".

M.P. 0284.

No. 19. 1st March, 1948.

The undermentioned officers were absent on vacation leave from the 31st of May, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

MR. T. N. BRAXTON

MR. G. KELWAY

MR. F. H. KING

MR. V. T. KING

MRS. V. T. KING

MR. E. V. DIXON.

M.P's. L/222, 40, 206, 169, 198, 101.

No. 20. 1st March, 1948.

MR. T. H. H. HENNAH,

Superintendent, Power House, was absent on vacation leave from the 23th of March, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/117.

No. 21. 1st March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQ.,

to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with effect from the 1st of March, 1948.

MP. 0457.

No. 22. 1st March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, ESQ., J.P., to be Magistrate, Falkland Islands, with effect from the 1st of March, 1948.

M.P. P/392.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Falkland Summers, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Aubrey Vernon Summers and Sylvia Campbell, executors, of the above named deceased, have applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayers of the Petitioners will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

14th February, 1948.

L. 11/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Grace Allan, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Hector Allan, husband of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

23rd February, 1948.

L. 12/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 1st day of March, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the Dependencies ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 28th day of February, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Esq., to be a Member of the Executive Council.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster the 25th day of February, 1892, constituting the office of Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands, it is amongst other things declared that there shall be an Executive Council in and for the said Colony which shall consist of such persons as may be directed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet,

AND WHEREAS by Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, bearing date the 28th day of February, 1920, it is declared that if in the opinion of the Governor the number of members of the Executive Council available for business may at any time be likely to prove insufficient, the Governor may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal, appoint some fit person to be provisionally a member of the said Council.

NOW THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, being of the opinion that the number of members of the Executive Council available for business is likely to prove insufficient, do hereby provisionally appoint

RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, Esq.,

to be a Member of the Executive Council for a period of two years.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Government House, Stanley, this 14th day of February, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

The Motor Car Ordinance, 1936.

Regulations made by the Governor in Council under Section 6 of Ordinance No. 2 of 1936.

No. 4 of 1948.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Governor's Deputy.

His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 6 of the Motor Car Ordinance 1936 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as "The Motor Car Regulations 1948".
2. No person holding a licence to drive may drive a motor car which is not his property without the consent of the owner thereof first obtained.
3. Any person who without proper authority or reasonable cause gets on to a motor car standing on a road or parking place or tampers with the brake or any part of the mechanism of the car shall be guilty of an offence.
4. Every motor cycle when on a road at night whether in motion or stationary shall carry a lamp showing a red light to the rear of such intensity as to indicate clearly its presence on the road to traffic approaching from behind.
5. On and after the 1st day of April, 1948, every motor car shall carry in a prominent position as hereinafter provided Identification Marks issued by the Government upon payment; namely, a metal plate bearing in white on a black background the initial letter of the name by which the motor car carrying the mark is commonly known and the number allotted by the Chief Constable.

6. Identification Marks shall be carried :

(1) on motor cycles

- (a) to the front by the plate being firmly attached lengthwise to the front mudguard.

Provided that the Identification Marks shall be clearly visible on both sides of the plate.

- (b) to the rear so that the rear plate shall be so illuminated by the rear light as to be visible for at least 20 yards at night.

(2) on motor cars by one plate being firmly attached to the front of the motor car and by one plate being firmly attached to the rear thereof.

Provided that the Identification Marks shall be clearly visible and that the rear plate shall be so illuminated by the rear light as to be visible for at least 20 yards at night.

7. No person shall drive a motor car unless the Identification Mark issued in respect of it is affixed in accordance with Regulation 6 or if the mark is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become not easily distinguishable.

Provided that a driver shall not be convicted of an offence under this Regulation should he satisfy the Court that he has taken all steps practicable to prevent the mark being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 2nd day of February, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

The Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

Regulations made by the Governor under Section 80.

No. 5 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Licensing Regulations, 1948.
2. Any licensed person who shall sell intoxicating liquor to any member of His Majesty's Armed Forces (other than a resident in the Colony) for consumption off licensed premises, or to any person well knowing or having good reason to believe that such liquor is required for consumption off licensed premises by such members of His Majesty's Armed Forces shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to the penalties set out in Section 79 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 20th day of February, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Regulations as to war time service qualifying for grant of Efficiency Decoration.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of Royal Warrant and with the gracious approval of His Majesty the King signified through the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. An Officer of the Defence Force who was called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 shall be allowed to count his embodied commissioned service twofold as qualifying service towards the award of the Efficiency Decoration.
2. A Warrant Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or man who was serving in the Defence Force on 2nd September, 1939 and called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 and subsequently granted a commission in the Defence Force shall count his embodied service in the ranks as full but not double qualifying service for the award of the Efficiency Decoration.
3. In these Regulations "embodied service" shall mean service from the date of calling up to actual date of disembodiment of the individual concerned.
4. These Regulations shall be read and construed with the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Decoration 1935 as if they formed part thereof.

Stanley,
18th February, 1948.

M.P. 189/42.

Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Regulations as to war time service qualifying for grant of Efficiency Medal.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of Royal Warrant and with the gracious approval of His Majesty the King signified through the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make the following Regulations.

1. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who were called out for service under Proclamation No. 6 of 1939 shall be allowed to count their embodied service twofold as qualifying service towards the award of the Efficiency Medal and clasps thereto.
2. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who served not less than two months in each calendar year in the ranks with any of His Majesty's forces during the World War 1939-45 shall be allowed to count as the equivalent of two annual "trainings" but not more than two "trainings" (including equivalent service) shall be counted in any one year for the purpose of these Regulations.
3. Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who were discharged from His Majesty's forces during the World War 1939-45 because of wounds or illness contracted on service and subsequently during the period of embodiment referred to in Regulation 1 above voluntarily re-enlisted in the Defence Force shall be allowed to count their embodied service twofold as qualifying service as aforesaid.
4. Officers, Warrant Officers, non-commissioned Officers and men of the Defence Force who served as officers on the active list of any of His Majesty's armed forces shall subject to the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935 be eligible for the award of the Efficiency Medal and Clasps and to be allowed to count their service as officers as qualifying service for the Medal and clasps except that officers who before 2nd September 1939 had qualified for the award of the Efficiency Decoration shall not be eligible for the Medal and Clasps unless they are qualified under the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935.
5. Any person who under Regulation 4 above receives an Efficiency Medal or Clasp and is or subsequently becomes entitled to an Efficiency Decoration shall not be permitted to wear such Medal and Clasp with the Efficiency Decoration except under the conditions laid down in Regulation 5 I of the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Decoration 1935.
6. In these Regulations "embodied service" shall mean service from the date of calling up to actual date of disembodiment of the individual concerned.
7. These Regulations shall be read and construed with the Regulations relating to the award of the Efficiency Medal 1935 as if they formed part thereof.

Stanley,

18th February, 1948.

M.P. 189/42.

Currency Note Security Fund.

Colonial Treasury,

Stanley, Falkland Islands.

15th June, 1947.

The Honourable

The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

In conformity with the provisions of the Falkland Islands Currency Notes Ordinance, 1930, I have the honour to submit a statement of transactions during the period 1st January to 31st December, 1946, inclusive.

2. The year commenced with a currency note circulation amounting to £54,296 : 10 and ended with the sum of £49,000. The following notes were in circulation on the 31st December, 1946 :—

Denomination.	Notes in circulation 1/1/46.	Value. £	Issues and Replacements.	Value. £	Cancelled and for withdrawal from circulation.	Value. £	Notes in circulation 31/12/46.	Value. £
£5 Series "A"	2		—		—		2	
" " "B"	12		—		—		12	
" " "C"	2,408		—		214		2,195	
		12,110 : 0 : 0				1,070 : 0 : 0		11,040
£1 Series "A"	57		—		—		57	
" " "B"	128		—		—		120	
" " "C"	38,323		—		2,633		35,690	
		38,508 : 0 : 0				2,641 : 0 : 0		35,867
10/- Series "C"	7,327		—		3,171		4,156	
		3,663 : 10 : 0				1,585 : 10 : 0		2,078
5/- Series "A"	31		—		—		31	
" " "B"	29		—		—		29	
		15 : 0 : 0						15
Total	...	54,296 : 10 : 0				5,296 : 10 : 0		49,000

3. The value of currency notes lodged with the Commissioner during the year by persons desiring to receive sterling in London was £26,808 : 3 : 11, yielding a commission of £265 : 3 : 2.

4. The total dividends earned by investments amounted to £1,456 : 10 : 9, which was credited direct to Revenue.

5. On the 31st December, 1946, the sum of £796 : 4 : 9 was credited to the Fund in respect of appreciation of investments held on behalf of the Fund at that date.

6. On the same date the sum of £1,640 : 7 : 9 was credited to Falkland Islands Revenue, being the surplus available after providing 110% of the Note Issue.

7. Statements of Receipts and Payments and of the Investments held at the end of the period under review are appended.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

E. F. LELLMAN,

Assistant Treasurer.

Note Security Fund.

STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS 1st JANUARY TO 31st DECEMBER, 1946.

RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.	
1946.		1946.	
To		By	
Balance 1st January	£60,854 : 16 : 3	Sterling payments by Crown Agents, London	£26,341 : 17 : 2
1% Commission received on transfers to London	265 : 3 : 2	Dividends to F. Is. Revenue	1,456 : 10 : 9
1% Commission received on transfers, Colony	8 : 6 : 9	Repayment of Remittance and Commission	1,515 : 0 : 0
Currency lodged for sterling payment in London	26,808 : 3 : 11	Sterling Payments made in Colony	877 : 15 : 2
Currency lodged with Crown Agents for payment, Colony	877 : 15 : 2	Decrease of Note Issue	5,296 : 10 : 0
Dividends received during year	1,456 : 10 : 9	Transferred to F. Is. Revenue after providing 110% of Note Issue	1,640 : 7 : 9
Telegrams	3 : 9 : 7	Balance	53,995 : 0 : 0
Settlement of claim for destroyed notes	52 : 10 : 6		
Appreciation of Investments	796 : 4 : 9		
	<u>£91,123 : 0 : 10</u>		<u>£91,123 : 0 : 10</u>

Balance :-

Market value of Investments	...	£52,648 : 1 : 10
Remittances in transit	...	95 : 0 : 0
Liquid balance	...	1,251 : 18 : 2
		<u>£53,995 : 0 : 0</u>

Note Security Fund.

INVESTMENTS 31st DECEMBER, 1946.

NAME OF STOCK.		%	FACE VALUE OF STOCK.			COST OF STOCK.			MARKET VALUE OF INVESTMENTS, 31st DECEMBER, 1946.			
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Price.	£	s.	d.
Queensland	1922/47	3	900	0	0	842	17	7	100	900	0	0
Nigeria	1955	3	2781	2	11	1925	13	3	106	2948	0	3
Fed. Malay States	1960/70	3	2925	11	4	2603	15	1	108	3159	12	2
Jamaica	1956/61	3	2020	4	0	2000	0	0	105	2121	4	2
Nigeria	1947/57	5	600	0	0	594	0	0	102	612	0	0
..	1963	4	1842	16	7	1617	1	4	123	2266	13	6
Kenya	1950	4½	2021	5	3	1945	6	6	108	2182	19	3
Nigeria	1950/60	5	3000	0	0	3282	10	0	110	3300	0	0
New Zealand	1949	5	2518	13	0	2510	7	9	109	2745	6	7
War Loan	1955/59	3	1021	13	10	1019	8	4	108½	1108	10	8
Tasmania	1940/50	4	1444	4	8	1476	5	6	101	1458	13	6
National War Bonds	1952/54	2½	3101	12	9	3184	19	10	104½	3245	1	9
Joint Colonial Fund			24177	4	4	23002	5	2		26048	1	10
			26600	0	0					26600	0	0
			50777	4	4	23002	5	2		52648	1	10
Market value of Investments			52648	1	10				
Book value			51851	17	1				
Depreciation			£ 796	4	9				



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Vol. LVII.

APRIL 1, 1948.

No. 4.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Barnes, B.	Harbour	Deckhand	1.4.48.	—
Conner, G. C.	Public Works	Plumber, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Earle, D.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Clerk, Grade V.	1.4.48.	—
Jenkins, A. H.	Police & Prisons	Chief Constable	29.2.48.	—
„ Mrs. A. H.	„ „ „	Gaol Matron	29.2.48.	—
Jones, H.	Public Works	Plasterer, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Smith, Miss V.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Clerk, Grade V.	1.4.48.	—
Tasker, J.	Public Works	Carpenter, (Development Programme)	29.2.48.	On Agreement for 3 years.
Whiddon, Miss E.	Education	Senior Assistant Mistress	29.2.48.	—

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Howatt, Mrs. F.	Education	Late Asst. Teacher	120 days plus period of voyage	16.3.48.	—
Turner, J.	Medical	Dental Mechanic	180 days plus period of voyage.	16.3.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Allan, R. J.	Clerk, Electrical & Telegraphs Dept.	22.3.48.	Resigned
Goodwin, Miss O.	Travelling Teacher	1.3.48.	„

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 23. 10th March, 1948.

Under the provisions of Ordinance No. 3 of 1943, His Excellency has been pleased to appoint
THE HONOURABLE R. W. S. WINTER, ESQ., J.P.,
to be Commissioner for the Revision of the Laws.
M.P. 0681.

No. 24. 9th March, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

DR. TERENCE JAMES GILMORE, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.,
to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with
effect from the 1st of March, 1948.

M.P. 0457.

No. 25. 10th March, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 1st of March, 1948. His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 9th of March, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 26. 16th March, 1948.

MR. A. H. HILLS,

Water Bailiff, Public Works Department, retired from the Public Service on health grounds with effect from the 13th of March, 1948.

M.P. P/129.

No. 27. 17th March, 1948.

POLICE SERGEANT JAMES NORRIS,

acted as Chief Constable from the 24th of August, 1947, to the 28th of February, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/115.

No. 28. 19th March, 1948.

Government clocks will be put back one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday, the 27th/28th of March, 1948, reverting to local mean time.

MP. 0064.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Denis Creamer, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Arthur Grenfell Barton, Attorney for the Executors of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

11th March, 1948.

L. 13/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Hannah Lee, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Edgar William Enestrom, executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

24th March, 1948.

L. 15/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

The Licensing Ordinance, 1944.

Regulations made by the Governor under Section 80.

No. 6 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations:

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Licensing Regulations, 1948.

2. Any licensed person who shall sell intoxicating liquor to any member of His Majesty's Armed Forces or to any member of the crew, other than a resident in the Colony, of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour for consumption off licensed premises, or to any person well knowing or having good reason to believe that such liquor is required for consumption off licensed premises by such members of His Majesty's Armed Forces, or by the crew of any vessel entering Stanley Harbour shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to the penalties set out in Section 79 of the Licensing Ordinance, 1944, and shall be liable to forfeit his licence.

3. The Licensing Regulations 1948 made on the 20th day of February, 1948, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 18th day of March, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Vital Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1947

COLONY

Births

				Male	Female	Total
Stanley	...	...	...	9	21	30
East Falkland	...	...	...	1	1	2
West Falkland	...	...	...	2	1	3
Total	...			12	23	35

BIRTHS 1946 — 37

Deaths

				Male	Female	Total
Stanley	...	...	...	13	14	27
East Falkland	...	...	...	1	—	1
West Falkland	...	...	...	2	1	3
Total	...			16	15	31

Maternal Mortality —

Infantile „ —

Still Births 3

DEATHS 1946 — 30

Marriages

			Anglican	Roman Catholic	Non-conformist	Registrar	Total
Stanley	...	...	6	—	4	12	22
East Falkland	...	...	—	—	—	—	—
West Falkland	...	...	—	—	—	—	—
Total	...		6	—	4	12	22

MARRIAGES 1946 — 23

Arrivals

1947	males 128	females 71	Total 199
1946	„ 120	„ 81	„ 201

Departures

1947	males 107	females 57	Total 164
1946	„ 121	„ 86	„ 207

Population

Estimated population of the Falkland Islands 1st January 1947 - 2234

Estimated population 31st December 1947 - 2273, increase 39, as shown below -

	Males	Females	Total
Estimated population 31st December 1946	1222	1012	2234
Add births 1947	12	23	35
	1234	1035	2269
Add arrivals 1947	128	71	199
	1362	1106	2468
Deduct deaths 1947	16	15	31
	1346	1091	2437
Deduct departures 1947	107	57	164
Totals	1239	1034	2273

Birth rate per 1,000	15.33
Illegitimate births, actual	2
„ „ per 1000 births	57.14
Death rate per 1,000	13.57
Population per sq. mile	0.52

DEPENDENCIES

Marriages Nil Births Nil Deaths 3
 Estimated resident population at South Georgia 360.
 „ „ „ „ other Dependencies 33.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar General.

Stanley, Falkland Islands,
 22nd March, 1948.



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MAY 1, 1948.

No. 5.

No. 1.

Proclamation

1948.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by Section 1 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 it is enacted that the said Ordinances shall come into force on a day to be specified by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette :

NOW THEREFORE I do order and proclaim and it is hereby ordered and proclaimed that the Customs Ordinance 1943 and the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 shall come into force on the 1st day of May, 1948, of which Judicial notice shall be taken.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 22nd day of April, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY
20. Jewellery, imitation, and wearing ornaments of every description	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
21. Matches, for every gross of boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	as stated per gross boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	10/-
Matches for every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches per 10,000 matches and so on in proportion.		
PROVIDED that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at ONE HALF of the General Tariff.		
22. Medicines, including all patent medicines, preparations, including liniments, ointments, salves, and 'cures' of all types	<i>ad valorem</i>	50%
23. Perfumery, all types	" "	33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
24. Photographic apparatus and materials including films ...	" "	15%
25. Pipes, smoking, and parts	" "	20%
26. Piece goods of silk, artificial silk or of synthetic fibre and including those of rayon, 'Nylon' types and plastics ...	" "	20%
27. Plate and plated ware	" "	15%
28. Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
(a) On Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	per gallon	52/-
(b) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
In cask	per gallon	4/6
In bottle	per dozen litres	13/3
" "	" " quarts	9/9
" "	" " pints	5/-
On other wines.		
In cask	per gallon	6/6
In bottle	per dozen litres	19/6
" "	" " quarts	14/3
" "	" " pints	7/3
(c) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,		
In cask	per gallon	1/-
In bottle	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
" "	" " " pts.	1/-
29. Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.		
(a) Cigars	per pound	19/3
(b) Cigarettes	" "	9/6
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	7/6
(d) On all other unexempted tobacco	" "	5/7
On other tobaccos.		
(a) Cigars	" "	20/-
(b) Cigarettes	" "	10/-
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	8/-
(d) On all other unexempted tobaccos	" "	6/-
30. Toilet soap, shaving soaps and creams	<i>ad valorem</i>	10%
31. Vehicles, bicycles, etc.,		
(a) Motor cars, trucks and omnibuses, together with parts and accessories	" "	10%
(b) Motor cycles, sidecars, and their component parts and accessories	" "	10%
(c) Other motor vehicles and parts	" "	10%
(d) Bicycles, tricycles together with their component parts and accessories	" "	10%

Export duties.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Bona fide passengers' baggage including domestic furniture wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet requisites, and any portable articles imported in a passengers' baggage, or on his person which might reasonably be expected to accompany him for his own regular and private use, and in which may be included alcoholic liquors and perfumery not exceeding one pint each, cigars not exceeding fifty in number, cigarettes not exceeding one hundred in number, or tobacco not exceeding half-pound in weight.

Bona fide passengers' baggage shall **not** include any dutiable articles other than of the amounts specified in the preceding paragraph.

Agricultural machinery.

Alarm Clocks.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Government, Town Council, or the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Church Plate.

Commercial Samples.

Cups, medals and other trophies, imported for presentation:-

- (a) As prizes at public examinations, exhibitions, shows, or for competitions of skill or sport open to the public or members of recognised clubs.
- (b) For bravery, good conduct, humanity, for excellence in art, industry, invention, manufacture, learning, science or for honourable or meritorious services.

This exemption shall not apply or extend to the importation or stocking of the articles mentioned for purposes of trade.

Cutlery.

Ethyl alcoholic imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Films sponsored by the Central Office of Information or British Council.

Fortified limejuice not exceeding 15% proof spirit.

Jewellery used as a setting for and incorporating Falkland Islands stones.

Medical preparations and drugs included in the British Pharmacopoeia and the British Pharmaceutical Codex and other medicinal preparations, drugs and disinfectants the label of which contains an adequate indication of the ingredients.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Plated souvenir ware bearing the Falkland Islands Crest.

Poppies, artificial, imported for sale in aid of the Earl Haig Fund.

Rifles and equipment for the use of the Defence Force Rifle Association and the Defence Force Miniature Rifle Club.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wedding rings, where the Collector is satisfied that they have been imported as such.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council
under the Post Office Ordinance 1898.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 4 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Post Office Ordinance 1898 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Post Office Order 1948.

Rates of postage
amendment.

2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the rate of postage to be charged on postal packets sent from any place within the Colony and its Dependencies to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Commonwealth shall be two and a half pennies per ounce or part of an ounce.

Air Letter Rate :
Amendment.

3. The fee, including postage rate, for an Air Letter to the United Kingdom or to any part of the British Commonwealth shall be 6d.

Rescissions.

4. The words "sent from the Colony to the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire and Egypt, 1d. per ounce or part of an ounce" contained in paragraph 2 of the Post Office (Rates of Postage and Fees) Order 1940, and paragraph 2 of the Post Office (Air Letter Fees) (Amendment) Order 1945, are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0666.

NOTICE.

Under Section 32 of the Customs Ordinance 1943.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 32 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to declare and hereby declares that the following goods imported under Section 30 of the Customs Ordinance 1943 shall be subject to the duty hereinafter specified :

Films, cinematograph

...

The full duty.

By Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

The Customs Ordinance 1943.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943.

No. 7 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948. Short title.
2. In these Regulations "Oil" includes oil from whales, whalebone, Sperm oil, Spermaceti, seals and any oil product from whales or seals. Definition.
3. (1) Any person exporting oil, whale or seal products or wool, shall within six calendar months from the date of the clearance of the exporting vessel, deliver to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, a Certificate in the appropriate form prescribed in the Schedule hereto and shall make and sign a declaration to the truth of the said Certificate. Certificate of Landing to be delivered to the Collector.
- (2) The said Certificate may be delivered by a duly authorized agent for and on behalf of the exporter; and the Collector, may, when it shall not be reasonably possible in his opinion for the exporter to deliver the Certificate within the period above prescribed, grant an extension of the period within which the Certificate shall be delivered. Collector may grant extension of the period required for delivery of Certificate.
4. The Certificate shall, in the case of oil, state the quantity of oil in barrels of 40 gallons as well as in the measure used at the port of discharge, and in the case of wool, the station mark on the bales and the number of bales landed, with the gross weight, tare and net weight in pounds, and the total weight of wool in pounds landed, and in the case of Whale or Seal products, the exporter's mark, the number and weight of bags and the total gross weight, tare and net weight of whale or seal products landed. Particulars required to be shewn on Certificate.
5. A separate certificate will be required in respect of oil, whale or seal products or wool landed at each port of landing or discharge outside the Colony. No certificate in respect of a consignment of wool shall cover wool from more than one station. Separate Certificates required in certain cases.
6. Any person not complying with any of the foregoing requirements shall commit an offence against the Customs Ordinance, 1943. Penalty.
7. The Customs (Export) Regulations 1923 are hereby rescinded. Repeal.
8. These Regulations shall apply to the Dependencies. Dependencies.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a meeting held on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0378.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM A.

Wool. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule A of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... Master's Name.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... Port and Date of Discharge.....

Sheep Station from which wool is consigned.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY OF WOOL DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on Bales</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of Bales</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of wool in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of wool in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the wool liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... Exporter or Agent.

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the wool entered and cleared as entered at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....
British Consular Officer.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM B.

Whale Oil or Seal Oil. Certificate of Landing.

(Schedule B of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations 1948.)

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Dates of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

State whether or not all the oil shipped is covered by this certificate. If any part of the shipment has been landed elsewhere mention must be made of the other ports and dates of discharge

QUANTITY OF OIL DISCHARGED.

<i>Number of barrels</i>	<i>Quantity in measure in use at port of Discharge*</i>	<i>Quantity in English gallons.</i>
.....containing
<i>Number of drums</i>		
.....containing
<i>Bulk oil discharged from ship's tanks</i>
<i>Total quantity discharged (in English Gallons)</i>		

*NOTE—The only measure recognized by law for the payment of duty is the barrel of 40 gallons. The Customs Department however accept the following rates for conversion into gallons, viz:- 9.25 lbs. or 4.546 litres or 4.196 kilogrammes = 1 gallon.

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that (with the exception of the oil landed at.....†) I have fully described and set forth all the whale and seal oil liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S. S. "....." at.....on the.....day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., Regulations 1948.

(Sgd).....
Exporter or Agent.

Date.....19.....

† To be omitted if cargo discharged at one port only.

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the oil entered and cleared as entered at this port, from the above mentioned vessel.

(Sgd).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

*I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....*

(Sgd).....
British Consular Officer.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM C.

Whale or Seal Products. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule C of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Dates of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY OF WHALE OR SEAL PRODUCTS DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on bags</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of bags</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of products in lbs.</i> ...	...	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of products in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the Whale or Seal Products liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... *Exporter or Agent.*

CERTIFICATE No......

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the products landed or discharged at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....

Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....

Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....

British Consular Officer.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

No. 8 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Customs Regulations 1948 and shall apply to the Dependencies. Short title.

2. The hours of duty of Customs Officers shall be :

Customs officers :
hours of duty.

INDOOR.

Weekdays 9.00 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. (the period 12.30 p.m. – 2.0 p.m.
2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. being allowed for meals).

Saturdays 9.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

OUTDOOR.

Weekdays 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Saturdays 7.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Subject to such intervals for meals as may be approved by the Collector of Customs or Deputy Collector of Customs.

3. Any person requiring the services of a Customs Officer otherwise than within the hours specified in the above Regulations (the approval of the Collector of Customs having been first obtained) shall pay fees at the following rates in respect of each officer so required : Fees payable for
services outside hours
of duty.

(a) On weekdays (not being Office Holidays)

- (i) Between the hour of 6.00 a.m. and the hour appointed for the commencement of duty and after the appointed hours of duty to 8.00 p.m. TWO SHILLINGS AND THREE PENCE for every hour or part of an hour.
- (ii) Between the hours of 8.00 p.m. and 6.00 a.m. THREE SHILLINGS AND SIX-PENCE for every hour or part of an hour.

Provided that unless the service be continuous with the end or beginning of the hours of routine duty the minimum charge shall be for two hours.

On Sundays, Christmas Day, and Office Holidays

- (iii) Between 6.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m. SEVEN SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for the first two hours or part of two hours, and TWO SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for every hour or part of an hour thereafter.
- (iv) Between 8.00 p.m. and 6.00 a.m. TEN SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for the first two hours or part of two hours, and THREE SHILLINGS AND SIX PENCE for every hour or part of an hour thereafter.

When the services of an officer extend from one period of time into the other the longer time served in either shall govern the amount of the fee to be paid in respect of the Officer's overtime for the first two hours or part of two hours.

(b) COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS. When the personal services of

the Collector of Customs are required by any person out of the hours appointed for Indoor Duties, double the above rates will be charged.

- (c) For the single act of entering or clearing or of entering and at the same time clearing a vessel provided that the Officer's services be not otherwise required and charged for under section (a) above.

On Weekdays 10/6d.

On Sundays, Christmas Day, and
Office Holidays ... 15/-.

Whale catchers etc.

4. In the case of a Whale Catcher or Whale Catchers being entered or cleared together with, and at the same time as, a Whale Factory or Steamer belonging to the same Company, the inclusive fee for each Factory or Steamer and Catchers shall be full rate and a half.

Payment to Customs Officers.

5. Fees paid under these Regulations may be paid by the Treasurer to the officer in respect of whose services the fees were originally paid into the Treasury.

Rescission of Customs Rules 1916 and Customs (Amendment) Rules 1919.

6. The Customs Rules 1916 and the Customs (Amendment) Rules 1919 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 22nd day of April, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Licence fee amendments.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "three pounds" for the words "two pounds" in the fourth line thereof.

3. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "one pound and ten shillings" for the words "one pound" in the fourth line thereof.

Operation.

4. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939, hereinafter referred to as "the Principal Ordinance". Short title.

2. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following section substituted in lieu thereof :— Rates.

"21. (1) The tax upon the chargeable income of every person other than a company shall be charged at the following rates :—

On the first £100 of such income	...	Nil.
In respect of the excess over £100		
for every pound of the first £100	...	1/6
" " " " next £250	...	2/-
" " " " £250	...	2/6
" " " " £250	...	3/-
" " " above £950	...	3/6

(2) The Tax upon the chargeable income of a company shall be charged at the rate of three shillings and sixpence on every pound of the chargeable income thereof."

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of "seventy-five" for "fifty" in the last line thereof and by the addition of the following subsections. Deduction in respect of wife and dependants.

"15. (2) Where a widower or widow proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he or she had during the year of assessment a female relative of his or of his deceased wife or of her or of her deceased husband resident with him or her for the purpose of taking charge of his or her children there shall be a deduction not exceeding fifty pounds in respect of that female relative or other female person :

Provided that :

- (a) no deduction shall be allowed under this section unless the claimant proves that no other person is entitled to a deduction in respect of the female relative under the provisions of this Ordinance or if any other person is entitled that he has relinquished his claim thereto: and
- (b) no deduction shall be allowed under this section where the female relative is a married woman living with her husband and the husband has claimed the allowance under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) (a) Where a claimant proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he maintains at his own expense any person being a relative of his or of his wife who is incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or his or his wife's widowed mother, whether incapacitated or not whose total income from all sources does not exceed fifty pounds a year he shall be entitled to a deduction not exceeding twenty-

five pounds a year in respect of each person whom he so maintains and a like deduction shall be made in the case of a claimant who by reason of old age or infirmity is compelled to depend upon the services of a daughter resident with and maintained by him or her.

(b) Where two or more persons jointly maintain any such person as aforesaid the deduction to be made under this subsection shall be apportioned between them in proportion to the amount or value of their respective contributions towards the maintenance of that person.

(c) This subsection shall apply to a claimant being a female person as it applies to a claimant being a male person with the substitution of "husband" for "wife".

Deduction in respect of children.

4. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition at the end of the first clause, of the following proviso :

"Provided that where a child is being educated abroad either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five pounds in respect of each such child."

Repeal.

5. The Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1940 is hereby repealed.

Operation.

6. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the
Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the
Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Repeal) Ordinance 1948.

Repeal
No. 2 of 1943.
No. 5 of 1946.
No. 3 of 1947.

2. The Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947 are hereby repealed.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance 1944, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance. Short title.

2. Section 5, subsection (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of "Club licence" after "wholesale licence". Club Licence.

3. The following section shall be inserted after section 9 in the Principal Ordinance.

"9A. (1) A Club licence shall authorise the licensee to sell liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder of such licence shall not be restricted to the hours specified for the sale of intoxicating liquors in Section 42 hereof.

(2) A club shall mean a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sports, art, science or literature or similar purpose and shall be subject to such regulations as the Governor in Council may from time to time decide.

(3) Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member, official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether temporarily or permanently, without first obtaining a Club Licence shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance."

4. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended as follows : Fees.

"for a publicans retail licence for six months	£15 : 0 : 0.
for a wholesale licence for twelve months	£30 : 0 : 0.
for a club licence for twelve months	£10 : 0 : 0."

but in all other respects the said section shall remain as promulgated.

5. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949. Operation.



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MAY 1, 1948.

No. 6.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Harries, R.	Secretariat & Treasury	Messenger	1.4.48.	On probation for 6 months.
Kenny, Miss H.	Education	Camp Teacher	7.2.48.	On probation for one year.

PROMOTIONS.

			<i>Date</i>
Enestrom, E. W.	Acting Postmaster, Grade II.	to Postmaster, Grade I.	1.1.48.
Biggs, B. N.	Acting Collector of Customs, Grade II.	to Collector of Customs, Grade I.	1.1.48.
King, V. T.	Assistant Printer, Grade IV.	to Assistant Printer, Grade III.	1.1.48.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bennett, H.	Judicial	Clerk, Grade III.	180 days plus period of voyage	28.4.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Goss, R. V.	Special Constable (Temporary)	29.4.48.	Departmental reorganization.
Hooley, Miss D.	Nurse Probationer	31.3.48.	Resigned.
Newing, Miss O.	Travelling Teacher	30.4.48.	"
Watson, T. D.	Travelling Teacher	31.3.48.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 29. 2nd April, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance, No. 4 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-six in excess of the expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 2 of 1945.

Ordinance, No. 3 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Tariff Ordinance, 1943".

Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to constitute a Town Council for Stanley, to provide for the conduct of Elections and to regulate the general powers of the Council".

M.Ps. 0558, D/6/47/II., 0039/II.

No. 30. 8th April, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM JOHN GRIERSON, ESQ.,

to be a Justice of the Peace for the Colony, with effect from the 5th of April, 1948.

M.P. 0457.

No. 31. 17th April, 1948.

The title of the post "Assistant to Engineer" Harbour Department has been altered to "Mechanic" Harbour Department with effect from the 1st of January, 1948.

M.P. P/286.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Thomas Dunraven Hardy, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ernest Vine Dixon, executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of

Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th April, 1948.

L. 18/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Helen Curran, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Henry Hannaford, executor appointed by the beneficiaries of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

28th April, 1948.

L. 19/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Ernest Pedersen, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Mary Ann Pedersen, sister-in-law of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

16th April, 1948.

L. 20/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Report on Education in the Colony for the year 1946.

PART I.

Preface.

1. The population of the Falkland Islands is almost entirely British, and of European descent. It totals less than 2,300, and has been decreasing slowly in recent years. About half of the people live in the one town of Stanley, the rest being scattered either in small settlements or in isolated shepherds' houses over an area about the size of Yorkshire. The whole country outside Stanley is called the "Camp".

2. On account of the small population, the wide area over which it is scattered, and the poor communications, the provision of a good education for all children is a difficult problem, not yet solved. Education is compulsory between the ages of five and fourteen, but it is not possible to enforce this in the Camp.

3. The Educational facilities fall into four groups :

- (a) Schools in Stanley.
- (b) Small schools in a few of the Camp settlements.
- (c) Tuition by itinerant teachers in the rest of the Camp.
- (d) Further education.

Stanley.

4. A Government School is maintained from Public Funds. The curriculum and time-table of this school, catering for children between the ages of 5 and 14, are much the same as in a similar all-age school in England; a full-time Continuation Class offers a two-year course beyond Standard 6. A scheme of boarding allowances, to assist Camp parents to send their children to Stanley for schooling, has been in operation for many years.

Settlement Schools.

5. Wherever possible, full-time or part-time schools are maintained in Camp settlements; the establishment and closure of these schools depend at present partly on the number of children in the settlement (there are few settlements with as many as six children), and partly on the availability of teachers. During 1946 the Government supported small full-time schools at Teal Inlet and Salvador, and part-time schools at San Carlos and Fox Bay; there was also a full-time school at Chartres for the first few months of the year, and an almost full-time school at Roy Cove during the latter part of the year. The organisation of these schools varied according to local circumstances, but in all cases, besides providing financial support, the Government supervised the work done in them. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains two part-time schools, one at Darwin and the other at North Arm, for the children of its employees: up till the present these schools have not been assisted or inspected by the Government.

Tuition in the rest of the Camp.

6. The Government provides a number of itinerant teachers on the East and West Falklands. These teachers travel from house to house, mainly on horseback but sometimes by boat, and teach the children in their homes; they usually stay a fortnight or a month at each house. The houses are often isolated, and the teacher usually has to travel for several hours before reaching the next place where there are children to be taught. Each teacher has a "beat" which he or she normally covers at least four times a year. At the conclusion of his stay at each place, the teacher sends in a report to the Supervisor of Camp Education, giving a detailed account of work done, progress made by the children, and so on.

7. The work of the Camp teachers is supplemented by daily educational broadcasts from Stanley.

8. In addition to the Camp teachers, the Government employs a full-time Supervisor of Camp Education who travels round the Camp, supervising and organizing the work of the Government travelling teachers and of the settlement schools supported by the Government. The Superintendent of Education also makes periodic tours of inspection in the Camp.

9. The Falkland Islands Company also maintains a few travelling teachers (four during 1946) for work on its extensive farms on the East Falklands. As with the Company's schools at Darwin and North Arm, the work of these teachers has not so far been subject to Government inspection, nor has any financial assistance been given by the Government.

Further Education.

10. Further Education is provided by a system of scholarships to the British School in Montevideo, and also, to a limited extent, by winter evening classes in Stanley.

PART II.

Administration and Staffing.

11. The authorised establishment of the Education Department at the beginning of 1946 was as follows:

Superintendent of Education & Headmaster, Govt. School	} Qualified teachers from overseas.
One Assistant Master	
Three Assistant Mistresses (one for infants, two for seniors)	
One Temporary Assistant Mistress	
One Assistant Master	
Five Assistant Teachers	} Recruited and trained locally.
Two Temporary Teachers	
Four Pupil Teachers	
Supervisor of Camp Education	Uncertificated, with experience in United Kingdom.
Teacher for Educational Broadcasts	Qualified teacher, recruited in United Kingdom.
Eight Camp Teachers	Recruited and trained locally.
One Clerk.	
One School Caretaker.	

12. In addition to the above (par. 11), provision was made for assistance in the Camp from teachers (four at the beginning of the year) who, while not regular members of the staff of the Education Department, helped with the teaching in varying degrees; in Stanley part-time teachers gave assistance with gardening and evening classes.

13. Of the authorised establishment, some teachers were overseas during the greater part of the year, while others could not be obtained; so although the provision for staff appears quite good, in reality shortages and changes of staff proved a severe handicap to the work of the Department throughout 1946.

14. Of five qualified assistant masters or mistresses from overseas provided for on the staff of the Government School, there were at the beginning of 1946 only three (an assistant mistress in the Infant Department and an assistant mistress and a temporary assistant mistress in the senior school) actually at work in the Colony; and of these the temporary assistant mistress resigned at the end of January on account of ill-health. Another assistant mistress for the senior school arrived in May (Miss H. Page Gray, selected in England in July 1945 to take the place of one of the two qualified assistant masters who were provided for in 1945, but who could not be obtained). The efforts that were continued during 1946 to obtain a qualified assistant master from the United Kingdom or elsewhere met with no success, so that throughout 1946 the school still remained without a qualified assistant master.

15. Of the five locally-recruited assistant teachers on the staff of the Government School, two were on leave in the United Kingdom for the greater part of the year.

16. Four pupil teachers were employed in the Government School in 1946. Two of these had already worked as pupil teachers in 1945; the other two were appointed early in 1946. The two who had already had one year's training now took a much larger share in the actual teaching; between them they took over most of the work of one class. The work of the two new pupil teachers was planned on lines broadly similar to those followed for the new pupil teachers in 1945 (see pars. 17-19 of the Report for 1945). As in 1945, the shortage of qualified teachers in the Government School limited what could be done in the way of training the pupil teachers.

17. One of the pupil teachers spent the last few months of the year as teacher in the settlement school at Roy Cove. Her going there was part of the inception of a general plan to encourage Stanley teachers to serve for a time in the Camp, the plan having the double object of improving the staffing position in the Camp and giving Stanley teachers a better understanding of the life and needs of the Islands as a whole.

18. In the Camp there were a number of changes in staff during the year. At the beginning of the year there were six travelling teachers in the Government service (provision had been made for eight); in the course of the year one of the travelling teachers went overseas on leave, three resigned, and three new ones were appointed (the pupil teacher who went out from Stanley to Roy Cove is not included among these). At the beginning of the year there were also four full-time or part-time teachers who, while not on the regular permanent staff of the Education Department, helped with the teaching in their own settlements; in the course of the year one of these stopped work, but three new teachers started work on similar lines in three other settlements. By the end of the year, therefore, the number of teachers at work in the sections of the Camp provided for by the Government had increased by two; the staffing position was still however by no means entirely satisfactory; in particular, the quality of some of the teachers left much to be desired. For further details, see pars. 39, 42, 44, 54.

19. The Supervisor of Camp Education was on leave from the beginning of the year until August.

20. Changes occurred also in the non-teaching staff of the Department and added to the administrative difficulties of the year.

School Attendance.

21. <i>Government School, Stanley :</i>	Boys	Girls	Total.
Number on roll 31st December 1946	109	123	232
Average number on roll during 1946	103	107	210
Average attendance during 1946	99	102	201
Percentage of average attendance			96
<i>School at San Carlos :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	5	7
<i>School at Teal Inlet :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	7	4	11
<i>School at Salvador :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	3	—	3
<i>School at Fox Bay :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	2	4
<i>F. I. Co's School, Darwin :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	5	7	12
<i>F. I. Co's School, North Arm :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	2	4	6
<i>Government Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	33	25	58
<i>F. I. Co's Travelling Teachers :</i>			
Number under tuition during 1946	18	22	40
Total number under tuition during 1946	175	176	351

22. The above figures do not include a few Camp children who were being taught privately by their parents, with or without help from the Education Department. The five children attending the school at Chartres during the early part of the year and the eight attending the school at Roy Cove during the latter part of the year are included in the figures given for Government travelling teachers, as they were included in travelling teachers' beats for the greater part of the year.

Finance.

23. The expenditure under Head XII. Education of the annual estimates of expenditure was £7,159 : 7 : 1, as compared with £6,523 : 6 : 7 in 1945. The revenue collected in 1946 amounted to £181 : 12 : 0, as against £174 : 8 : 4 in 1945.

EXPENDITURE	£	s.	d.	REVENUE	£	s.	d.
1. Personal Emoluments	4,811	4	11	1. School Fees	149	5	3
2. Other Charges	2,348	2	2	2. Sale of School Materials	32	6	9
	£7,159	7	1		£181	12	0

Government School, Stanley.

24. The year in the Government School was again a difficult and unsettled one. An outbreak of mumps occurred in April and lasted for several months, affecting not only nearly all the children (a number of whom had more than one attack), but also some of the teachers. The school began to settle down better towards the end of the year, after the arrival of Miss Gray and the return from leave of Mr. Draycott (Supervisor of Camp Education) and Mrs. Draycott (Assistant Teacher). Unfortunately a further interruption to the work of the school was caused when, in order to avert a threatened outbreak of measles, it was considered advisable to close the school for the summer holidays three weeks earlier than usual.

25. The Infant Department continued to meet in its temporary accommodation in the former St. Mary's School. Some improvements were made to the paths and playground, but the premises remain in a number of respects far from satisfactory. End-of-term parties were organised as in the preceding year, great credit being due to Miss Downs and the staff of the Infants' Department for all they did to make the parties so successful. For the first half of the year, in order to ease staffing difficulties in the junior school, the Standard 1 children continued to be taught in the Infants' Department by the teacher who had taught them the previous year.

26. The work in the junior and senior classes was carried on in most respects on lines similar to those followed during the past few years. Shortages of materials due to conditions in the United Kingdom still caused some difficulty. A good gramophone and some good records (including the Columbia History of Music series) were acquired locally and will form the basis of a collection useful for musical appreciation. The classes in woodwork and domestic science were continued as in 1945 — the domestic science classes still being held in temporary premises in the Church Hall, as the former domestic science rooms in Church House were still occupied by Royal Naval personnel. The former classes in agricultural science for the senior boys had to be allowed to lapse for the time being, on account of staff shortages in both the Education Department and the Agricultural Department; their place was partly taken by a series of gardening talks given by the Government House gardener. As the public gymnasium was still in use for other purposes, the physical training classes continued to be held, by kind

permission of the Falkland Islands Defence Force, in the Defence Force Drill Hall. For outdoor games, the girls played hockey and netball; the boys played mainly association football, but also some rugby and hockey, with a few games of rounders on occasions when the playing fields could not be used for other games.

An innovation introduced during the year, as an experiment, was a weekly "Hobbies Period" for the seniors: the idea of this period was to offer the seniors some choice in activities that had both recreational and educational value, and might provide or strengthen interests that would be of value to them in their leisure time now and in later years. For this period the ordinary class divisions were abandoned, and the children chose the activity they wished to pursue. The choice offered to them depended partly on what were known to be their interests, and partly on the particular abilities of the teachers who would be directing the groups: the groups finally organized were Folk Dancing, Music and Plays, Woodwork, and "Indoor Activities" (a miscellaneous group including such things as painting, knitting, and educational games).

27. Towards the end of the year a House system was introduced into the junior and senior schools, with the aims of improving the corporate life of the school, giving the children further opportunities for bearing responsibility, and bringing healthy competition into some aspects of the school life where, partly from the nature of the place, the lack of competition was particularly felt. Some of the children had previously expressed a desire to have a House system introduced, and the scheme was discussed thoroughly with them before being brought into operation. Although it was realized that with regard to games some difficulty would be caused by the smallness of the numbers of children in each House in each section of the school, it was decided, for the sake of better competition, to have four Houses. These were named after the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands - Georgia, Graham, Orkney, and Shetland Houses. The system was linked with the system of prefects developed in 1945, the Prefects being the House Captains. In each class there were also four Class Captains, each responsible for the affairs of his House in that class. Marks in the inter-House competition were awarded (or deducted) for classwork, games, smartness and general conduct. It was hoped to obtain badges and a House Cup and Shield in 1947.

28. In November the children produced a concert. This was intended in the first place as part of the internal life of the school, and was produced on two Friday afternoons in the Church Hall, adjacent to the school: later however, in response to numerous requests, a public performance (considerably abridged) was given in the Gymnasium. The items, based as much as possible on the ordinary work being done in the school, included plays, songs, recitations, and various types of physical training. Every class, from the youngest infant class upwards, contributed items.

29. When H.M.C.S. "Uganda" visited Stanley in March, the school-children spent a very interesting and enjoyable afternoon on board, as guests of the Ship's Company. For many of the children this was their first visit to a warship.

30. On Sunday, November 10th, a large group of children from the school attended the Remembrance Day Ceremony at the Cross of Sacrifice. One of the prefects placed a wreath on behalf of the school.

31. The children took part with keen interest in the ceremonies connected with the change of Governor during the year. They lined the jetty to bid farewell to the retiring Governor, Sir Allan Cardinall, K.B.E., C.M.G., and again to greet the new Governor, Mr. G. M. Clifford, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D. The senior classes, and many of the younger children as well, attended the swearing-in ceremonies for the Acting Governor, Mr. A. B. Mathews, O.B.E., and later for the new Governor. At this latter ceremony, as a token of the welcome extended to His Excellency and Mrs. Clifford by the school-children, a child from one of the infant classes presented Mrs. Clifford with a bouquet.

32. During the year His Excellency Sir Allan Cardinall paid two visits to the school, - his usual one on St. George's Day, and another to bid good-bye to the children shortly before his departure for the United Kingdom. On this second occasion he was accompanied by the Colonial Secretary, Mr. A. B. Mathews, who also made two other visits in the course of the year, - an informal one soon after his arrival, and a more formal one, as Acting Governor, on Trafalgar Day.

33. All the school-children were examined medically and dentally in the middle of the year. A second medical and dental examination was started towards the end of the year, but was interrupted by the early closure of the school.

34. In co-operation with the Medical and Agricultural Departments, a scheme was started for providing free milk at school for children who were considered by the Senior Medical Officer to need extra milk. From October onwards, in order to encourage the drinking of milk and to support the dairymen in maintaining a high level of production, a certain amount of surplus milk was sold at the school at half-price. Apart from any direct physical benefit these schemes may have conferred, they seem to have been useful in drawing attention to the nutritional value of milk.

35. On account of the early closure of the school at the end of the year, the usual Open Day and Display of Work, planned for the third week in December, had to be abandoned.

36. At first it was planned to hold over the Prize-Giving too until the school re-opened in 1947; but when the threat of measles passed before Christmas, it was decided to hold an informal ceremony to present such prizes as could be awarded while the teachers and children were dispersed for holidays. His Excellency the Governor presented the prizes.

37. The Old Pupils' Association carried on its activities on the same lines as in previous years, providing its members with a varied programme of talks, cinema shows, dances and whist drives throughout the winter months.

The Camp.

38. Pending a decision on the reorganization scheme submitted by Mr. T. D. Evans in 1943, the Education Department carried on in the Camp with the policy followed in 1945, of keeping the travelling teachers' beats as small as possible and developing settlement schools wherever the number of children justified it and a teacher was available. Apart from the difficulty of concentrating the children in convenient centres, the greatest obstacle to the success of this policy was the difficulty of obtaining enough good teachers.

39. On the West Falklands, at the beginning of 1947, there were 53 children to be taught, in 16 different places. Five travelling teachers were working on the West at the beginning of the year, and a sixth was appointed in February to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation in November 1945. Of the five teachers at work at the beginning of the year, one was stationed permanently on Saunders Island teaching the seven children in the settlement; another was teaching in the full-time school at Chartres and paying occasional visits to one child in a shepherd's house not far away.

During the year the situation outlined above changed considerably. As in 1945, there were many posts vacant on the farms; in consequence of this, men moved frequently from one job to another; and the resulting fluctuations in child population, as families moved from one place to another, were a continual source of difficulty in the provision of educational facilities. The difficulties caused by these movements of population were accentuated by the many changes in the teaching staff that occurred during the year (see par. 18).

At the end of the year, there were 49 children under tuition on the West Falklands, in 15 different places. In place of the five travelling teachers at work at the beginning of the year, there were four travelling teachers (including the Roy Cove teacher - see par. 43), one full-time settlement teacher (spending her time evenly between the two settlements at Port Howard), and two part-time settlement teachers (see pars. 40 and 41); one more travelling teacher was still needed.

40. The number of children attending the school at Chartres dropped to five at the beginning of the year. In March the teacher resigned to get married; and when efforts to replace her were unsuccessful, Chartres was included with Roy Cove and Hill Cove in a travelling teacher's beat. Later in the year the work at Chartres was taken over by a part-time teacher.

41. A part-time school was established at Fox Bay East in January, meeting at first for two hours a day, and later for three hours a day. The teacher was Mrs. E. Smith, the wife of the wireless operator, and a former teacher in the Government School in Stanley. The school met in her house; Mrs. Smith went to considerable trouble to make the school a success, and some very good work was done there. The number of children attending increased from 3 in January to 6 (including one boarder) by the end of the year.

42. Early in the year, as there were 8 children in the settlement at Hill Cove, an attempt was made to obtain an extra teacher to start a full-time school there; it was however not possible to get the extra teacher, so Hill Cove had to remain as part of a travelling teacher's beat (later the number of children dwindled to 4).

43. Towards the middle of the year, with 8 children in the settlement at Roy Cove, arrangements were made to establish a settlement school there. Although a permanent school building could not be provided then, a Nissen hut sent out by the Government and erected by the men on the station made a comfortable temporary schoolroom. As already mentioned (par. 17), the teacher was one of the pupil-teachers from the Government School in Stanley. By the time the school opened in September one of the eight children from the settlement had gone to live at a shepherd's house a short distance away. Efforts to arrange for him to board in the settlement from Monday to Friday were unsuccessful, so it was arranged that the teacher should visit him once a week (spending every Saturday morning and every second Friday with him). When in the settlement, the teacher lived in the home of the manager and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Miller. In this and all other arrangements necessary for the establishment and running of the school, the generous help given by Mr. and Mrs. Miller was invaluable.

44. On the East Falkland, at the beginning of 1946, there were 35 children under tuition in the part of the Island where educational services were provided by the Government. Of these children 22 were taught by settlement teachers at San Carlos, Teal Inlet and Salvador (see pars. 45-47), one was taught privately by her mother (with the help of materials supplied by the Education Department), and the remaining 12, living in 6 different places, were taught by a travelling teacher. The travelling teacher's beat was very awkward, as three of the places were on one side of the island and three on the other side, and transport difficulties made it necessary for the teacher to spend several months on one side of the island and then several months on the other. For the first half of the year, a part-time teacher at Port San Carlos, where there were 3 children, helped a little during the travelling teacher's absence. Efforts to obtain another travelling teacher had been begun in 1945, but it was not until September 1946 that the extra teacher was finally obtained. From this time until the end of the year, the number of teachers at work on the East Falkland was satisfactory.

45. The part-time school at San Carlos was carried on throughout 1946 on the same lines as in 1945, under the capable management of Mrs. J. Bonner, the wife of the manager of San Carlos Station. The school met for two hours daily, the children doing homework in addition. Five children attended regularly - three from the settlement and two who walked in daily from the Head of the Bay (a walk of about an hour). Two other smaller children at the Head of the Bay worked under Mrs. Bonner's direction, sending their work in each week and receiving periodical visits from her; one of them came in to the school sometimes in good weather. Two more children living in the settlement started school towards the end of the year. At the end of the year one of the San Carlos children won a Government scholarship to Montevideo, this being the second year in succession that one of Mrs. Bonner's pupils had achieved this distinction.

46. Good work was again done at the school conducted at Teal Inlet by the resident teacher-storekeeper. Except for a few weeks when the teacher was ill, the children received full-time schooling

throughout the school year. The school provided for all the children on Teal Inlet Station; eight children living in the settlement attended all the time, and three others living in outside houses came in as boarders for periods of several weeks at a time, with spells at home (doing homework) in between. The regular Teal Inlet teacher-storekeeper, Mr. O. McPhee, was overseas for four months in the middle of the year, as a member of the contingent representing the Falkland Islands Defence Force at the Victory Parade in London: during his absence his work at Teal Inlet was carried on by a temporary teacher-storekeeper.

47. The school at Salvador was carried on as in 1945, the children being taught for four hours a day, and the teacher receiving an allowance proportionate to the number of children taught. At the beginning of the year four children, all living in the settlement, were in attendance: this number however soon dropped to three.

48. The daily wireless broadcasts, designed to supplement the work of the teachers in the Camp, were continued during 1946 on broadly the same lines as in 1945. At the opening session of the year, His Excellency the Governor spoke to the children. The year began well: interest among the children was high, and as a result of improvements made at the transmitting station in 1945, reception was much better than it had been when the scheme was first started. Unfortunately, as the year wore on, deteriorating reception and other factors caused some decline in the number of children listening regularly. An investigation towards the end of the year revealed that the transmitting aerial had been damaged, and when this was put right, reception improved again. The shortage of suitable wireless receivers, and difficulties over charging accumulators and replacing damaged parts, remained a serious handicap, greatly limiting the number of listeners. Cyclo-styled notes for many of the lessons were sent to the teachers and children. Some of the teachers made excellent use of the wireless lessons: others could have made much more use of them than they did.

49. During the year five portable projectors for film-strips were obtained by the Information Officer (the Rev. W. F. McWhan) from the Ministry of Information in England and sent out to the Camp in the care of the Camp teachers. Films were provided from the Education Department stock, which was augmented during the year by gifts from the Information Officer. The projectors should be a valuable asset in the Camp in the winter months; although the winter was nearly over when the projectors first reached the Camp, some much-appreciated performances (for both old and young) were given in 1946. In this and other matters the Information Officer has given much generous help.

50. On the return of the Supervisor of Camp Education from leave he made a tour on the West Falklands first (his last tour in 1945 having been on the East); then a little before Christmas he began a tour on the East.

51. The Superintendent of Education made a tour on the West Falklands in January and February and a visit to Johnson's Harbour on the East Falkland in November.

52. The boarding allowances granted by the Government for Camp children coming in to school in Stanley were continued during 1946 at the rate of £2 a month. The total number of Camp children who received assistance under this scheme during 1946 was 33, as against 27 in 1945; 24 out of the 33 (as compared with 22 in 1945) attended the school in Stanley for periods of more than six months. The above figures include three children whose parents were in South Georgia, where there are no educational facilities. The rest of the children came (as usual) mainly from the East Falklands.

53. The scheme of boarding allowances instituted in 1945 to encourage children from outside houses to attend settlement schools as boarders was continued during 1946. In the parts of the Camp where the Government is responsible for providing education, four children attended settlement schools under this scheme - three at Teal Inlet (see par. 46), and one at Fox Bay (from August to December). When first introduced, the scheme was confined to Government-controlled schools; but during 1946 it was extended, subject to Government approval in each case, to children attending the Falkland Islands Company's schools; allowances were granted for one child who attended the school in Darwin for between three and four months, and for another who began attending the school at North Arm shortly before the end of the year.

54. Some mention has already been made of one of the greatest difficulties of Camp education at the present time, namely that of building up a teaching staff adequate in both numbers and quality. Frequently no answers have been received to advertisements for Camp teachers. At the beginning of the year, in spite of most strenuous efforts to obtain teachers, the number of teachers employed was two less than the number desired; by the end of the year it had been possible only to reduce the deficiency from two to one. One result of the shortage has been that the qualifications of many of the teachers employed fall short of what is desired.

55. All the new travelling teachers appointed during the year (but not all the new settlement teachers) were given some training in Stanley before they started their work in the Camp; the amount of training that they could be given was however limited by the urgent need to have them at work in the Camp and by the difficulty of freeing qualified teachers to give them the training required. The travelling teachers already serving in the Camp (except those who left the service or left the Colony early in the year) were also given short refresher courses when they came in to Stanley for their annual holiday. It was planned to have some of the less-qualified teachers in for long periods of further education and training, but the staff in the Camp was not strong enough numerically to do this in 1946.

56. At the end of 1945, a scheme of Bursaries was introduced, to give Camp children who wished to become Camp teachers an extra year's schooling in Stanley (see par. 56 in the 1945 Report). The first two of these Bursaries were to have been awarded in 1946. The scheme, however, evoked little response. No applications were received when they were invited at the beginning of the year. About the middle of the year a candidate applied, and was given a two months' trial; but she did not show sufficient promise during the two months to justify the continuance of the assistance to her. One of the main reasons for the poor response to the scheme seems to have been the reluctance of parents to send their children away from home.

57. Raising the standard of education to a thoroughly satisfactory level throughout the Camp is naturally a process that will take some time. The improvement made in English and arithmetic in the three years between 1943 and 1946 is indicated in the table below, where the children under tuition at 31st December 1943 and 31st December 1946 are classified according to their ability in these two subjects; most of the children who were under tuition during the full period have risen three classes (and some more than three classes) in the three years. Alongside the improvement in English and arithmetic there has also been an increase between 1943 and 1946 in the work done in other subjects. Progress has not been equally good in all parts of the Camp, and further improvement is still needed.

SCHOLARS IN CAMP, BY CLASSES AND AGES, AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 1943 AND 31ST DECEMBER 1946.

Class.	Year.	Ages.												Totals.	Average Ages.	
		15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	Under 5		Years.	Months.
Cont. Class.	1943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1946	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	14	2
Std. 6	1943	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	13	6
	1946	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	13	2
Std. 5	1943	-	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	13	1
	1946	-	-	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	12	2
Std. 4	1943	-	-	4	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	12	10
	1946	2	1	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	11	8
Std. 3	1943	1	1	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	11	11
	1946	1	1	3	3	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	13	11	2
Std. 2	1943	-	-	2	1	4	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	13	10	3
	1946	-	-	1	1	-	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	9	10	5
Std. 1	1943	1	4	1	3	1	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	17	11	0
	1946	-	-	1	-	1	2	5	-	1	-	-	-	10	9	2
Infants	1943	-	1	-	2	3	2	5	7	6	4	2	-	32	7	10
	1946	-	-	-	1	1	3	5	1	13	10	1	-	35	7	0

Government Scholarships to Montevideo.

58. Under the Government Scholarship scheme, six pupils from the Falkland Islands again attended the British School in Montevideo.

59. Towards the end of 1945 difficulties had arisen over the board of the children in Montevideo. For 1946, Mrs. N. Leslie (the wife of the British Vice-Consul, and the children's guardian in Montevideo) went to considerable trouble to make fresh arrangements for the children's board; she finally arranged for the three boys to live in a boarding-house with some other boys attending the British School, while the girls boarded in private homes. The pupils were very comfortable in their new lodgings.

60. On the whole, the pupils did very satisfactory work at school during the year. Frequent absence caused by illness again hampered progress in some cases, however; especially in their first year. The children seem to have some difficulty in adjusting themselves to the different climate. The children joined fully in the athletic and general life of the school; one of the girls was elected by her fellow-pupils as a prefect; several of the children gained honourable places in the school sports teams or in the annual athletic sports contest (one of the Falkland Islands boys broke the school record in the throwing-the-cricket-ball event). All six pupils took part with enthusiasm in various out-of-school activities, such as the Girl Guides and Boy Scouts. All these varied activities, and the new experiences gained in Montevideo, have a noticeable effect in broadening the children's outlook and increasing their self-confidence. The great care and attention given to the pupils in Montevideo by the Board of Governors, Mrs. Leslie, the teaching staff, and the people with whom the children live contribute much towards the success of the scheme, and are warmly appreciated.

61. During the year the children were visited in Montevideo by the new Colonial Secretary, Mr. A. B. Mathews, by the retiring Governor, Sir Allan Cardinall, and by the new Governor, Mr. G. M. Clifford.

62. In December, the two third-year pupils sat and passed the Cambridge School Certificate Examination, one obtaining a Grade I pass and the other a Grade II pass.

63. In November an examination in English, Mathematics, General Intelligence and General Knowledge was held for all candidates for the two scholarships for 1947. Stanley was the main examination centre, but four candidates sat the examination in the Camp - one at San Carlos, one at Port Howard and two on Pebble Island. Accepting the recommendations of the Scholarship Selection Committee (which had considered each candidate's school record, general ability and character as well as the examination results), His Excellency the Governor awarded the two scholarships this year to two girls, one from Stanley and one from San Carlos. One of the girls declined the scholarship and no further award was made.

64. As in 1945, three Falkland Prizes were awarded in connection with the scholarship examination.

65. The first two pupils to go to Montevideo under the scholarship scheme completed their three years there in 1945, and took up posts in Stanley early in 1946, one as a clerk in the Treasury and the other as a pupil teacher in the Government School.

Evening Classes.

66. A series of evening classes was again arranged for the winter months. A shorthand class which had first been formed in 1945 and had carried on through the summer of 1945-6 continued to meet throughout the winter. After several delays, new classes in needlework, mathematics, and "English and general subjects" were formed in the first week of June; a Spanish class began to meet in the following week; and in answer to numerous requests, a class on internal combustion engines was started in July. The classes met in the Government School.

67. The special arrangements agreed upon in 1945 for encouraging the attendance of Government employees under 18 years of age were continued, equivalent time off from work being allowed, and boys and girls entering the Civil Service in salaried posts or as apprentices being required to attend such classes as were considered desirable.

68. This year fees were charged for the classes, at the following rates:—

- (a) For young persons (under 20 years of age) a single enrolment fee of 2/6, to cover attendance at classes in as many subjects as the student wished.
- (b) For adults (20 years of age or more) a fee of 2/6 for a course in a single subject, and 4/- for courses in two or more subjects.

Young Government employees who were directed to attend particular classes were excused from paying fees for those classes. Pupils of the Government School were also granted exemption. Exercise books were supplied free of charge.

69. Attendances at the classes remained fairly steady throughout the session and only one class, the shorthand class, had an average attendance of less than ten students (an average attendance of ten is quite good for so small a place). The most popular classes were needlework and Spanish; on account of the large numbers attending, the needlework class had to be divided into two classes and, finally, further admissions had to be refused.

70. The class on internal combustion engines finished at the end of August, and most of the rest stopped work at the end of September (the usual finishing time): two carried on into the beginning of October. At the end of the session the needlework students staged an attractive display of their work.

H. L. BAKER.

Superintendent of Education.

28th July, 1947.

T A B L E S 1 — 14.

The following are omitted as in previous years: Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13 and 14.

T A B L E 2.

PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS.

		Population (according to the latest accessible estimate)	Total number of pupils enrolled in maintained & aided institutions.	Percentage.
European	Male	1225	150	12
	Female	1012	143	14
		2237	293	13

The figures above are averages for the year 1946.

TABLE 3.

SCHOLARS BY SCHOOL YEARS AND AGES ON 31ST DECEMBER 1946 IN INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED FROM COLONIAL REVENUES OR LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS. AND IN UNAIDED BUT INSPECTED INSTITUTIONS.

Primary Schools										
Age	Year of School Course									
	Cont. Class	Std. 6	Std. 5	Std. 4	Std. 3	Std. 2	Std. 1	Infants	Totals	
	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.	m. f.
16	1 -			1 -					2 -	
15	3 3	2 3							5 6	
14	3 5	2 3	3 2	2 5	1 1				11 16	
13	- 3	5 1	5 7	3 2	1 2	1 1			14 16	
12		3 1	2 4	3 7	5 5	1 1	1 -		15 18	
11			- 1	4 5	5 8	1 1	- 1	- 1	10 17	
10			- 1	- 1	8 6	7 3	4 3	1 -	20 14	
9					- 2	4 8	6 4	2 4	12 18	
8					1 1	2 3	7 4	6 9	16 17	
7							- 1	16 12	16 13	
6							- 1	17 7	17 8	
5								19 16	19 16	
4								2 3	2 3	
	7 11	12 8	10 15	13 20	20 25	16 17	18 14	63 52	159 162	
	18	20	25	33	45	33	32	115	321	

The above figures include the children taught in the Government School in Stanley and also those taught in the Camp by Government Travelling Teachers or in Government-assisted schools. The children are listed according to the classes they were in during the school year ending in December, 1946. (promotions are made mainly at the beginning of February). Children taught in the Camp are grouped into classes according to their proficiency in their school work (particularly English and arithmetic). without regard to their age.

TABLE 4.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF GROSS EXPENDITURE FROM COLONIAL REVENUES AND LOCAL PUBLIC FUNDS ON EDUCATION FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR.

•NOTE—All expenditure is from Colonial Revenue.

TOTAL DIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Primary Schools :

Personal emoluments	£4811 : 4 : 11
Extra teaching assistance	53 : 5 : 0
Training Camp teachers	8 : 4 : 6
Superannuation contributions	95 : 14 : 8

£4968 : 9 : 1

TOTAL INDIRECT EXPENDITURE ON EDUCATION.

Scholarships	£1011 : 0 : 0
Boarding Allowances for Camp children	570 : 6 : 4
Rent and cleaning of buildings	212 : 16 : 6
School materials	228 : 8 : 10
Miscellaneous	168 : 6 : 4
	2190 : 18 : 0
	7159 : 7 : 1

TABLE 8.

GROSS EXPENDITURE ON INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED BY GOVERNMENT AND GROSS AND NET COST PER PUPIL.

SCHOOL EDUCATION GENERAL: Primary Schools

Personal Emoluments (Staff)	£4811 : 4 : 11
Other Charges	2348 : 2 : 2
Total	<u>7159 : 7 : 1</u>
Gross annual cost per enrolled pupil to Colonial Revenue	24 : 8 : 8
Total Receipts :	
Fees	£149 : 5 : 3
Sale of School Materials	32 : 6 : 9
	<u>181 : 12 : 0</u>
Net annual cost per enrolled pupil	<u>23 : 16 : 4</u>

TABLE 11.

STATEMENT OF FEE RATES, RULES GOVERNING EXEMPTION FROM FEES, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following fees are charged at the Government School :

	s. d.
Each pupil in the Continuation Class	1 0 a week
Each pupil below the C.C. and above Std. 1	6 „ „
Each pupil below Std. 2	3 „ „

provided that the total fees payable in respect of the children of any one family shall not exceed the rate of one shilling weekly.

Exceptions are made for fatherless children and in a small number of other cases where there is proved inability to pay.

No fees are charged in the Camp.



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JUNE 1, 1948.

No. 7.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Skillington, H.	Education	Assistant Master	12.5.48.	—
Wielding, J. F.	"	Inspector of Camp Schools	12.5.48.	—
Dentry, R. H.	Public Works	Carpenter (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
Field, P. J.	" "	Carpenter (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
Holland, G. E.	" "	Bricklayer (Development Programme)	12.5.48.	—
McAtasney, Miss M.	Secretariat & Treasury	Temporary Clerk	1.6.48.	—
" " "	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary (Temporary)	1.6.48.	—

TEMPORARY APPOINTMENT.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Rutter, A.	Judicial	Clerk	23.4.48.	—

TRANSFER.

Jennings, C. W.	Foreman Mechanic Agricultural Dept.	to	Donkeyman M. V. "John Biscoe"	23.4.48.
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LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Fleuret, Major A. I., M.B.E., E.D., J.P.	South Georgia	Administrative Officer	145 days plus period of voyage	26.4.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Barnes, B.	Harbour	Deckhand	1.4.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 32. 4th May, 1948.

To commemorate the Silver Wedding Anniversary of Their Majesties the King and Queen, a special issue of two postage stamps throughout the Empire has been approved.

The stamps will correspond to the local letter rate and the highest value in the current series.

Accordingly, the stamps for the Colony will be the 2½d and £1 denominations, and for the Dependencies the 2½d and 1/- denominations.

It is not expected that the stamps will be available for sale locally for some months. They will remain on sale for three months.

M.P. 0646.

No. 33. 6th May, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

MR. RICHARD WILLIAM SAMUEL WINTER, J.P.

and

THE HONOURABLE

MR. ARTHUR GRENFELL BARTON, J.P.

to be provisionally Members of the Legislative Council, with effect from the 6th of May, 1948.

M.P. 0456.

No. 34. 15th May, 1948.

The following messages have been exchanged between His Excellency the Governor and the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

From His Excellency the Governor to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"I beg that you will convey to Their Majesties with my humble duty the sincere felicitations of the Government and people of the Falkland Islands on the occasion of Their Majesties Silver Wedding with the continuing assurance of our loyalty and affection."

From the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Excellency the Governor.

"I have laid your telegram before the King who desires me to convey to you and the Government and people of the Falkland Islands an expression of his warm thanks for the message of loyalty and congratulations on the occasion of Their Majesties Silver Wedding."

M.P. 0694.

No. 35. 22nd May, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance, No. 2 of 1947, entitled "An Ordinance to Amend the Medical Practitioners, Midwives and Dentist Ordinance, 1914".

M.P. 521/26.

No. 36. 31st May, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM JOHN GRIERSON, ESQ., J.P.

to act as Officer-in-Charge, South Georgia, with effect from the 26th of April, 1948.

M.P. P/1.

No. 37. 31st May, 1948.

A Ceremonial Parade will be held at 10.30 a.m. on Thursday the 10th of June, 1948, on the occasion of the official celebration of His Majesty's Birthday.

The Parade, which will be inspected by His Excellency the Governor, will form up in the Defence Force Drill Hall, and will comprise a detachment of the Falkland Islands Defence Force and the Boys' Brigade.

Members of the public wishing to attend the ceremony should be in the Hall by 10.20.

M.P. 0191.

L.M.P. 4/46. 13th May, 1947.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

JOHN F. BONNER, ESQ., J.P.,

is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of marrying John Murdo Morrison, bachelor, and Hyacinth Emily McKay, spinster, at San Carlos, East Falkland.

J. E. HAMILTON,

Registrar, Supreme Court.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

William Henry Hannaford, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Robert Henry Hannaford, father of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

20th May, 1948.

L. 21/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Phyllis Sunderland Stewart, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Mary Elizabeth Hills, sister of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

22nd May, 1948.

L. 22/48.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, or to leave the Colony for the purpose of visiting any Dependency thereof, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 21st day of May, 1948, for the purpose of visiting certain places on the East and West Falkland Islands ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 20th day of May, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943, as amended by the
Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 5 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 2) 1948.

Import Duties.

2. From and after the date of this Order the following import duties of customs shall be payable :—

On Spirits, not exceeding the strength of proof, as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer, and in proportion for any greater strength than strength of proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits, per gallon	£1. 6. 0.
On Wine in cask, per gallon	5. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. litres	15. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	11. 0.
On Wine in bottle, per doz. reputed pints	5. 6.
On British Wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty,	
In cask, per gallon	3. 0.
In bottle, per doz. litres	8. 9.
In bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	6. 6.
In bottle, per doz. reputed pints	3. 3.
On Malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider and perry	
In cask, per gallon	1. 0.
In bottle, per doz. reputed quarts	2. 0.
In bottle, per doz. reputed pints	1. 0.
On Cigars, per pound	8. 0.
On Cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff, per pound	5. 0.
On all other unexempted tobacco, per pound	4. 0.

Provided that the tariff of import duties on cigars and on cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff shall be at nine tenths of the aforesaid tariff where such cigars, cigarettes, cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff are manufactured in any part of the British Empire from tobacco which is the produce of any part of the British Empire.

On Matches, for every gross of boxes, not exceeding 10,000 matches	10. 0.
For every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches, per 10,000 matches, and so in proportion	10. 0.

Provided that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at one half of the aforesaid tariff.

Exemptions.

3. The following articles shall be exempted from the payment of duty :—

Perfumed Spirits and Cologne Water, fortified lime-juice

not exceeding 15% proof spirit, lemonade, ginger ale, ginger beer, soda water, potash and all other mineral waters including material for manufacturing the same; provided that such material shall not exceed 99% of proof spirit content.

Naphtha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit for admixture with a potable spirit.

Ethyl alcohol imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep wash, or hop powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any article whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of War.

The Consulates in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consulates.

4. From and after the date of this Order the following Export Duties, export duties of customs shall be payable:—

On wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof ... One shilling.

1. On Whale Oil and Seal Oil:

On every barrel of forty (40) gallons —

If the average U.K./Continent market price for the season of first grade oil

does not exceed £20 per ton ... — one shilling and sixpence.

exceeds £20 but does not exceed £25 per ton — two shillings.

.. £25 £30 — two shillings and sixpence.

.. £30 £35 — three shillings.

.. £35 £40 — three shillings and sixpence.

.. £40 £45 — four shillings.

.. £45 £50 — four shillings and sixpence.

.. £50 — five shillings.

2. On whale, or seal, meat-meal and guano and other substances prepared from whales or seals — sixpence per one hundred lb. weight, or part thereof.

3. On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle — Two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continent market value at the time of shipment.

5. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 12th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY
22. Piece goods of silk, artificial silk or of synthetic fibre and including those of rayon, 'Nylon' types and plastics ...	<i>ad valorem</i>	20%
23. Plate and plated ware ...	" "	15%
24. Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
(a) On Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	per gallon	52/-
(b) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
In cask ...	per gallon	4/6
In bottle ...	per dozen litres	13/3
" " ...	" " quarts	9/9
" " ...	" " pints	5/-
On other wines.		
In cask ...	per gallon	6/6
In bottle ...	per dozen litres	19/6
" " ...	" " quarts	14/3
" " ...	" " pints	7/3
(c) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,		
In cask ...	per gallon	1/-
In bottle ...	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
" " ...	" " " pts.	1/-
25. Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.		
(a) Cigars ...	per pound	19/3
(b) Cigarettes ...	" "	9/6
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	7/6
(d) On all other unexempted tobacco ...	" "	5/7
On other tobaccos.		
(a) Cigars ...	" "	20/-
(b) Cigarettes ...	" "	10/-
(c) Cut and manufactured tobacco and snuff ...	" "	8/-
(d) On all other unexempted tobaccos ...	" "	6/-
26. Toilet soap ...	<i>ad valorem</i>	10%
27. Vehicles, bicycles, etc.,		
(a) Motor cars, trucks and omnibuses, together with parts and accessories ...	" "	10%
(b) Motor cycles, sidecars, and their component parts and accessories ...	" "	10%

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

Export duties.

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty
exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Bona fide passengers' baggage including domestic furniture wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet requisites, and any portable articles imported in a passengers' baggage, or on his person which might reasonably be expected to accompany him for his own regular and private use, and in which may be included alcoholic liquors and perfumery not exceeding one pint each, cigars not exceeding fifty in number, cigarettes not exceeding one hundred in number, or tobacco not exceeding half-pound in weight.

Bona fide passengers' baggage shall **not** include any dutiable articles other than of the amounts specified in the preceding paragraph.

Agricultural machinery and vehicles.

Alarm Clocks.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Government, Town Council, or the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Church Plate.

Commercial Samples.

Cups, medals and other trophies, imported for presentation:—

- (a) As prizes at public examinations, exhibitions, shows, or for competitions of skill or sport open to the public or members of recognised clubs.
- (b) For bravery, good conduct, humanity, for excellence in art, industry, invention, manufacture, learning, science or for honourable or meritorious services.

This exemption shall not apply or extend to the importation or stocking of the articles mentioned for purposes of trade.

Cutlery.

Ethyl alcoholic imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Fortified limejuice not exceeding 15% proof spirit.

Jewellery used as a setting for and incorporating Falkland Islands stones.

Medical preparations and drugs included in the British Pharmacopoeia and the British Pharmaceutical Codex and other medicinal preparations, drugs and disinfectants the label of which contains an adequate indication of the ingredients.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Plated souvenir ware bearing the Falkland Islands Crest.

Poppies, artificial, imported for sale in aid of the Earl Haig Fund.

Rifles and equipment for the use of the Defence Force Rifle Association and the Defence Force Miniature Rifle Club.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wedding rings, where the Collector is satisfied that they have been imported as such.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. The Customs Order 1948 is hereby revoked.

Revocation.

6. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies.

Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 1



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stamp Duty Ordinance, 1948.

Interpretation.

2. In this Ordinance :

“Receipt” means any note, memorandum, or writing whereby any money amounting to two pounds or upwards, or any bill of exchange or promissory note for money amounting to two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged or expressed to have been received or deposited or paid, or whereby any debt or demand, or any part of a debt or demand, of the amount of two pounds or upwards, is acknowledged to have been settled, satisfied, or discharged, or which signifies or imports any such acknowledgment and whether the same is or is not signed with the name of any person.

Duty.

3. A duty of twopence shall be paid on each receipt. Such duty shall be denoted by an adhesive stamp or stamps being affixed to the receipt and cancelled by the person by whom the receipt is given before he delivers it out of his hands.

Penalties

4. If any person —

- (1) Gives a receipt not duly stamped; or
- (2) Refuses to give a receipt duly stamped; or
- (3) Upon a payment to the amount of two pounds or upwards gives a receipt for a sum not amounting to two pounds, or separates or divides the amount paid with intent to evade the duty;

he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

5. The following shall be exempt from the operation of this Ordinance — Exemptions.

- (a) Receipts given by the Government of the Colony or an officer thereof acting within the scope of and in the course of his duties.
- (b) Receipts given for or on account of any salary pay or wages or for or on account of any like payment made for the benefit of any person in respect of his employment or for or on account of any pension or superannuation allowance.
- (c) Receipts given in respect of any sums payable under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 2



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tariff (Repeal) Ordinance 1948. Short title.

Repeal
No. 2 of 1943.
No. 5 of 1946.
No. 3 of 1947.

2. The Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947 are hereby repealed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 3



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Licensing (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Licensing Ordinance 1944, hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance.

Club Licence.

2. Section 5, subsection (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of "Club licence" after "wholesale licence".

3. The following section shall be inserted after section 9 in the Principal Ordinance.

"9A. (1) A Club licence shall authorise the licensee to sell liquor to members of a club and to the guests of such members only on the premises of the club but the holder of such licence shall not be restricted to the hours specified for the sale of intoxicating liquors in Section 42 hereof.

(2) A club shall mean a society of persons associated together for social intercourse or for the promotion of politics, sports, art, science or literature or similar purpose and shall be subject to such regulations as the Governor in Council may from time to time decide.

(3) Any person operating or controlling a club or taking an active interest therein or being a member, official or servant thereof who shall sell or cause to be sold any liquor on any premises occupied by a club, whether temporarily or permanently, without first obtaining a Club Licence shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance."

4. Section 10 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended as follows : Fees.

"for a publicans retail licence for six months £15 : 0 : 0.
for a wholesale licence for twelve months £30 : 0 : 0.
for a club licence for twelve months £10 : 0 : 0."

but in all other respects the said section shall remain as promulgated.

5. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949. Operation.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 14th day of May, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 4



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Tobacco (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Tobacco Ordinance 1944 hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance. Short title.

Licence fee amendments.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "three pounds" for the words "two pounds" in the fourth line thereof.

3. Section 5 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of the words "one pound and ten shillings" for the words "one pound" in the fourth line thereof.

Operation.

4. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

JULY 1, 1948.

No. 8.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Luxton, Miss J.	Education	Pupil Teacher	25.5.48.	On probation for one year.
Newman, Miss F.	"	Travelling Teacher	1.6.48.	" "
Spencer, Miss I.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.6.48.	—
Oliver, J. P.	Agricultural	Agricultural Officer	29.6.48.	—
Cunnington, K. A.	Secretariat & Treasury	Information Officer	29.6.48.	—
Jennings, Miss Y.	Medical	Nurse Probationer	1.7.48.	—

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bosworthick, Miss E.	Education	Assistant Mistress	4½ months	6.6.48.	On completion of contract.
Wallace, Mrs. I.	"	" Teacher	120 days	6.6.48.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Biggs, G.	Electrical & Telegraphs	Messenger	15.6.48.	—

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Sedgwick, Miss H.	Govt. House	Acting Private Secretary	31.5.48.	Resigned.
" " "	Secretariat & Treasury	Temporary Clerk	31.5.48.	"

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc.. are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 38. 5th June, 1948.

As foreshadowed in his Address to the Legislative Council on the 12th of May. His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the following Committee to examine the Estimates of Expenditure and to make recommendations as to possible economies :-

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary,
Chairman.

The Honourable Dr. F. J. Sladen, M.R.C.S.,
L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H., Senior Medical Officer.

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts, O.B.E., J.P.,

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P.

Mr. A. L. Hardy, B.E.M., J.P.

Mr. E. F. Lellman - Assistant Treasurer.

Mr. B. N. Biggs - Collector of Customs.

M.P. 0011/A.

No. 39. 7th June, 1948.

With reference to the Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony dated the 21st of May, 1948, His Excellency the Governor returned from tour on the 5th of June, 1948.

M.P. P/363/II.

No. 40. 10th June, 1948.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to appoint

THE HONOURABLE

DR. JAMES ERIC HAMILTON, D.Sc., F.L.S.

F.Z.S., F.R.G.S., J.P.

to be a Companion of the Imperial Service Order.

M.P. 0107/C.

No. 41. 19th June, 1948.

His Excellency has been pleased to approve the award of the Efficiency Decoration to

CAPTAIN

LAWRENCE WALTER ALDRIDGE, M.B.E., J.P.

(Falkland Islands Defence Force).

M.P. P/17/II.

No. 42. 28th June, 1948.

It is hereby notified that the following policy in regard to the grant of leave to Government Officials will be adopted in future :-

- (i) there will be a limit of six months to the period of leave normally granted at any one time
- (ii) the balance will be carried forward to be enjoyed on a future occasion
- (iii) officers will normally be required to take such balance of leave during their service (i.e. prior to final retirement).

M.P. 0721.

RESOLUTION

Customs Order (No. 3) 1948.

Whereas in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 was submitted to the Legislative Council on the 11th June 1948.

And Whereas the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

It Was Resolved by the Legislative Council that Customs Order (No.3) 1948 as amended, be confirmed with effect from the 11th June 1948, as follows :—

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 6 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 3) Short title. 1948.

2. From and after the date of publication of this Order the Import Duties. following import duties of customs shall be payable :—

ARTICLES		RATE OF DUTY.
1. Matches, for every gross of boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	as stated per gross boxes not exceeding 10,000 matches	10/-
Matches for every gross of boxes exceeding 10,000 matches per 10,000 matches and so on in proportion.		
PROVIDED that the tariff of import duties on matches manufactured in and consigned from any part of the British Empire shall be at ONE HALF of the General Tariff.		
2. Spirits, wines, malted liquors :		
(a) On rum, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof	per gallon	36/-
(b) On all other Spirits, not exceeding the strength of 20 per cent under proof, and in proportion for any greater strength than 20 per cent under proof, including mixtures and preparations containing spirits as ascertained by Sikes' Hydrometer.	" "	52/-
(c) On British wines and all other unenumerated and unexempted beverages not liable to spirit duty.		
In cask	per gallon	4/6
In bottle	per dozen litres	13/3
" "	" " quarts	9/9
" "	" " pints	5/-

ARTICLES						RATE OF DUTY
On other wines.						
	In cask	...	...	...	per gallon	6/6
	In bottle	...	...	...	per dozen litres	19/6
	" "	...	...	...	" " quarts	14/3
	" "	...	...	...	" " pints	7/3
(d) On malt liquor, mum, spruce, cider, perry,						
	In cask	...	...	...	per gallon	1/-
	In bottle	...	...	...	per doz. reputed qts.	2/-
	" "	...	...	...	" " " pts.	1/-
3. Tobacco : Products of the British Empire. Manufactured from tobacco which is the produce of the British Empire.						
(a)	Cigars	...	...	...	per pound	19/3
(b)	Cigarettes	...	...	...	" "	9/6
(c)	Cut and manufactured tobacco, snuff, and all other unexempted tobacco	...	...	...	" "	5/7
On other tobaccos.						
(a)	Cigars	...	...	...	" "	20/-
(b)	Cigarettes	...	...	...	" "	10/-
(c)	Cut and manufactured tobacco, snuff, and all other unexempted tobacco.	...	...	...	" "	6/-

Export duties.

3. From and after the 1st day of January 1948 the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

On Wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and threepence.

On Whale Oil and Seal Oil :

Up to and including the 30th September, 1948, five shillings per barrel of 40 gallons.

On and after the 1st October, 1948, the duty shall be assessed on the average market price per ton for the season of first grade oil and shall be at the rate of 6d. per barrel of 40 gallons for each £5 or part of £5 of such average market price.

This duty will be levied on all whale oil produced within the Colony or its territorial waters or within any of the Dependencies or their territorial waters.

On all Whale and Seal products other than oil, sixpence per one hundred lb. weight or part thereof.

On Tallow, whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average United Kingdom/Continent market value at the time of shipment.

In the event of any difference of opinion arising as to the market price of any substance named in this Order the decision of the Governor in Council shall be final.

Import Duty exemptions.

4. The following articles shall be exempt from import duties imposed by the Customs Ordinance 1943 or any amendment thereof and by this Order :

All articles imported or taken out of bond for the use of the Governor or in recognised messes, camps and canteens by His Majesty's Navy or by overseas units of His Majesty's Army or Air Force, and all articles imported for exportation or for shipment as stores by His Majesty's Navy.

Military, Air and Naval Departments and messes purchasing any articles whatsoever duty paid for consumption within their own camps, messes or canteens shall be entitled to have the duty refunded out of the Public Treasury on the certificate of the Officer in command of any Military, Air or Naval Department, or of any of His Majesty's Ships of war.

All dutiable goods imported or taken out of bond for use on board merchant vessels outside the territorial waters of the Colony and its Dependencies subject to such conditions and limitations as to quantities as the Collector of Customs shall prescribe.

Consuls de Carrière in this Colony of any foreign countries in which is accorded or in which hereafter may be accorded to British Consular Officers the privilege of exemption from Customs Duties in respect of official goods imported into such foreign countries by His Majesty's Government for the use of His Majesty's Consulates shall have a like privilege granted to them of exemption from any duties that may be levied in this Colony on goods which may be imported by their respective governments as *bona fide* official supplies for the use of such Consuls.

Any article whatsoever imported for use of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey.

Ethyl alcohol imported with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer.

Perfumed Spirits and Cologne Water, fortified lime-juice not exceeding 15% proof spirit, and all mineral waters including material for manufacturing the same; provided that such material shall not exceed 99% of proof spirit content.

Naptha or methylic alcohol in its crude state and not fit for use as a potable spirit or for admixture with a potable spirit.

Tobacco forming an ingredient in sheep-wash, or hop-powder manufactured in bond in the United Kingdom.

Wines imported for sacramental purposes on proof to the Collector that they shall be used as such.

5. The Customs Order 1948 is hereby revoked with effect from 12th May, 1948. Revocation.

6. This Order shall apply to the Dependencies. Application.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Confirmed at a meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 11th of June, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 12th day of June, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 5



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939, hereinafter referred to as "the Principal Ordinance".

Rates.

2. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed and the following section substituted in lieu thereof :—

"21. (1) The tax upon the chargeable income of every person other than a company shall be charged at the following rates :—

On the first £100 of such income	...	Nil.
In respect of the excess over £100		
for every pound of the first £100	...	1/6
" " " " " next £250	...	2/-
" " " " " £250	...	2/6
" " " " " £250	...	3/-
" " " " " above £950	...	3/6

(2) The Tax upon the chargeable income of a company shall be charged at the rate of three shillings and sixpence on every pound of the chargeable income thereof."

Deduction in
respect of wife
and dependants.

3. Section 15 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the substitution of "eighty" for "fifty" in the last line thereof and by the addition of the following subsections:

"15. (2) Where a widower or widow proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he or she had during the year of assessment a female relative of his or of his deceased wife or of her or of her deceased husband resident with him or her for the purpose of taking charge of his or her children there shall be a deduction not exceeding fifty pounds in respect of that female relative or other female person :

Provided that :

- (a) no deduction shall be allowed under this section unless the claimant proves that no other person is entitled to a deduction in respect of the female relative under the provisions of this Ordinance or if any other person is entitled that he has relinquished his claim thereto; and
- (b) no deduction shall be allowed under this section where the female relative is a married woman living with her husband and the husband has claimed the allowance under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) (a) Where a claimant proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he maintains at his own expense any person being a relative of his or of his wife who is incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or his or his wife's widowed mother, whether incapacitated or not whose total income from all sources does not exceed fifty pounds a year he shall be entitled to a deduction not exceeding twenty-five pounds a year in respect of each person whom he so maintains and a like deduction shall be made in the case of a claimant who by reason of old age or infirmity is compelled to depend upon the services of a daughter resident with and maintained by him or her.

(b) Where two or more persons jointly maintain any such person as aforesaid the deduction to be made under this subsection shall be apportioned between them in proportion to the amount or value of their respective contributions towards the maintenance of that person.

(c) This subsection shall apply to a claimant being a female person as it applies to a claimant being a male person with the substitution of "husband" for "wife". "

4. Section 16 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition at the end of the first clause, of the following proviso :

Deduction in respect of children.

"Provided that where a child is receiving full time instruction at any university, college or school abroad, either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant, the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five pounds in respect of each such child during such period of instruction."

5. The Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance 1940 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

6. This Ordinance shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Operation.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Legislative Council.

**METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS taken at CUMBERLAND BAY, SOUTH GEORGIA,
during the year 1947.**

MONTH.	AIR PRESSURE. MMS.					AIR TEMPERATURES. °C.					PSYCHROMETER.		RAINFALL.			WEATHER.						
	MEAN.	HIGHEST & LOWEST.				MEAN.	MAX. AND MIN.				VAPOUR PRESSURE.	RELATIVE HUMIDITY.	TOTAL.	GREATEST FALL.	DATE	DAYS OF SUNSHINE.	DAYS OF RAIN.	DRIZZLE RAIN.	DAYS OF SNOW.	DAYS OF SNOW & SLEET.	DAYS OF FOG.	DAYS OF FROST.
		HIGHEST.	DATE.	LOWEST.	DATE.		MAX.	DATE.	MIN.	DATE.												
January ...	742.8	756.0	20th	715.4	8th	4.0	13.2	30th	- 1.9	3rd	4.5	75.0	3.87''	1.00''	7th	19	8	4	14	2	24	9
February ...	743.6	761.5	16th	728.1	13th	5.1	23.7	17th	- 0.4	27th	4.6	70.0	1.77''	0.75''	5th	19	8	6	9	1	15	4
March ...	749.1	763.3	15th	727.1	21st	4.3	14.0	2nd	- 1.7	9th	4.6	75.0	2.97''	0.63''	19th	18	12	7	5	2	17	5
April ...	746.5	762.4	28th	727.8	13th	3.8	12.0	27th	- 2.7	15th	4.2	70.0	9.29''	2.76''	2nd	18	19	4	10	4	13	8
May ...	743.0	760.7	20th	718.8	10th	-0.2	10.3	3rd	-10.2	19th	3.5	75.0	9.62''	2.35''	9th	16	8	2	21	5	24	25
June ...	747.0	762.1	19th	731.4	8th	-1.7	8.4	13th	- 9.5	12th	3.3	79.0	7.23''	1.26''	26th	11	2	0	23	8	21	24
July ...	751.5	770.2	19th	734.3	7th	-1.4	11.4	15th	-10.2	31st	3.4	79.0	10.61'	3.70''	7th	19	5	0	12	3	13	24
August ...	751.0	763.3	8th	736.5	24th	-1.9	12.4	27th	-10.2	1st	3.2	81.0	2.56''	0.80''	29th	21	4	2	13	4	18	28
September	748.2	762.9	14th	733.1	1st	2.3	12.4	7th	- 6.3	14th	3.9	73.0	4.79''	1.17''	23rd	20	7	2	20	5	20	17
October ...	749.6	763.2	26th	727.3	5th	2.8	15.6	15th	- 4.3	2nd	4.3	77.0	2.79''	1.08''	17th	16	5	1	14	2	16	11
November	743.5	756.6	11th	727.4	21st	5.4	21.0	17th	- 1.7	5th	4.6	68.0	1.92''	0.54''	26th	23	11	1	6	5	14	2
December ...	740.2	757.2	24th	722.7	9th	4.2	15.4	25th	- 1.4	18th	4.3	71.0	3.09''	0.83''	21st	23	10	2	13	4	19	3
Year.	746.3					2.2 C/G.					4.0	74.0	60.51''			223	99	30	160	45	214	160

A Bill for An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as
to Firearms.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as “The Firearms Ordinance 1948”. Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance Definitions.

“Certificate” means a certificate issued by the Chief Constable that the holder thereof is permitted to have in his possession the firearms specified therein.

“Chief Constable” means the Chief Constable or officer acting in that behalf at Stanley.

“Firearms” means any lethal barrelled weapon of any description (other than a smooth bore gun with a barrel not less than 20 inches in length and an air gun) from which any shot bullet or other missile can be discharged and includes any prohibited weapon whether it is such a lethal weapon or not, any component part of such lethal or prohibited weapon and any accessory to any such weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon.

“Firearms dealer” means a person who by way of trade or business manufactures sells transfers repairs tests or proves firearms.

“Gun” means a firearm of any description and includes an air gun air rifle or air pistol.

“Imitation firearm” means anything which has the appearance of being a firearm whether or not it is capable of discharging any shot bullet or other missile.

“Licence” means a licence issued by the Chief Constable authorising the holder to carry a gun.

“Prohibited ammunition” means any ammunition containing or designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

“Prohibited weapon” means (a) any firearm which is so designed or adapted that if pressure is applied to the trigger, missiles continue to be discharged until pressure is removed from the trigger or the magazine containing the missiles is empty or (b) any weapon of whatever description designed or adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

“Public place” means any street, road, footway or open and public place in Stanley to which the public have or are permitted to have access.

“Registered” in relation to a firearms dealer means registered with the Chief Constable.

PART I.

REGISTRATION.

Penalty for purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition without a Certificate.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance no person shall purchase, acquire, or have in his possession any firearm to which this part of the Ordinance applies without holding a Certificate in force at the time or otherwise than as authorised by such certificate.

(2) Every holder of any firearm shall obtain a certificate not later than the 31st day of December 1948.

(3) Any person who purchases or is in possession of any firearm without a certificate after the 31st day of December 1948 or fails to comply with the conditions of such certificate shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Grant renewal variation or revocation of Certificate.

4. (1) An application for the grant of a certificate shall be made on the form issued for that purpose by the Chief Constable and shall state such particulars as may be required.

(2) A certificate shall be granted by the Chief Constable if he is satisfied that the applicant has good reason for having in his possession the firearm in respect of which the application is made and can be permitted to have the same without danger to the public peace or safety :

Provided that a certificate shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with any firearm.

(3) A certificate shall specify the conditions (if any) subject to which it is held the nature and number of the firearms to which it relates.

(4) An applicant shall pay the sum of five shillings upon the grant of a certificate irrespective of the number of firearms to which it relates.

(5) A certificate shall unless previously revoked or cancelled continue in force for three years from the date when it was granted or last renewed and shall be renewable for a further period of three years and from time to time and the foregoing provisions shall apply to the renewal as they apply to the grant of a certificate.

(6) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing vary the conditions subject to which the certificate is held and may by notice require the holder to deliver up the certificate to him within 21 days of the date of the notice for the purpose of amending the conditions therein specified.

(7) The Chief Constable may revoke a certificate if

- (a) he is satisfied that the holder is of intemperate habits or unsound mind or is otherwise unfitted to be entrusted with a firearm; or
- (b) the holder fails to comply with a notice under sub-section (6) of this section requiring him to deliver up the certificate.

(8) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a certificate or renew a certificate or by the revocation of a certificate may appeal to the Magistrate.

(9) The Chief Constable shall, when he revokes a certificate, by notice in writing require the holder to surrender the certificate and if the holder fails to do so within 21 days of the date

of the notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

(10) Any person who makes a statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or any other person the grant of a certificate shall be liable for each offence on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

5. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 3 of this Ordinance Exemptions.

- (1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business
- (2) an auctioneer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.
- (3) a person who has been granted a permit by the Chief Constable to have in his possession a slaughtering instrument
- (4) a person carrying a firearm belonging to another person holding a certificate may without himself holding a certificate have in his possession that firearm under instructions from and for the use of that other person for sporting purposes only
- (5) a member of his Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any firearm entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.
- (6) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any firearm certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

6. (1) Any constable or customs officer may demand the production of a certificate from a person whom he believes to be in possession of a firearm. Production of Certificate.

(2) If any person upon whom a demand is so made fails to produce the certificate or to permit the constable or customs officer to read the certificate or to show that he is exempt from holding a certificate under Section 5 of this Ordinance, the constable or customs officer may seize and detain the firearm and may require that person to declare to him immediately his name and address.

(3) Any person who refuses so to declare his name and address or fails to give his true name and address shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and the constable or customs officer may apprehend without warrant any person who refuses so to declare his name or address or of intending to abscond.

7. (1) No person shall by way of trade or business

- (a) manufacture sell transfer repair test or prove; or
- (b) expose for sale or transfer or have in his possession for sale, transfer, repair, test, or prove any firearms unless he is registered as a firearms dealer.

Penalty for manufacturing etc. firearms without being registered.

Provided that it shall be lawful for an auctioneer to have in his possession for sale by auction and to sell by auction such firearm if he has obtained from the Chief Constable a permit for that purpose.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section or makes any statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or some other person the grant of a permit shall for each offence be liable on summary

Registration of
firearms dealers.

conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

8. (1) The Chief Constable shall keep a register of firearms dealers and shall enter therein such particulars as may be required by him of any person applying for registration :

Provided that the Chief Constable may refuse to register an applicant if he is satisfied that the applicant cannot be permitted to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety.

(2) An annual fee of £1 shall be paid by each registered firearms dealer.

(3) The Chief Constable may after giving reasonable notice to any person whose name is on the register if satisfied that that person

(a) is no longer carrying on business as a firearms dealer; or

(b) cannot be permitted to continue to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety

cause the name of that person to be removed from the register.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal by the Chief Constable to register him as a firearms dealer or by the removal of his name from the register may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) Any person who for the purpose of procuring the registration of himself or any other person as a firearms dealer makes any statement which he knows to be false he shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Register of trans-
actions in firearms.

9. (1) A registered firearms dealer shall provide and keep a register of transactions and shall within 24 hours of each transaction enter such particulars relative thereto as may be required by any regulation made under this Ordinance or by the Chief Constable.

(2) A registered firearms dealer shall allow the Chief Constable at all reasonable times to inspect all stock in hand and the register required to be kept as aforesaid.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provisions of this section or knowingly makes any false entry in the said register shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Offence by registered
firearms dealer.

10. When a registered firearms dealer is convicted of an offence against this Ordinance or an offence against the Customs Ordinance relating to the import or export of firearms the Court may order that his name be removed from the register and that any stock in hand in the business shall be disposed of by sale or otherwise in accordance with such directions as may be contained in the order.

Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal to the Supreme Court and the Court may suspend the order pending the appeal.

PART II.

LICENCES.

Gun licences.

11. Any person who shall carry a gun otherwise than in a dwelling house or outbuilding yard and enclosed ground adjoining the house without having in force a licence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

12. (1) A licence shall be granted by the Chief Constable Grant of licence etc..

Provided that a licence shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be a person of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with a gun.

(2) A licence shall remain in force for one year expiring on the 31st day of December in each year and a fee of five shillings shall be paid in respect of each year or part of a year during which a licence is held.

(3) The Chief Constable may for any good and sufficient reason revoke any licence if he considers that the grant of it would constitute a danger to public peace or safety.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a licence or by the revocation of a licence may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) On conviction for an offence involving the use of a gun under the Wild Animals and Birds Protection Ordinance 1913 or any amendment thereof the Court may revoke the licence.

13. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 11 of this Ordinance. Exemptions.

(1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.

(2) a member of His Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any gun entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.

(3) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any gun certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

14. Any constable or customs officer may require any person using or carrying a gun to produce a licence or to show that he is exempt under Section 13 of this Ordinance and if a person not so exempt shall not produce a licence or permit the constable or officer to read such licence or fail on demand to declare immediately his true name and address he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of £10. Production of licence.

PART III.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AS TO FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

15. Any person who shall manufacture, sell, transfer, procure, or otherwise have in his possession any prohibited firearm or ammunition without the written permission of the Governor the Admiralty the Army Council or the Air Council or who shall fail to comply with any condition imposed in respect thereof shall be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or on summary conviction to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine. Prohibited firearms and ammunition.

16. (1) No person under the age of 17 years shall purchase or hire any firearm and no person shall sell or let on hire any firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 17 years. Restriction on sale or purchase of firearms by young persons.

(2) No person under the age of 14 years shall accept as a gift or borrow or have in his possession any firearm and no person shall give or lend or part with the possession of any such firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 14 years.

(3) Any person contravening any provision of this section shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Prohibition on sale etc., to drunk or insane persons.

17. Any person who sells or transfers any firearm or ammunition to, or repairs proves or tests any firearm or ammunition for, any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be drunk or of unsound mind shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or for a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty for possessing firearms with intent to injure.

18. Any person who has in his possession any firearms or ammunition with intent by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property or to enable any other person by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property shall whether or not any injury to person or property has been caused be guilty of felony and on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Penalty for use and possession of firearms or imitation firearms in certain cases.

19. Any person who makes or attempts to make any use whatever of a firearm or imitation firearm with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detention of himself or any other person shall on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Provisions as to shooting guns and converting imitation firearms into firearms.

20. Any person other than a registered firearms dealer who shall shorten the barrel of a smooth bore gun to a length of less than 20 inches or shall convert into a firearm any thing which though having the appearance of being a firearm is so constructed as to be incapable of discharging any missile through the barrel thereof shall for each offence be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment or on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50 or both such fine and imprisonment.

Discharging firearms.

21. Any person who discharges any gun in a public place other than a shot gun or air gun on Stanley Common, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART IV.

GENERAL.

Forfeiture of firearms and cancellation of certificate.

22. (1) When a person is convicted of any offence against Part I of this Ordinance the Court may make such order as to the forfeiture and disposal of the firearm or ammunition as it may think fit and may cancel the certificate held by the person convicted.

(2) Whenever the Court shall cancel a certificate under this section the Chief Constable shall by notice in writing require the holder to surrender it and should the holder fail to do so within 21 days from the date of such notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

Search for and disposal of firearms or ammunition.

23. (1) A Justice of the Peace may if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein

(a) to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessary by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein; and

- (b) to seize and detain any firearms or ammunition which he may find on the premises or place or on any such person in respect of which he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been or is being or is about to be committed; and
- (c) if the premises are those of a registered firearms dealer to examine any books relating to the business.

(2) The constable may arrest without warrant any person found on the premises whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(3) The court may order any firearm or ammunition seized and detained by a constable under this Ordinance to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of.

24. Summary proceedings for an offence under this Ordinance shall not be instituted more than six months after commission of the offence. Summary proceedings.

25. (1) The Governor may by proclamation prohibit Power of Governor as to Proclamations and Regulations.
- (a) the exportation of firearms or ammunition to any country or place therein
 - (b) coastwise traffic in firearms and ammunition.

(2) Any person who contravenes the terms of any Proclamation shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 for each firearm or parcel of ammunition in respect of which the offence is committed or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

26. This Ordinance shall come into force on the date of publication and shall apply to the Dependencies of the Colony. Application.

27. The Firearms Ordinance 1930 and Section 49 (e) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed. Repeals.
No. 5 of 1930,
No. 5 of 1932,
(Section 49 (e))

REGISTRAR.*Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 11.*

Mr. William B. Myles, Deputy Registrar, Fox Bay, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Anthony Terence Felton and Winifred Dorothy Jones at Fox Bay.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

George Stewart Duncan, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Cathrina Alice Christ, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

7th July, 1948.

L. 25/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Celina Margaret Anna Halliday, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas John Arthur Leslie Halliday, son of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters

of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

8th July, 1948.

L. 26/48.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

John Ferguson, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Ethel Mary Ferguson, wife of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

27th July, 1948.

L. 24/48.

J. E. HAMILTON,
Registrar, Supreme Court.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

No. 7 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 3 of the Government Employees Provident Fund Ordinance 1938, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered:

That after the date of this Order no person shall be permitted to become a depositor in the Government Employees Provident Fund under the provision of the Order made by the Governor in Council at a meeting held on the 18th day of April, 1939.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 3rd day of July, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0146.

Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony of the Falkland Islands appointing ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, ESQUIRE, O.B.E., to be the Deputy for the Governor of the said Colony.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS by certain Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date the 19th day of September, 1914, it is provided that in the event of the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies having occasion at any time to be temporarily absent for a short period from the seat of Government, he may, by an Instrument under the Public Seal of the Colony, appoint any person to be his deputy during such temporary absence, and in that capacity to exercise, perform, and execute for and on behalf of the Governor during such temporary absence, but no longer, all such powers and authorities by the said Letters Patent or otherwise vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified and limited, but no others ;

AND WHEREAS I shall have occasion to leave Stanley on the 7th day of July, 1948, for the purpose of visiting the United Kingdom ;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby appoint you ARNOLD BURNETT MATHEWS, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, to be my deputy within the said Colony during my temporary absence from Stanley as aforesaid and in that capacity to exercise, perform and execute for me and on my behalf during such temporary absence, all such powers and authorities by the above recited Letters Patent or otherwise vested in me, but subject always to the provisions of the said Letters Patent and to such instructions as you shall receive from me from time to time for your guidance.

Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony this 6th day of July, 1948.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

Workmen's Compensation Regulations, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

His Excellency the Governor in exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 33 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations.

Short title.

1. These Regulations shall be cited as "The Workmen's Compensation Regulations 1948".

Definitions.

2. Unless the context otherwise admits —

(a) "the Ordinance" means the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937 ;

(b) "form" means a form in these Regulations.

PART I.

PROCEDURE.

Applications.

3. Any application made under Section 22 of the Ordinance shall unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be made on forms A, B or C as the case may be, signed by the applicant and filed with the Registrar.

The Registrar shall forthwith inform the Commissioner of any such application.

Examination of applicant.

4. The Commissioner may examine an applicant on oath and shall record any such examination in the manner provided in Section 25 of the Ordinance.

Summary dismissal of application.

5. The Commissioner shall consider the application and the record of the substance of any examination of the applicant, and may summarily dismiss the application, if, for reasons to be recorded, he is of opinion that there are not sufficient grounds for proceeding thereon, and the Registrar shall forthwith notify the applicant or the legal practitioner or other person acting on behalf of the applicant of such summary dismissal of the application.

Preliminary inquiry into application.

6. If the application is not dismissed under Regulation 5, the Commissioner may direct the Registrar to call upon the applicant to produce to the Registrar evidence in support of the application before calling upon any other party, and, if upon considering such evidence, the Commissioner is of opinion that there is no case for the relief claimed he may dismiss the application with a brief statement of his reasons for so doing.

Notice to opposite party.

7. If the Commissioner does not dismiss the application under Regulation 5 or Regulation 6, the Registrar shall cause to be served on the party from whom the applicant claims relief (hereinafter referred to as the respondent) a copy of the application, and may, if he thinks fit, call upon the respondent to file a written statement dealing with the claims within such time as the Registrar may fix.

Statement of respondent.

8. The respondent may, and if so required by the Registrar, shall, within such time as the Registrar may fix, file a written statement dealing with the claims raised in the application, and any such written statement shall form part of the record.

9. Where the respondent claims that if compensation is recovered against him he will be entitled under Section 12 subsection (2) of the Ordinance to be indemnified by a person not being a party to the case (hereinafter referred to as the third party), he shall, within ten days after being served with the copy of the application, file a notice of such claim with the Registrar, and the Registrar shall thereupon cause a copy of the notice of such claim in Form D to be served on the third party, and may, if he thinks fit, call upon him to file a written statement dealing with the claim raised in the application within such time as the Registrar may direct.

Indemnity under Section 12 (2) of the Ordinance.

10. If the respondent or the third party fails to file a statement dealing with the claim within the time directed by the Registrar or by the Commissioner on an application to enlarge the time he shall be taken to admit the claim.

Failure of respondent or third party to file statement.

11. If the respondent or the third party admits the claim, he may at any time before the first hearing –

Claim admitted.

(a) Where the application is made by an injured workman –

(i) file with the Registrar a notice that he submits to an order for the payment of a half-monthly sum, to be specified in such notice; or

(ii) file with the Registrar a notice that he submits to an order for the payment of a lump sum, to be specified in the notice, and pay such sum into Court.

(b) Where the application is made on behalf of the dependants of a deceased workman, or for the settlement of the sum payable in respect of medical attendance and the burial of a deceased workman who leaves no dependants, file with the Registrar that he admits liability, and pay into Court such sum of money as he considers sufficient to cover his liability in the circumstances of the case.

12. Where it is necessary to proceed to a hearing, the Registrar shall fix a date and place for disposing of the application and of the claim for indemnity, if any, and cause notice thereof to be served on the different parties in Form E calling upon them to attend and to produce any evidence which they may wish to tender.

Hearing.

13. If at the hearing or any adjournment thereof the applicant does not appear the Commissioner shall dismiss the application unless he is satisfied there is reasonable cause for such non-appearance when he may adjourn the hearing on such terms as to costs or otherwise as he may deem just.

Non-appearance of applicant.

14. If at the hearing or any adjournment thereof the respondent or third party does not appear the Commissioner may proceed to hear the case in his absence unless he is satisfied there is reasonable cause for such non-appearance when he may adjourn the hearing on such terms as to costs or otherwise as he may deem just.

Non-appearance of respondent or third party.

15. (1) The Commissioner may at any time enter the place where the workman was injured, or where the workman ordinarily performed his work, for the purpose of making a local inspection, provided that the Commissioner shall not enter any premises of any industrial establishment except during the ordinary working hours of that establishment, save with the permission of the employer or of some person directly responsible to him for the management of the establishment.

Local inspection.

(2) The Commissioner shall give the parties or their representatives notice of his intention to conduct a local inspection,

unless in his opinion the urgency of the case renders the giving of such notice impracticable.

(3) Such notice may be given orally or in writing, and, in the case of an employer, may be given to any person upon whom notice of a claim can be served under Section 10 of the Ordinance, or to the representative of any such person.

(4) Any party or the representative of any party, may accompany the Commissioner at a local inspection.

Connected cases.

16. Where two or more cases pending before the Commissioner arise out of the same accident, and any issue involved is common to two or more such cases, such cases may, so far as the evidence bearing on such issue is concerned, be taken together.

Witnesses.

17. The Registrar shall upon application by any party issue summons for the appearance of witnesses on payment of the prescribed fees and expenses unless the Commissioner considers the appearance of such witnesses unnecessary.

Record of findings and orders.

18. (1) The Commissioner shall :

- (a) record concisely his findings and his reasons for such findings,
- (b) at the time of making his order pronounce his decision and thereafter no addition or alteration shall be made to the order other than the correction of a clerical or arithmetical mistake arising from an accidental slip or omission.

(2) Orders shall be in one of the forms in Form F with any necessary variations.

Filing and service of documents.

19. (1) Any document to be filed under these Regulations may be so filed by delivering it at the office of the Registrar.

(2) There shall be filed with the original document as many copies of the document as there are persons on whom copies of the documents are to be served, and in addition a copy for the use of the Commissioner.

(3) Any document to be served under the Ordinance or these Regulations upon any person shall be served –

- (a) upon the Crown, by service upon the Head of the Government Department in which the applicant was employed at the time of the accident, or by leaving it at the office of such Head of Department;
- (b) upon an individual, by service upon him personally or by leaving it with a responsible person at his last known place of abode or business;
- (c) upon a corporate body by service on the Secretary or by leaving it with a responsible person at the Registered office of such corporate body;
- (d) upon a Club by service on the Secretary or any member of the Managing Committee;
- (e) upon the master of a ship or a person belonging to a ship, by service on such master or person or by leaving the document for such master or person on board the ship with the person being or appearing to be in command or charge of the ship, or where no such person can be found, by fixing a copy of the document to the mast of the ship.

(4) All service shall be effected –

- (a) in Stanley and its immediate vicinity by a member of the Police Force.

- (b) out of Stanley and its immediate vicinity by a person appointed by the Registrar who shall make a return of the service within two days in the case of service in Stanley and within fourteen days in the case of service out of Stanley in Form G, sworn before a Justice of the Peace.

20. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Ordinance or these Regulations, the Rules of the Magistrate's Court as to enforcing the attendance of witnesses, compelling the production of documents and material objects, administering oaths, taking evidence, amending any defect or error in any proceeding, enlarging the time appointed for taking any proceeding or doing any act, and the representation of persons under disability shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to proceedings before the Commissioner.

Application of Magistrate's Court Rules.

21. The provisions of this part of these Regulations shall, as far as may be, apply in any proceedings relating to the apportionment of compensation among dependants of a deceased workman.

Apportionment of compensation.

PART II.

EMPLOYER.

22. Any employer to whom notice of an accident has been given may at any time, notwithstanding the fact that no claim for compensation has been instituted in respect of such accident file with the Registrar a memorandum, supported by an affidavit made by himself or by any person having knowledge of the facts stated in the memorandum, embodying the circumstances or cause of the accident and such memorandum shall be recorded by the Registrar.

Right to file memorandum.

PART III.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

23. A workman who is required by Section 11 subsection (1) of the Ordinance to submit himself for medical examination shall be bound to do so in accordance with the Regulations contained in this Part and not otherwise.

Submission to be in accordance with Regulations.

24. When such workman is present on the employer's premises, and the employer offers to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner who is so present, the workman shall submit himself for examination forthwith.

Examination on employer's premises.

25. In cases to which Regulation 24 does not apply, the employer may :-

Examination in other cases.

- (a) send the medical practitioner to the place where the workman is residing for the time being, in which case the workman shall submit himself for medical examination on being requested to do so by the medical practitioner; or
- (b) send to the workman an offer in writing to have him examined free of charge by a qualified medical practitioner, in which case the workman shall submit himself for medical examination at the employer's premises, or at such other place in the vicinity as is specified in such offer, and at such time as is so specified ;

Provided that :-

- (i) the time so specified shall not, save with the express consent of the workman, be between the hours of 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.; and

- (ii) in cases where the workman's condition renders it impossible or inadvisable that he should leave the place where he is residing for the time being, he shall not be required to submit himself for medical examination save at such place of residence.

Restriction on number of examinations.

26. A workman who is in receipt of a half monthly payment shall not be required to submit himself for medical examination elsewhere than at the place where he is residing for the time being more than twice in the first month following the accident or more than once in any subsequent month.

After suspension of right to compensation.

27. If a workman whose right to compensation has been suspended under Section 11 subsection (2) or (3) of the Ordinance subsequently offers himself for medical examination, his examination shall take place on the employer's premises or at such other place in the vicinity as may be fixed by the employer.

PART IV.

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

Form.

28. A memorandum of agreement sent to the Commissioner under Section 28 (1) of the Ordinance shall unless the Commissioner otherwise directs be in duplicate and conform with forms H, J, and K as the circumstances may require.

Where Commissioner proposes to record memorandum.

29. The Commissioner shall unless he considers that there are no grounds for refusing to record a memorandum of agreement direct the Registrar to fix a day for recording the same, and the Registrar shall accordingly issue a notice in writing in Form L to the parties concerned that in default of objections the Commissioner proposes to record the memorandum on the day so fixed, provided that the notice may be communicated orally to any parties who are present at the time when notice in writing would otherwise issue.

(2) On the date so fixed the Commissioner shall direct the Registrar to record the memorandum unless, after hearing any of the parties who appear and desire to be heard, he considers that it ought not to be recorded, provided that the issue of a notice under subsection (1) of this Regulation shall not be deemed to prevent the Commissioner from refusing to record the memorandum on the date so fixed, even if no objection be made by any party concerned.

(3) If on such date the Commissioner decides that the memorandum ought not to be recorded, he shall inform the parties present of his decision and of the reasons therefor, and if any party desiring the memorandum to be recorded is not present, the Registrar shall send information to that party in Form M.

Where Commissioner considers he should refuse to record.

30. (1) Where the Commissioner considers there are grounds for refusing to record a memorandum of agreement the Registrar shall fix a date for hearing the party or parties desiring the memorandum to be recorded, and the Registrar shall inform such party or parties and, if the Commissioner thinks fit, any other party concerned, of the date so fixed and of the grounds on which the Commissioner considers that the memorandum should not be recorded.

(2) If the parties to be informed are not present, a written notice shall be sent to them in Form N or Form O, as the case may be, and the date fixed in such notice shall be not less than seven days after the date of the issue of the same.

(3) If on the date fixed under subsection (1) of this Regulation the party or parties desiring the memorandum to be recorded show adequate cause for recording the same, the Commissioner may, if information has already been given to all the parties concerned, direct the Registrar to record the agreement. If informa-

tion has not been given to all such parties, he shall proceed in accordance with Regulation 29.

(4) If, on the date so fixed, the Commissioner refuses to record the memorandum, the Registrar shall send notice in Form M to any party who did not receive information under subsection (1) of this Regulation.

31. (1) If in any case the Commissioner refuses to record a memorandum of agreement, he shall briefly record his reasons for such refusal. On refusal to record.

(2) If the Commissioner refuses to record a memorandum of agreement, he shall not make any order directing the payment of any sum or amount over and above the sum specified in the agreement, unless opportunity has been given to the party liable to pay such sum to show cause why it should not be paid.

(3) Where the agreement is for the redemption of half-monthly payments by the payment of a lump sum, and the Commissioner considers that the memorandum of agreement should not be recorded by reason of the inadequacy of the amount of such sum as fixed in the agreement, he shall record his estimate of the probable duration of the disablement of the workman.

32. In recording a memorandum of agreement, the Registrar shall enter the same in a register in Form P and shall endorse a copy of the memorandum to be retained by him as follows :- Registration.

"This memorandum of agreement bearing Serial No. of 19 in the register of agreements has been recorded this day of 19

(Signature)

Registrar."

PART V.

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION.

33. An employer depositing compensation under Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance shall furnish therewith a statement in Form Q, and shall be given a receipt in Form R. Under Section 8 (1) of the Ordinance.

(2) If, in the statement above referred to, the employer indicates that he desires to be made a party to the distribution proceedings, the Commissioner shall, before allotting the sum deposited as compensation, afford to the employer an opportunity of establishing that the person or persons to whom he proposes to allot such sum is or are not dependants of the deceased workman.

(3) The statement of disbursements to be furnished on application by the employer under Section 8 subsection (5) of the Ordinance shall be in Form S.

34. The Registrar shall cause to be displayed in a prominent position outside his office an accurate list of the deposits received by him under Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance of the depositors, and of the workmen in respect of whose death the deposits have been made. Publication of lists of deposits.

35. (1) Where a dependant of a deceased workman claims that compensation is payable in respect of the death of the workman, and no compensation has been deposited in accordance with Section 8 sub-section (1) of the Ordinance in respect thereof, the dependant may apply to the Commissioner for the issue of an order requiring the employer to deposit compensation in accordance with the said subsection, provided that no such application shall be entertained unless the applicant certifies therein that he has requested the Where no compensation deposited.

employer to deposit compensation and that the employer has refused or omitted to do so.

(2) The Commissioner shall dispose of such application in accordance with the provisions of Part I of these Regulations provided that :—

- (a) the Commissioner may, at any time, cause notice to be given in such manner as he thinks fit to all or any of the dependants of the deceased workman who have not joined in the application, requiring them, if they desire to join therein, to appear before him on a date specified in this behalf;
- (b) any dependant to whom such notice has been given and who fails to appear and to join in the application on the date specified in a notice shall not be permitted thereafter to claim that the employer is liable to deposit compensation, unless he satisfies the Commissioner that he was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the cause was called on for hearing.

(3) If, after completing the inquiry into the application, the Commissioner issues an order requiring the employer to deposit compensation in accordance with Section 8 subsection (1) of the Ordinance, nothing in subsection (2) of this Regulation shall be deemed to prohibit the allotment of any part of the sum deposited as compensation to a dependant of the deceased workman who failed to join in the application.

Deposit under Section 8 (2) and (3) of the Ordinance.

36. An employer depositing compensation in accordance with Section 8 subsections (2) or (3) of the Ordinance shall furnish therewith a statement in Form T and shall be given the receipt in Form U.

Investment.

37. Money deposited under Section 8 of the Ordinance may be invested in the name of the Registrar in the Government Savings Bank.

PART VI.

REVIEW OF HALF YEARLY PAYMENTS AND COMMUTATION THEREOF.

Application for review without medical certificate.

38. Application in Form V for review of a half-monthly payment under Section 6 of the Ordinance may be made without being accompanied by medical certificate :—

- (a) by the employer, on the ground that since the right to compensation was determined the workman's wages have increased;
- (b) by the workman, on the ground that since the right to compensation was determined his wages have diminished;
- (c) by the workman, on the ground that the employer, having commenced to pay compensation, has ceased to pay the same, notwithstanding the fact that there has been no change in the workman's condition such as to warrant such cessation;
- (d) by the workman, on the ground that he has ceased, since the right to compensation was determined, to be a minor;
- (e) either by the employer or by the workman on the ground that the determination of the rate of compensation was obtained by fraud or undue influence or other improper means.

39. If, on examining an application for review by an employer in which the reduction or discontinuance of half-monthly payments is sought, it appears to the Commissioner that there is reasonable ground for believing that the employer has a right to such reduction or discontinuance, he may at any time issue an order withholding the half-monthly payments in whole or in part pending his decision on the application.

Procedure on application for review.

40. Where application is made to the Commissioner under Section 7 of the Ordinance for the redemption of a right to receive half-monthly payments by the payment of a lump sum, the Commissioner shall form an estimate of the probable duration of the disablement, and shall award a sum equivalent to the total of the half-monthly payments which would be payable for the period during which he estimates that the disablement will continue, less one half per cent. of that total for each month comprised in that period, provided that fractions of a shilling included in the sum so computed shall be disregarded, provided also that when the Commissioner is unable to form an approximate estimate of the probable duration of the disablement he may from time to time postpone a decision on the application for a period not exceeding two months at any one time.

Procedure on application for commutation.

PART VII.

REGISTRAR.

41. The Registrar shall endorse the date of filing or issuance on all proceedings and notices filed with or issued by him.

Proceedings.

42. In recording an order of the Commissioner under Section 21 of the Ordinance, directing the payment of compensation for the variation of the amount or rate of compensation previously ordered or settled by agreement, the Registrar shall enter such order in a register in the Form W, and shall endorse on a copy of the order to be retained by him as follows :-

Registration of orders.

"This order bearing Serial No. of 19 in the register of orders has been recorded in such register this day of , 19 .

(Signature)

Registrar."

43. The Registrar shall enter all proceedings hereafter to be commenced in a Cause Book, the form of which shall be prescribed by the Commissioner; any entry made therein shall be examined with the original document the day after such entry is made, and such entry shall be evidence of the document having been filed.

Cause Book.

44. The Registrar shall keep the registers prescribed by Regulations 33 and 42 and shall make the appropriate entries therein in accordance with the requirements of the said Regulations.

Registers.

45. The Registrar shall keep proper indexes of the titles of all applications filed with or delivered to him so that the same may be conveniently referred to when required; and such indexes shall at all times during office hours be accessible to the public on payment of the prescribed fee.

Indexes.

46. The Registrar shall, on a request in writing giving sufficient particulars and on payment of the prescribed fee, cause a search to be made in the Cause Books or Registers under his custody, and issue a certificate of the result of the search.

Searches.

47. Any person may on payment of the prescribed fee inspect the file of documents or proceedings in any matter.

Inspection of files.

PART VIII.

COSTS.

Costs.

48. (1) Any costs incidental to any proceedings before the Commissioner directed to be paid by one party to another shall, in default of agreement between the parties as to the amount of such costs, be taxed by the Commissioner according to the scale of costs applicable to actions in the Magistrate's Court; and the statutory provisions and rules for the time being in force as to the allowance and taxation of costs in such actions, shall with the necessary modifications, apply accordingly.

(2) When proceedings are taken for which no provision is made by these Regulations, reasonable costs may be allowed in respect of such proceedings, not exceeding those which may under the scales of costs be allowed in respect of proceedings of a like nature.

(3) The Commissioner, in dealing with the question of costs may take into consideration any offer of compensation proved to have been made on behalf of the employer.

Exemptions.

49. If the Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is unable, by reason of poverty, to pay the prescribed fees, he may remit any or all of such fees. If the case is decided in favour of the applicant the prescribed fees which, had they not been remitted, would have been due to be paid may be added to the costs of the case and recovered in such manner as the Commissioner in his order regarding costs may direct.

PART IX.

FEES.

Fees.

50. The following fees shall be paid respectively on each application, search or inspection made under the Ordinance or these Regulations :

- I. Applications for compensation –
 - (a) Where compensation is claimed in the form of recurring payments ... 5/-
 - (b) Where compensation is claimed in the form of a lump sum 2/6 where the sum does not exceed £50, plus 2/6 for each additional sum of £50, or fraction thereof (maximum 10/-).
- II. Application for commutation –
 - (a) By agreement between the parties ... 2/6
 - (b) In all other cases ... 5/-
- III. Applications for the deposit of compensation –
 - (a) Under Section 8 (1) of the Ordinance ... Nil.
 - (b) In all other cases, in respect of each person to whom compensation is payable ... 2/6
- IV. Applications for distributing by dependants, for each dependant ... 2/6 up to 15/-
- V. Applications for review –
 - (a) Where the review claimed is the continuance, increase, decrease or ending of half-monthly payments ... 2/6
 - (b) Where the half-monthly payments are sought to be converted into a lump sum 5/-
 - (c) In all other cases ... 5/-

VI.	Applications for the registration of agreement –	
	(a) Where the application or the memorandum of agreement is signed by both parties ...	Nil.
	(b) In all other cases ...	5/-
VII.	Applications to summon witnesses –	
	For every witness ...	1/-
VIII.	Applications for indemnification ...	10/-
IX.	Applications for the recovery of compensation –	
	(a) Under an order already made by the Commissioner ...	2/6
	(b) In all other cases –	
	The same fee as is payable on a similar application for compensation.	
X.	All applications not otherwise provided for ...	2/6
XI.	For service of any notice or process ...	2/6
XII.	For search in indexes of titles of application filed	2/6
XIII.	For search in Cause Books or Registers and issuing certificate of result of search under the hand of the Registrar ...	2/6
XIV.	For inspecting file of documents or proceedings	2/6.

PART X.

FORMS.

51. Where the forms in the schedule to these Regulations are not applicable, forms of the like character, with such variations as the circumstances may require, may be used in proceedings under the Ordinance. Forms.

PART XI.

COMMENCEMENT.

52. These Regulations shall come into force on the day of publication of which judicial notice shall be taken. Commencement.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council at a Meeting held on the 11th day of May, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0038.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

(See Regulation 3)

APPLICATION FOR COMPENSATION BY WORKMAN.

To the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation,

residing at

, applicant

versus

residing at

, respondent

It is hereby submitted that –

(1) the applicant, a workman employed by a contractor with the respondent on the day of 19 , received personal injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment.

The cause of the injury was (here insert briefly in ordinary language the cause of the injury).

(2) the applicant sustained the following injuries, namely :–

(3) the monthly wages of the applicant amount to £ the applicant is
over the age of 18 years.
under

- * (4) (a) Notice of the accident was served on the day of
(b) Notice was served as soon as practicable.
(c) Notice of the accident was not served (in due time) by reason of

* (5) the applicant is accordingly entitled to receive –

- (a) half-monthly payments of £ from the day of
19 , to
(b) a lump sum payment of £

(6) the applicant has taken the following steps to secure a settlement by agreement, namely but it has proved impossible to settle the question in dispute because

* You are therefore requested to determine the following questions in dispute, namely :–

- (a) whether the applicant is a workman within the meaning of the Ordinance;
(b) whether the accident arose out of or in the course of the applicant's employment;
(c) whether the amount of compensation claimed is due, or any part of that amount;
(d) whether the respondent is liable to pay such compensation as is due;
(e) &c., (as required)

Dated this day of 19 .

Applicant.

To
of

I do hereby require you to file with me the undersigned Registrar a written statement dealing with the claim against you in the above application within days after service thereof on you.

And further take notice that if you fail to forward the statement in writing an order may be made against you in default.

Dated this day of 19 .

Registrar.

* Strike out the clauses which are not applicable.

FORM B.

(See Regulation 3)

APPLICATION FOR COMPENSATION BY DEPENDANTS.

To the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation,

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

It is hereby submitted that -

(1) a workman employed by (a contractor with)
the respondent on the day of 19 received personal injury by
accident arising out of and in the course of his employment resulting in his death on the
day of 19 . The cause of the injury was (here insert briefly
in ordinary language the cause of the injury).

(2) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{are}}$ a dependant(s) of the deceased workman, being his

(3) The monthly wages of the deceased amount to £

The deceased was $\frac{\text{over}}{\text{under}}$ the age of 18 years at the time of his death.

*(4) (a) Notice of the accident was served on the day of
(b) Notice was served as soon as practicable.
(c) Notice of the accident was not served (in due time) by reason of

(5) The deceased before his death received as compensation the total sum of £

(6) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{are}}$ accordingly entitled to receive a lump sum payment of £

(7) The applicant(s) $\frac{\text{has}}{\text{have}}$ requested the respondent to deposit compensation and the

latter has $\frac{\text{refused}}{\text{omitted}}$ to do so.

* You are therefore requested to determine the following questions in dispute, namely :—

- (a) Whether the deceased was a workman within the meaning of the Ordinance ;
- (b) Whether the accident arose out of and in the course of the deceased's employment ;
- (c) Whether the amount of compensation claimed is due, or any part of that amount ;
- (d) Whether the respondent is liable to pay such compensation as is due ;
- (e) Whether the applicant(s) ^{is a}_{are} dependant(s) of the deceased ;
- (f) How the compensation, when deposited, should be distributed ;
- (g) &c. (as required).

Applicant.

Dated the day of , 19 .

* Strike out the clauses which are not applicable.

To
of

I do hereby require you to file with me the undersigned Registrar a written statement dealing with the claim against you in the above application within days after service thereof on you.

And further take notice that if you fail to forward the statement in writing an order may be made against you in default.

Dated this day of 19 .

Registrar.

FORM C.
(See Regulation 3)

APPLICATION FOR COMMUTATION.

(Under Section 3 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

To the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation,

residing at
, applicant

versus

residing at
, respondent.

It is hereby submitted that—

- (1) The ^{applicant}_{respondent} has been in receipt of half-monthly payments from
to in respect of temporary disablement by accident arising out of and in the course
of his employment.

- (2) The applicant is desirous that the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.
- (3)
 - (a) The respondent is unwilling to agree to the redemption of the right to receive half-monthly payments.
 - (b) The parties have been unable to agree regarding the sum for which the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.

You are therefore requested to make an order –

- (a) directing that the right to receive half-monthly payments should be redeemed.
- (b) fixing a sum for the redemption of the right to receive half-monthly payments.

Date _____

Applicant.

FORM D.

(See Regulation 9)

NOTICE.

Whereas a claim for compensation has been made to the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation by _____ applicant, against _____ and the said _____ has claimed that you are liable under Section 12 (2) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, to indemnify him against any compensation which he may be liable to pay in respect of the aforesaid claim, you are hereby informed that you may appear before the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ at _____ and contest the claim for compensation made by the said applicant or the claim for indemnity made by the respondent. In default of your appearance you will be deemed to admit the validity of any award made against the respondent and your liability to indemnify the respondent for any compensation recovered from him.

Dated _____ 19____

Registrar.

of To

I do hereby require you to file with me the undersigned Commissioner a written statement dealing with the claim against you in the above application within _____ days after service thereof on you.

And further take notice that if you fail to forward the statement in writing an order may be made against you in default.

Dated this day of 19

Commissioner.

FORM E.
(See Regulation 12)

NOTICE TO APPLICANT OF DAY UPON WHICH HEARING WILL
BE PROCEEDED WITH.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ORDINANCE, 1937.

residing at
, applicant
versus

residing at
, respondent.

Take notice that the Commissioner will proceed with the hearing of the application in
this matter at on the day of
at the hour of o'clock in the noon.

Dated this day of 19 .

Registrar.

NOTICE TO RESPONDENT OF DAY UPON WHICH HEARING WILL
BE PROCEEDED WITH.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ORDINANCE, 1937.

residing at
, applicant
versus

residing at
, respondent.

Take notice that the Commissioner will proceed with the hearing of the application in
the matter at on the day of
at the hour of o'clock in the noon, and that if you do not attend at the time and
place abovementioned such order will be made and proceedings taken as the Commissioner
may think just and expedient.

Dated this day of , 19 .

To
of

Registrar.

FORM F.
(See Regulation 18)

ORDER.

(NOTE.— These forms are intended for use in ordinary cases only)

(1) In case of application for half-monthly payment of compensation.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :—

*(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which
the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)*

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay to the applicant A.B. the half-monthly sum of _____ as compensation for personal injuries caused to the said A.B. on the _____ day of _____ by injury arising out of and in the course of his employment as a workman employed by the said respondent, such half-monthly payment to commence as from the _____ day of _____, and to continue during the total or partial incapacity of the said A.B. for work, or until the same shall be ended, diminished, increased or redeemed in accordance with the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.

2. And I order that the said C.D. do forthwith pay to the said A.B. the sum of £ _____ being the amount of such half-monthly payments calculated from the _____ day of _____ until the _____ day of _____ and do thereafter pay _____ the said sum of _____ to the said A.B. on the _____ and _____ days of each month.

3. And I order that the said C.D. do pay to the applicant his costs of or incidental to the proceedings, such costs, in default of agreement between the parties as to the amount thereof, to be taxed under the scale of costs applicable to actions in the Magistrate's Court, and to be paid by the said C.D. within 14 days of the date of the certificate of the result of such taxation.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 19 _____.

Commissioner.

(ii) In case of application by Dependants.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :—

*(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which
the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)*

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay the sum of £ _____ to the dependants of A.B., late of _____ deceased, as compensation for the injury resulting to such dependants from the death of the said A.B. which took place on the _____ day of _____ from injury caused to the said A.B. on the _____ day of _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment as a workman employed by the said respondent.

2. And I declare that the persons hereinafter named are entitled to share in such compensation as dependants of the said A.B., that is to say J.B. the widow of the said A.B. and (name the other persons).

3. (Add if so found) And I declare that G.H. the of the said A.B. is not entitled to share in such compensation as a dependant of the said A.B.

4. And I order that the said sum of £ be apportioned between the said J.B. and in the proportions following, that is to say :-

I apportion the sum of £ to and for the benefit of the said J.B. and the sum of £ to and for the benefit of the said

5. And I order that the said C.D. do pay the said sum of £ within 14 days from the date of this order.

6. And I order that the said J.B. and the said or any of them, be at liberty to apply to me from time to time for any further or other order as to the application of any of the said sums which may be ordered to be invested and the interest accruing thereon.

7. And I order that the said C.D. do pay to the applicants their costs of and incident to these proceedings, etc.

Dated this day of , 19 .

Commissioner.

(iii) In case of application by person to whom expenses of medical attendance or burial are due.

Having duly considered the matters submitted to me, I do hereby order as follows :-

(Here insert any introductory recitals of findings on which the order is made which the Commissioner may think fit)

1. I order that the respondent C.D. do pay the sum of £ for or towards the expenses of medical attendance on and the burial of A.B., late of deceased, who died on the day of from injury caused on the day of by accident arising out of and in the course of the employment of the said A.B. as a workman employed by the said C.D.

2. And I declare that the persons hereinafter named are entitled to share in such compensation, that is to say :-

The applicant E.F. in respect of charges amounting to £ due to (or payable by) him for medical attendance on the said A.B., and the applicant G.H. in respect of charges amounting to £ due to him for the burial of the said A.B.

Dated this day of , 19 .

Commissioner.

(NOTE.— The above forms will serve as guides for framing orders in other cases).

FORM G.
(See Regulation 19)

(THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ORDINANCE, 1937)

RETURN OF SERVICE OF PROCESS FROM THE COMMISSIONER
FOR WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

Name of Applicant.	Name of Respondent.	Document Served.	Date of Service.	Place of Service.	Mode of Service.

I do swear that the above return of service is true and in accordance with the facts of such service.

(Signed)

Deponent.

Sworn before me by the above-named deponent this day of , 19

(Signed) *Magistrate*
 Justice of the Peace }

FORM H.

(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____, 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in temporary disablement to the said workman whereby it is estimated that he will be prevented from earning more than _____ of his previous _____ any wages for a period of months. The said workman has been in receipt of half-monthly payments which have continued from the _____ day of _____ amounting to £_____ in all. The said workman's monthly wages are estimated at £_____. The workman is over the age of 18 years will reach the age of 18 years on _____.

It is further submitted that _____ the employer of the said workman has agreed to pay, and the said workman has agreed to accept the sum of £_____ in full settlement of all and every claim under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, in respect of all disablement of a temporary nature arising out of the said accident whether now or hereafter to become manifest. It is therefor requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £_____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £_____

Workman.

Dated _____

19____

The money has been paid and this receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM J.

(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____ 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in permanent disablement to the said workman of the following nature, namely :-

The said workman's monthly wages are estimated at £ _____

The workman is over the age of 18 years.
will reach the age of 18 years on _____

The said workman has, prior to the date of this agreement, received the following payments' namely --

It is further submitted that _____, the employer of the said workman, has agreed to pay, and the said workman has agreed to accept the sum of £ _____ in full settlement of all and every claim under the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance in respect of the disablement stated above and all disablement now manifest. It is therefore requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £ _____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £ _____

Workman.

Dated _____

19____

The money has been paid and this receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM K.

(See Regulation 28)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT.

It is hereby submitted that on the _____ day of _____ 19____, personal injury was caused to _____, residing at _____ by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment in _____. The said injury has resulted in temporary disablement to the said workman, who is at present in receipt of wages amounting to £ _____ per month. The said workman's monthly wages prior to the accident are estimated at £ _____ no wages. The workman is subject to a legal disability by reason of _____.

It is further submitted that the employer of the workman has agreed to pay and on behalf of the said workman has agreed to accept half-monthly payments at the rate of _____ for the period of the said temporary disablement. This agreement is subject to the condition that the amount of the half-monthly payments may be varied in accordance with the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance on account of an alteration in the earnings of the said workman during disablement. It is further stipulated that all rights of commutation under Section 7 of the said Ordinance are unaffected by this agreement. It is therefore requested that this memorandum be duly recorded.

It is further submitted that the employer has paid and/or agreed to pay the sum of £ _____ as costs.

Dated _____

Signature of employer _____

Witness _____

Signature of workman _____

Witness _____

[NOTE.— An application to register an agreement can be presented under the signature of one party, provided that the other party has agreed to the terms. But both signatures should be appended, (whenever possible).]

Receipt (to be filled in when the money has actually been paid).

In accordance with the above agreement, I have this day received the sum of £ _____

_____ Workman.

Dated _____

19____

The money has been paid and the receipt signed in my presence.

Witness.

FORM L.

(See Regulation 29)

Whereas an agreement to pay compensation is said to have been reached between _____ and _____. And whereas _____ ~~had~~ ^{have} applied to the Commissioner for registration of the agreement under Section 28 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance Notice is hereby given that the said agreement will be taken into consideration by the Commissioner at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____, 19____ at _____ and that any objections to the registration of the said agreement should be made on the date and at the place aforesaid. In the absence of valid objections, it is the Commissioner's intention to proceed to the registration of the agreement.

Dated _____ 19____

Registrar.

FORM M.

(See Regulations 29 and 30)

Take notice that registration of the agreement to pay _____ compensation said to have been reached between you _____ and _____ the _____, 19____, has been refused by the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation for the following reasons, namely :—

Dated _____ 19____

Registrar.

FORM N.

(See Regulation 30)

Whereas an agreement to pay compensation is said to have been reached between _____ and _____. And whereas _____ ~~has~~ ^{have} applied to the Commissioner for registration of the agreement under Section 28 of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937, and whereas it appears to the Commissioner that the said agreement ought not to be registered for the following reasons, namely :—

An opportunity will be afforded to you of showing cause at _____ o'clock on the _____ day of _____, 19____, at _____ why the said agreement should be registered. If no adequate cause is shown on that date, registration of the agreement will be refused.

Dated _____ 19____

Registrar.

FORM Q.

(See Regulation 33)

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION FOR FATAL ACCIDENT.

(Section 8 (1) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Compensation amounting to £ is hereby presented for deposit in respect
of injuries resulting in the death of residing at
which occurred on , 19 . His monthly wages were estimated at
. He was $\frac{\text{over}}{\text{under}}$ the age of 18 years at the time of his death.

The said workman had, prior to the date of his death, received the following
payments, namely :-

amounting in all to

Dated , 19 *Employer.*

(*To be added if desired*) I desire to be made a party to the proceedings for distribution
of the aforesaid compensation.

Employer.

FORM R.

(See Regulation 33)

RECEIPT FOR COMPENSATION.

(Deposited under Section 8 (1) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Book No.	Receipt No.	Register No.
Depositor		
Deceased workman		
Date of deposit	19 .	
Sum deposited £		

Registrar.

FORM S.
(See Regulation 33)

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS.

(Section 8 (5) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Serial No.

Depositor

Amount deposited £

Date	£ s. d.		
	Funeral expenses paid		
	Compensation paid to the following dependants.		
	Name	Relationship	
	Total		

Dated , 19 .

Registrar.

FORM T.
(See Regulation 36)

DEPOSIT OF COMPENSATION FOR NON-FATAL ACCIDENTS.

(Section 8 (2) and (3) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Compensation amounting to £ is hereby presented for deposit in respect of
permanent injuries sustained by residing at which
temporary
 occurred on 19 .

Employer.

Dated 19 .

FORM U.
(See Regulation 36)

RECEIPT FOR COMPENSATION.

(Deposit under Section 8 (2) or (3) of the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937)

Book No.	Receipt No.	Register No.
Depositor		
In favour of		
Date of Deposit	19 .	
Sum deposited £		

Registrar.

FORM V.
(Under Regulation 38)

APPLICATION FOR REVIEW OF HALF-MONTHLY PAYMENT.

To the Registrar,

	residing at
	, applicant
versus	
	residing at
	, respondent.

Application is hereby made for the review (termination, diminution, increase, or redemption as the case may be) of the half-monthly payment payable to the said
in respect of personal injury caused to him by accident arising
out of and in the course of his employment.

Particulars are hereto appended.

PARTICULARS.

1. Name and address of injured workman.
2. Name and place of business of employer by whom compensation is payable.
3. Date and nature of accident.
4. Amount of half-monthly payment and date from which it commenced.
5. Relief sought by applicant, (whether termination, diminution, increase, or redemption).
6. Grounds of application.

Dated this day of , 19 .

(Signed)

Applicant.

FORM W.
(See Regulation 42)

REGISTER OF ORDER FOR THE YEAR 19

Serial No.	Date of Order.	Date of registration.	Employer.	Workman.	Initials of Registrar.	Reference to orders rectifying the register.	Address of person against whom order made.	Amount and particulars.



The Falkland Islands Gazette

Published by Authority.

VOL. LVII.

SEPTEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 10.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Livermore, A. E.	Public Works	General Foreman	19.7.48.	The notice, published in the Gazette for 3.8.48, under New Appointments, is hereby cancelled.

LEAVE.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Baker, H. L.	Education.	Superintendent of Education.	336 days plus period of voyage.	21.8.48.	Leave to commence on arrival in U.K.
Sladen, Dr. F. J.	Medical.	Senior Medical Officer.	175 days plus period of voyage.	21.8.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 46.

3rd August, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint:—

THE HON. MR. KEITH WILLIAM LUXTON, J.P.,

to be provisionally a Member of the Legislative Council, with effect from the 11th of May, 1948.
M.P. 0456.

No. 47.

5th August, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners registered to practice in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

KENDALL, JOHN WILSON M.R.C.S., (Eng.) 1926.
L.R.C.P., (Lon.) „

M.P. 21/28.

No. 48. 25th August, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment :—

H. SKILLINGTON, ESQUIRE.

to be Officer-in-Charge, Education Department, with effect from the 22nd of August, 1948.

No. 49. 25th August, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 2 of the 1st of January, 1948, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint :—

DR. R. S. SLESSOR, M.B. Ch.B.,

vice

DR. F. J. SLADEN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. & H.

to be a Member of the Stanley Town Council with effect from the 22nd of August, 1948.

M.P. 0039/C.

No. 50.

1st September, 1948.

It is hereby notified that Government clocks will be advanced one hour at midnight, Saturday/Sunday: the 2nd/3rd October, 1948.

M.P. 0064.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Arthur Grenfell Barton, Esq., J.P., is hereby appointed to be a Registrar to celebrate the marriage of David William Harold Stewart and Lily Anne McCallum.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Mr. Andrew Milne, Deputy Registrar, Darwin, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for celebrating marriages at Darwin.

J. E. HAMILTON.

Registrar General.

The Government of the Falkland Islands regrets that owing to the increased cost of materials the subscription to the Falkland Islands Gazette will be raised from 10/- to 15/- per annum as from the 1st of January, 1949.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Stanley,

1st September, 1948.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 12TH MAY, 1948.

1. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 20th of November, 1947, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of Council,

You will be asked this morning to assent to legislation which has been framed to give effect to your decision at the last Budget session to raise additional revenue. That decision is reflected in the printed Estimates for the year and the measures to give effect to it will be explained in detail during the course of the debate; I will confine myself therefore to a few general observations.

The measures include an Order under the Customs Ordinance designed to increase the duty on wines and spirits — not, you will note, on beer which still remains at a penny a bottle — to increase, though to a lesser degree, the duty on tobacco and cigarettes and to place an *ad valorem* duty on a range of items which cannot be classified as "necessities" and the duty on which ranges from 10% to 50%. Some of these rates will be subject to modification where good cause is shown for it is no purpose of the Administration to add to the cost of living though you will understand that that term can only include necessities. For purposes of comparison, a bottle of whiskey will in future cost 18/- against 31/6 or more (that is supposing one is fortunate enough to be able to get a bottle) in the United Kingdom and a Pound or more in most other Colonies. Cigarettes will, in future, cost about 3/- for 50 as against 3/6 or more for 20 in the United Kingdom and proportionately high rates elsewhere.

The Customs Ordinance is expected to produce, in a full year, additional revenue of approximately £6,000 which is a little less than £3 per annum per head of the adult population, a little less than five shillings a month or barely twopence a day. A substantial part of this increase will derive from the sale of spirits of which it is estimated that some 4,500 gallons are consumed annually. It may be appropriate to refer at this point to the Medical and Sanitary Report for 1945 in which the Senior Medical Officer speaks of the excessive quantity of spirits drunk in the Colony and their prejudicial effect on health, concluding with the reasonable comment that were less consumed more money would be available to spend on other things.

A second principal revenue measure raises the upper limit of income tax for the higher income group to 3/6 in the £1 on a fraction only of such incomes, while affording further relief to the married

man in the lower income groups and to the widower with children, or those having dependent relatives. Company Tax is also increased by one shilling.

On the subject of Income Tax I would remark that it was paid last year by only 212 individuals in the Colony and that the new rates are substantially lower than those obtaining today in any Colony of which I have knowledge.

Taxation the world over has ever been an unpopular institution and it was not to be supposed that the measures to which the Government has been compelled would be received with any enthusiasm: they have been met, as I anticipated with considerable dissatisfaction and with the request by a section of the community for my removal from office.

Let me say at once that no such action – no personal attack from whatever quarter, or whatever its nature – will deflect me by so much as one hair's breadth from what I conceive to be my duty as head of this Administration subject, of course, to the advice and consent of my Executive Council. But do not, I beg you, read into my use of that constitutional term any attempt on my part to shift the responsibility for these measures from my shoulders to theirs. I accept it in full.

I was confronted on my arrival here, as Honourable members are aware, with an anticipated deficit of £27,000 in respect of the year 1946 and of no less than £35,000 for 1947 – reduced, in the result, to £21,000 and £15,000 respectively but, as I pointed out to you, this was not a position which could be permitted to continue. There were two alternatives open to me – to continue the shifts and devices of previous Budgets and play for time, or to face the issue squarely; I decided, as any honest man of business would, to do the latter and I make no apology for the decision. Other considerations apart, it will be clear to you that a succession of annual deficits must eat into the Colony's reserves, thereby reducing its revenue from investments and so adding to its dilemma.

The Secretary of State was of course informed of this situation and he shared my misgivings and approved the steps which I have proposed to remedy this dangerous position. It will be as well if, at this stage, I quote to you from a directive issued by him to my predecessor and all other Colonial Governors in July 1946: it is very relevant.

" . . . the objective should be to secure increases in rates of income tax as a permanent feature of the fiscal system."

" . . . It is indeed, as has already been indicated in previous communications, an implied condition of assistance from His Majesty's Government (he is referring here to the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund) that a contribution to development programmes will be made from local revenue. Moreover, in practically all Colonies the standard of social services falls far short of what is desirable. The provision of adequate social services must clearly depend upon a substantial and permanent increase in Government revenue."

" . . . today, bearing in mind the shortage of goods available for purchase, it may be wise to make considerable use of indirect tax on luxuries, semi-luxuries and even for the time being on articles of wider consumption in the same way as indirect tax in the form of purchase tax is being retained in the United Kingdom. In Colonies taxes of that kind naturally take the form of customs duties."

I think it possible that the present reaction to the introduction of an *ad valorem* tariff is, to some extent, one of sentiment – the fact that the Colony has not hitherto been burdened with such legislation, albeit the general rule elsewhere. I understand and I sympathise with that point of view but must observe that sentiment and economics make uneasy bedfellows.

It is true that nothing of the sort may have appeared necessary before, more particularly during the War by which the Colony was, as my Falkland Island friends have been the first to volunteer, little affected but the fact remains that a Colony which depends for a substantial part of its requirements, whether in supplies or personnel, on overseas markets where prices and wages have soared was bound to be affected in due course. Apart from the first cost of materials – and particularly of building materials – which have increased enormously, freight and passages alone represent a most formidable item.

I will turn now to some of the criticisms which have been levelled at the Government.

The first of these is as to the high cost of administration for a Colony of this size and here I am disposed to agree with the critics; indeed, for that very reason I appointed a Committee last year to examine this phenomenon and to make recommendations as to possible economies. That Committee, Honourable Members, sat for some weeks and was unable to suggest any to me, or rather only one which I subsequently abandoned on representations from the public. Certain economies have in fact been proposed subsequently but they are of a long-term order and will be offset initially by overdue improvements in the conditions of locally recruited Government employees, of all categories. For the rest, if any Member of Council or any member of the public can suggest to me any direction in which worthwhile economies can be secured, such suggestions will be most gratefully received and most carefully considered. I am very willing to appoint a further committee, including one or more non-officials, to re-examine the problem for every pound that can be saved is as much of a help to the Government as it is to the public. I must, however, remind you that size alone does not determine the costs of administration and that we have problems here which many larger Colonies are spared; to mention only three, there is our appalling lack of communications which not only adds greatly to expense but complicates still further most of our other problems; there is the absence of any system of social security, which has compelled the Government to give paid employment to men who are really incapable of doing useful work; there is, too, the generally poor standard of education – in no way the fault of the people – which has compelled the Government to recruit overseas for posts which it should be possible to fill at home. Had more money been devoted in the past to improvement of the educational system and the provision of training facilities we should be a great deal more self-sufficient to-day.

The second criticism is to the effect that wages, fixed only in February of last year, have already been overtaken by the cost of living but there is no concrete evidence to support that view and I recall that when, recently, on a report from the Hon. Mr. A. G. Barton, I suggested subsidising the importation

of potatoes that suggestion was very firmly rejected by the West Falklands. It should, perhaps, be noted that the Savings Bank deposits which in 1938 stood at £200,000 amount to-day to no less than £467,000 in the names of over 1800 depositors which is a most gratifying increase and the trend is still upwards. Nor is it possible to ignore the fact that consignments of goods to local stores are sold out, often, within a few days of receipt and with little regard to price so that here, as elsewhere in this unsettled world, we have the familiar signs of "too much money chasing too few goods": in other words, and on however small a scale, we have inflation. This is not to say that I dismiss the contention to which I have referred and it is my intention to have this question examined far more closely than was the case in 1946. I might mention here that as a result of representations to the Secretary of State, the Board of Trade has been persuaded to arrange for the supply of utility clothing for the Colony which is of excellent quality and reasonable price.

These considerations apart, I have long been conscious that the married man with two or more children might be feeling the pinch and need some measure of assistance which until the Budgetary outlook could be improved it was quite impossible to afford; but I shall present to Council at the next Budget session - that is, in October - proposals for a non-contributory scheme of childrens' allowances which these new revenue measures will permit me to finance. That is to say that the Government will pay a weekly allowance in respect of all children except the first from birth to school-leaving age without exacting any contribution from the parent: in the case of a parent unfortunate enough to be on poor relief, the allowance will be paid also in respect of the first child. This should go some way towards easing the difficulties of the family man.

I have been a good deal exercised, also, at the lack of any true provision for old age and you may remember my reference to this during my first address to this House. A Provident Fund scheme which permits a subscriber to withdraw, and if he will to squander, his savings whenever he changes his employment or which upon change of employment denies to him the opportunity of continued participation, is no real security against the day when he is too old to work. I am in correspondence with an actuary to ascertain whether it would be feasible to introduce a contributory scheme for all employed persons in the Colony: I refer here, of course, to Falkland Islanders.

I turn now to consideration of other possible sources of additional revenue. First, there is the question of an increased contribution from the Dependencies in regard to which I addressed the Secretary of State more than a year ago: this question is bound up with the Research and Discovery legislation, involves to some extent H.M. Treasury and is still under consideration. I can make no forecast as to the outcome of these representations but am reasonably confident that it will not be to our disadvantage.

Secondly, there is the possibility - and I took care to warn Honourable Members that it was nothing more - of a resumption of whaling activities in the Colony. As to this I note that anxiety is expressed in the Weekly News on the effect of the proposed export duties on whale and seal products. These duties are on a sliding scale in accordance with the market value of oil, which stands today at £90 per ton. Pelagic whaling, that is whaling from factory ships on the high seas is, as you may know, controlled by international agreement which limits the total catch to 16,000 Blue Whale units and with the number of ships now engaged there is not a great deal of room left for further profitable participation in that field. Shore stations, on the other hand, are, for the present at least, unaffected by such limitation and so long as the world shortage of fats persists the venture will continue to be worthwhile; as the price of oil drops so will the duty which, as revised, is a fraction under 3% - in face of the very substantial profits which are being made this is no great matter to the industry but it means a great deal to us.

A new stamp issue was also suggested to me from one source and had, in fact, already been contemplated but it is a device which does not bear too frequent repetition. It will be considered when the Colony's new arms are approved.

But the measures which the critics of Government have chiefly in mind point to a further cess on the wool industry, either by way of increased export duty or of a separate tax on the income of the "absentee" shareholder. Now I do not suppose that the farmer, who is traditionally hard to please, will in fact find much cause to complain about his profits during recent years; throughout the War he enjoyed a stable market thanks to the Ministry of Supply and prices have risen encouragingly since the wool control came to an end. It could perhaps be argued that the industry might contribute more generously to revenue but there is another side to the picture to which I invite attention. From 1939 onwards there has been a serious shortage of labour in the Camp and a virtual cessation in the flow of essential maintenance supplies: farm properties have in consequence been subject to progressive deterioration which can only be made good now at very inflated costs. Further, I have recently sponsored a proposal for the setting up of a Freezer in the Colony and if this is to be a success the farms will need to plough back a substantial part of their profits into improvements, fencing, drainage and the like. Sheepfarming is the Colony's only industry and it is a short-sighted policy indeed that would embarrass future development to meet present need. The farms will, of course, be making their additional contribution in the form of increased Company Tax, while as to the "absentee" shareholder let it not be forgotten that he is subject, also, to United Kingdom income tax which makes anything that is paid here look relatively insignificant.

Behind all this lies one fundamental economic factor and that is that one half of the community - Stanley, including 330 Government and F. I. Co. employees, drawing between them some £60,000 a year - lives on the productivity of the other half, the Camp. This is a truism but needs, nevertheless, to be continuously born in mind; the wellbeing of the one rests, indissolubly, on the prosperity of the other.

In conclusion let me refer to the vexed question of representation. I can well understand, having been in precisely the same position for most of my life, that people do not appreciate being taxed when they have little or no say in the disposal of the proceeds but it necessarily takes some time to remedy a state of affairs which has persisted for so many years. It is, I can assure you, no pleasure to me to preside at the head of an Administration on which the voice of the people is not properly heard and I give it as my conviction that a Governor can be saddled with no greater handicap and no more thankless task. But may I remind Honourable Members, and the public, that my first action immediately after

my arrival here was to appoint two non-officials to my Executive Council, by which all legislation is considered in the first instance; my next to provide Stanley with what it should have had years and years ago, a Town Council of its own, while proposals to give effect to the third step, an enlarged legislature with popular representation, have long since been submitted to the Colonial Office where the necessary instruments are being prepared. I venture to suggest to you that this is not bad going in something under eighteen months and when I consider also the wide field of future planning which has been covered in this same period I see no reason why this Administration should hang its head. The new constitution will hold the balance fairly as between Stanley and the Camp and I can only hope that the elections in the latter will excite more interest and enthusiasm than was the case in Stanley last year. Let me hasten to add that I have no doubt whatever that the Town Council, now that it has come into being, will develop into a most useful institution. I have as little doubt that the new Legislative Assembly will prove equally useful; it will certainly take a deal of the weight off my shoulders and I look forward to that day as eagerly as any of you.

4. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Paper:-

Auditor's Annual Report on the accounts of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1946.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ended the 31st of December, 1947, for the period 1st October to 31st December.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of FORTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED AND FIVE POUNDS NINE SHILLINGS AND FIVEPENCE (£47,405 : 9 : 5) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ending the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st January to 31st March.

"BE IT RESOLVED -

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of ONE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE POUNDS TWELVE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE (£1,645 : 12 : 6) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying Schedule".

The Honourable the Senior Medical Officer seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW THEREFORE this Council resolves that the Customs Order, 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 22nd of April, 1948 under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed".

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton moved and the Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts seconded an adjournment in order that the Resolution might receive further consideration and that a Member for the West Falkland might be present on the Council.

His Excellency agreed that consideration of the Resolution be postponed accordingly.

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary thereupon moved that the Customs Order 1948 be revoked and upon the motion being seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter the said Order was revoked.

8. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial

Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939" was read a *first* time.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton moved and the Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs seconded that consideration of this Bill be postponed in order that a Member for the West Falklands might be present on the Council.

His Excellency agreed that consideration of the Bill be postponed accordingly.

10. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943, the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

11. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Licensing Ordinance 1944" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend the Tobacco Ordinance 1944".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 4 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned.

RESUMED MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL - 11TH JUNE, 1948.

The Council resumed.

13. The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton, J.P., after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

14. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution.

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW, THEREFORE, this Council resolves that the Customs Order (No. 3) 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 19th of May, 1948, under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed."

The Honourable Mr. D. W. Roberts opposed the introduction of *ad valorem* duties and moved an amendment that they be cancelled and be substituted by an increase in the wool export tax from 1/- to 1/3 for every 25 pounds or part thereof.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton seconded the motion adding that the Sheep Farming Industry would accept such increase in the wool tax for this year only.

On the amendment being put to Council by His Excellency it was carried unanimously.

The Council then amended the Order in Council accordingly and the Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the Resolution as amended.

The Resolution was adopted.

15. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW THEREFORE, this Council resolves that the Customs Order (No. 2) 1948, made by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 12th of May, 1948, under the Customs Ordinance, 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed."

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded the motion and the Resolution was adopted with effect from the 12th of May to the 10th of June, 1948 and thereafter revoked.

16. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance 1939" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time.

The Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton in opposing the motion stated that he was expressing the views of the Sheep Owners Association, the largest employers of labour in the Colony.

He reviewed, at length, the imposition of income tax, the economic condition of the Colony over the past 35 years, the Government's expanding commitments, the social security measures envisaged by His Excellency the Governor and invited attention to the possibilities in the event of a fall in the price of wool.

In seconding the amendment the Honourable Mr. V. A. H. Biggs stressed the point that there should be no further taxation without representation.

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter replied.

His Excellency summed up and the Bill was committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. Clause 3 was agreed to with the following amendment :

By the substitution of the word "eighty" for the words "seventy-five" in the second line.

Clause 4 was agreed to with the following amendment :

By the deletion of the Proviso and the substitution therefore of the following Proviso :

"Provided that where a child is receiving full-time instruction at any university, college or school abroad, either wholly or partly at the expense of the claimant the Commissioner may allow a deduction not exceeding £125 in respect of each such child during such period of instruction".

Clauses 5 and 6 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then a *third* time and passed by a division of 5 ayes to 4 noes.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948.

Amendment to Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
Section 4.

2. The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 shall be amended by the substitution of the words "forty-eight" for the words "forty-two" in lines 1 and 2 of Section 4. (1) (b) (i) thereof.

Commencement.

3. This Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and shall come into force on the day of publication.

A Bill for An Ordinance To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance").

Amendment to Principal Ordinance
Section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be the actual earnings of any person not being ordinarily resident in the Colony from such employment in any one whaling or sealing season, notwithstanding that the period of employment may extend into two calendar years".

Section 21.

3. Section 21 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, the tax upon the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be at the following rates :

On the first £100 of such income	Nil
4% of every £ of the next £100	
5% " " " " " "	£200
6% " " " " " "	£200
7% " " " " " "	£200
10% " " " " " "	£200
12½% " " " above ...	£1,000

4. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following subsections :

“(3) (a) The tax chargeable upon the income of any person engaged on seasonal work shall be payable by the employers who may deduct the amount from earnings of any such persons. The employer, or in the case of a Company the manager or principle officer of the Company, shall at the end of each season render to the Commissioner an account of the earnings of each employee and of the amount of the tax payable in respect of such earnings.

(b) Any person who fails or neglects to render an account due under this subsection shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

“(4) (a) The account books of the employers shall be at all reasonable times open for inspection by the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent.

(b) Any person who hinders or obstructs the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent in the inspection of any such account books shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance”.

5. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1948. Commencement.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To regulate and control prospecting and mining for radio-active minerals and the export thereof and for purposes connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Radio-active Minerals Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“Colony” means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its territorial waters and includes the Dependencies of the Falkland Islands and their territorial waters;

“licence” means a licence issued under the provisions of Section 3 of this Ordinance;

“mine”, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, includes all operations for the intentional winning or obtaining of any radio-active mineral;

“permit”, means a permit issued under the provisions of Section 6 of this Ordinance;

“prospect”, with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means to search for any radio-active mineral and includes such working as is reasonably necessary to enable the prospector to test the radio-active mineral-bearing qualities of the area concerned.

“radio-active mineral” means any substance specified in the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Prospecting and mining restricted.

3. Notwithstanding anything in the Mining Ordinance, 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance, 1919, or any other enactment, no person shall within the Colony prospect for or mine, or attempt to prospect or mine, any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Governor.

Holder of licence to report his operations.

4. Every holder of a licence shall within the first week of every month furnish the Colonial Secretary with a true report in writing of the prospecting and mining operations conducted by him in the immediately preceding month with respect to radio-active minerals.

5. The holder of any prospecting licence or mining lease under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of such mining lease shall immediately notify the Colonial Secretary of the discovery of any radio-active minerals and shall not remove them from the mining land without the consent of the Governor.

Export restricted.

6. Notwithstanding anything in the Customs Ordinance or any other enactment, no person shall export, or attempt to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a permit granted by the Governor in that behalf.

Grant of licence or permit discretionary.

7. The grant of a licence or a permit shall be in the absolute discretion of the Governor who shall be under no obligation to assign any reason for refusing the grant thereof.

Form of licence and permit.

8. Every licence and permit shall be in such form and for such period and be subject to the payment of such a fee as the Governor may determine, and shall contain such terms and conditions as he may think fit to impose.

Compulsory vesting in Governor of right to work minerals.

9. (1) Where it appears to the Governor that any radio-active minerals are present in or on any land, he may by order provide for compulsory vesting in him the exclusive right, so long as the order remains in force, to work those minerals and any other minerals which it appears to him to be necessary to work with these minerals, and may also provide, by that order or a subsequent order, for compulsorily vesting in him any other ancillary rights which appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of working the minerals aforesaid including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions) -

- (a) rights to withdraw support;
- (b) rights necessary for the purpose of access to or conveyance of the minerals aforesaid or the ventilation or drainage of the workings;
- (c) rights to use and occupy the surface of any land for the purpose of erecting any necessary buildings and installing any necessary plant in connection with the working of the minerals aforesaid;
- (d) rights to use and occupy for the purposes of working the minerals aforesaid any land forming part of or used in connection with an existing mine or quarry, and to use or acquire any plant used in connection with any such mine or quarry; and
- (e) rights to obtain a supply of water for purposes connected with the working of the minerals aforesaid, or to dispose of water or other liquid matter obtained in consequence of working such minerals.

(2) Any order made under this section shall provide for the payment of compensation in such cases and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the order or determined thereunder, in respect of loss suffered as the result of the acquisition or exercise

of rights under the order, but no account shall be taken, in calculating the compensation payable as aforesaid, of the value of any minerals present in or on land affected by the order, being minerals specified in the order as those from which, in the opinion of the Governor, any radio-active minerals can be obtained.

(3) Any order made under this section shall be published in the Gazette and shall be served –

- (i) where the land affected is the subject of a mining lease, or an exclusive prospecting licence, granted under the Mining Ordinance, 1918, on the lessee, or the holder of such licence; or
- (ii) in all other cases, upon the owner, lessee or occupier of any land affected by the order.

(4) No order made under this section shall have effect until it has been laid before the Executive Council and has been brought into operation in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(5) No order made under this section shall be laid before the Executive Council until the requirements of sub-section (3) have been complied with and until the period of at least one month has elapsed from the date upon which it is published in the Gazette.

(6) An order made under this section and confirmed by the Executive Council shall have full force and effect with or without amendment, as the case may be, as from the date of publication in the Gazette of the resolution of the Executive Council confirming the same.

(7) If any petition against the order is received by the Governor, he shall refer such petition to a Select Committee of the Executive Council for a report thereon and no resolution shall be taken on the order by the Executive Council until the report of the Select Committee has been laid on the table.

(8) If any petition raises separate and conflicting claims in respect of any interest or title in the lands affected, the Executive Council may, by the resolution in respect of the order, direct that such claims be determined by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

10. (1) The Governor may compulsorily acquire –

Acquisition of
minerals and plant.

- (a) any minerals, being minerals from which in the opinion of the Governor any radio-active minerals can be obtained, other than minerals in a natural state or contained in a deposit of waste material obtained from any underground or surface working;
- (b) any plant designed or adapted for the production or use of atomic energy or research into matters connected therewith,

and in the case of any plant which is affixed to land, the Governor may sever it from the land, and shall in that case make good any damage caused by the severance.

(2) If the Governor and the person affected by the acquisition of any article under this section are unable to agree as to the compensation to be paid in respect of such acquisition or if any doubt arises as to the ownership of any such article, the matter shall be settled by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

11. (1) Every person who –

Offences.

- (a) prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony without a licence; or

- (b) being the holder of a licence, prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his licence; or
- (c) being the holder of a licence, fails to comply with the requirements of section 4 of this Ordinance; or
- (d) exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral without a permit; or
- (e) being the holder of a permit, exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his permit; or
- (f) obtains, or attempts to obtain, a licence or permit by means of any false statement or representation; or
- (g) being the holder of a prospecting licence or mining lease granted under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of a mining lease granted under the said Ordinance, fails to comply with the provisions of Section 5 of this Ordinance.

shall, upon summary conviction, be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine of five hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) The Court before which a person is convicted of an offence under subsection (1) of this section shall forfeit to His Majesty of any radio-active mineral or mining apparatus derived from, or employed in, the commission of, any act in respect of which such person was convicted.

Powers of examination, arrest &c.

12. (1) Any police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any other officer or class of officers authorised in writing by the Governor in that behalf, may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, without warrant or other legal process –

- (a) enter and search any place where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, or is about to be, committed;
- (b) search any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance;
- (c) arrest any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance.
- (d) seize any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus connected therewith which he has reasonable grounds to suspect to be, or to be about to be, derived from, or employed in, the commission of any offence under this Ordinance.

(2) Where any person is arrested, or any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus is seized, under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, such person, mineral and apparatus shall, as soon as practicable, be brought before the nearest Magistrate.

(3) Every person who obstructs, or attempts to obstruct, whether actively or passively, any officer in the execution, or purported execution, of his duties under this section, shall be liable upon summary conviction, to imprisonment for six months or to a fine of one hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Power of Governor to vary Schedule.

13. The Governor may from time to time by Order alter, vary or in any manner amend the Schedule to this Ordinance.

14. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to absolve any person from compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Mining Ordinance 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance 1919 and the Customs Ordinances or any regulations made thereunder. Saving.

15. The Governor in Council may make such regulations under this Ordinance as he may deem to be necessary or expedient. Regulations.

SCHEDULE.

- (1) Minerals of the pitchblende group, including pitchblende, uraninite, urlichite, broggerite, cleveite, and related mineral species.
- (2) Tobernite and autunite.
- (3) Secondary uranium minerals other than tobernite and autunite, including rutherfordine, uranite uranophane, gummite, thorogummite, uranocircite, kasolite, becquerelite, and other silicates, hydrates, carbonates, phosphates or arsenates of uranium.
- (4) Carnotite and tyuyamunite.
- (5) Uranium-bearing niobate-titanate-tantalate ores, including euxenite, polycrase, blomstrandine, priorite, samarskite, fergusonite, betafite, plumboniobite, and related mineral species containing over one per cent uranium oxide.
- (6) Monazite, thorite, thorianite and radio-active zircon.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staffs of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.

“United Nations” means the governing body or any Committee of the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations.

3. The Governor in Council may order :

- (a) that the United Nations shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part I of the First Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate
- (b) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on such officers of the United Nations, being the holders of such high office in the United Nations as may be specified in the Order and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the United Nations as may be so specified, and upon any person who is a representative of a member government or the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations
- (c) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred upon such other classes of officers and servants as may be specified
- (d) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part IV of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the United Nations
- (e) that the immunities, privileges and facilities set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on the judges and registrars of the International Court of Justice and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates.

4. The Governor in Council may decline to accord immunities or privileges to, or withdraw immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

5. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

FIRST SCHEDULE

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process.
2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
3. The like exemption or relief from rates and taxes, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as is accorded to a foreign Sovereign Power in the United Kingdom.
4. Exemptions from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the United Nations for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the United Nations directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.
5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the United Nations for its official use and in the case of any publications of the United Nations directly imported or exported by it.
6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting, of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF HIGH OFFICERS, PERSONS OR MISSIONS AND GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of performance of duties.
2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the United Nations.

PART IV.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF AND OF HIGH OFFICERS FAMILY.

Where any person is entitled to such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II of this Schedule

- (a) as the representative of a member Government, his official staff accompanying him as such representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy

- (b) as an officer of the United Nations, that person's wife or husband and children under the age of twenty one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Court, the Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice (including any officer of the Court acting as Registrar) shall when engaged on the business of the Court and during any journey to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such business, enjoy the like immunity from suit and legal process, the like inviolability of residence and also unless they are British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom the like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.

2. The Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice shall enjoy exemption from income tax in respect of all emoluments received by them as Judges or Registrar.

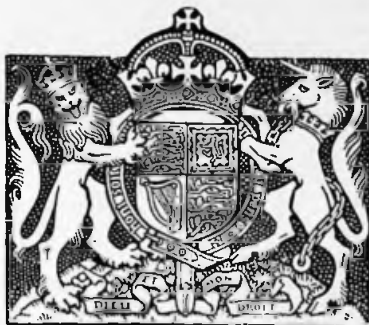
3. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the government whom they represent before the Court, the agents, counsel and advocates of parties before the Court shall enjoy :-

- (a) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such missions, immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage and inviolability for all papers and documents
- (b) Immunity from legal process of every kind in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in this capacity
- (c) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such mission, the like exemption or relief from taxes is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty, save that the relief allowed shall not include relief from customs or excise duties or purchase tax except in respect of goods imported as part of their personal baggage. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Ordinance is to confer diplomatic immunities and privileges on the staff and representatives of member governments of the United Nations in accordance with a resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations and an enactment of Parliament.

M.P. 85/46.



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OCTOBER 1, 1948.

No. 11.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Bennett, S.	Public Works	Carpenter, Grade II. (Technical)	1.7.48.	—

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 51. 11th September, 1948.
MR. J. B. BROWNING
acted as Officer-in-Charge, Agricultural Department, from the 1st of January, 1947 to the 26th of June, 1948, both dates inclusive.
M.P. P/320.

No. 52. 15th September, 1948.
Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinances of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance No. 1 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to provide for the payment of Duty on Receipts".
M.P. 0280.

Ordinance No. 4 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Tobacco Ordinance, 1944".
M.P. 20/44.

No. 53. 21st September, 1948.
With reference to Gazette Notice No. 8 of the 30th of January, 1947 it is hereby notified that with effect from the 4th of October, 1948, until further notice Government Offices will be open during the following hours:—

Monday to Friday	9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Saturdays	9 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

M.P. 142/38

No. 54. 24th September, 1948.
His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment in the Falkland Islands Defence Force under Section (7) (i) of the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920:—

D. W. WILLIS, ESQ.,
to be Captain with effect from the 20th of September, 1948.
M.P. 0206.

No. 55.

28th September, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands:—

Ordinance No. 5 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939."

M.P. 0747.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Harold Joseph Aldridge, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Lawrence Walter Aldridge, brother of the above named deceased, has applied for

Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

J. E. HAMILTON.

Registrar, Supreme Court.

21st September, 1948.

L. 30/48.

No. 2.

Proclamation

1948.

To cancel Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority and Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America.

IN THE NAME of His Majesty GEORGE VI., by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

MILES CLIFFORD — *By His Excellency* GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, ESQUIRE, *Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

[L.S.]

WHEREAS it is deemed expedient to cancel certain Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority and the Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America.

Now in virtue of the powers in me vested by Section 2 of the Exports and Imports (Emergency Powers) Ordinance, 1939, I, GEOFFREY MILES CLIFFORD, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, upon whom has been conferred the Efficiency Decoration, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies, do hereby proclaim and order and it is hereby proclaimed and ordered that all Import Licences issued by the Competent Authority or Collector of Customs prior to the 1st of January, 1948, for goods emanating from South America, are hereby cancelled.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given at Government House, Stanley, this 24th day of September, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-eight.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

M.P. 0504/11.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

No. 8 of 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 42 of the Licensing Ordinance 1944 and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency the Governor is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered:

1. All premises in which intoxicating liquors are sold by retail, except as hereinafter mentioned, shall be open for the following hours only:

On weekdays, from 11 a.m. until 1 p.m. and from 5.30 a.m. until 10 p.m.

On Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, from 12 noon until 2 p.m.

2. The licensed premises known as the "Mon-Star Hotel" shall be open on Sunday from 12 noon until 2.30 p.m. and from 4.30 p.m. until 10 p.m. but in all other respects shall comply with the hours specified in the first paragraph of this Order.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 27th day of September, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 164/43.

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 4) Short title.
1948.

2. From and after the 1st day of January, 1949, the following export duties on wool shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto

"On wool

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip does not exceed 10d.	.25d. per lb.
--	---------------

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 10d. but does not exceed 20d.	.5d. per lb.
---	--------------

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 20d. but does not exceed 30d.	.75d. per lb.
---	---------------

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 30d. but does not exceed 40d.	1d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 40d. but does not exceed 50d.	1.5d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 50d. but does not exceed 60d.	2d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 60d.	2.5d. per lb.

Export duties on
Tallow, Hides and
Skins.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

“On Tallow, Hides and Skins, two and a half per centum of the selling price of such goods”.

Rescission.

4. The words “on wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and three pence” and “on Tallow whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continental market value at the time of shipment” in Clause 3 of Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 1st day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Repeal) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.
 2. The Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924 and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance 1936 are hereby repealed. Repeal of Ordinances No. 6 of 1924 and 1 of 1936.
-

A Bill for An Ordinance

To provide for an Ordinance to control Lotteries.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Lotteries Ordinance, 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : Definitions.
 - “lottery” means a distribution of prizes by lot or chance and shall include betting by totalisator.
 - “promoter” means any person or number of persons associated together for the purpose of operating a lottery.
 - “money” includes a cheque, bank note, postal order or money order.
 - “ticket” means any document evidencing the claim of a person to participate in the chances of a lottery.
 - “totalisator” means the contrivance for betting known as the totalisator or pari-mutuel, or any other machine or instrument of betting of a like nature, whether mechanically operated or not.
3. From and after the date of publication of this Ordinance no lottery shall be operated in the Colony except as hereinafter provided. Every lottery to conform with requirements of Ordinance.

Application for
licence to operate a
lottery.

4. Any person who proposes to operate a lottery shall before taking any steps in respect thereof apply in writing to the Treasurer for a licence so to do and shall in such application state

- (a) the full names and addresses of all promoters
- (b) the number and cash value of all prizes it is proposed to award
- (c) the number of tickets to be issued
- (d) the name of the printer who will print the tickets
- (e) the purchase price of each ticket
- (f) the date, time and place of the intended draw for the prize or prizes

Issue and revocation
of licence.

5. The Treasurer may issue a licence for the purpose of this Ordinance subject to such conditions as may be imposed and at any time may revoke any licence for any reason he may consider just and sufficient.

Payment of 10% of
net amount of monies
collected.

6. (1) It shall be a condition of the grant of a licence that the promoters shall on the day preceding the draw produce to the Treasurer a true balance sheet shewing all monies received and paid for printing and stationery (no other deductions shall be permissible) in connection with the lottery and such evidence as he may require in verification thereof and shall thereupon pay the Treasurer ten per centum of the net amount of the monies available for distribution.

(2) No draw for the lottery shall take place until the requirements of sub-section (1) of this section have been complied with.

(3) The amount so paid to the Treasurer shall be paid into the General Revenues of the Colony.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a lottery operated in aid of any charitable purpose approved by the Governor.

(5) The Governor may reduce the percentage provided for in sub-section (1) of this section in such cases as he may think fit.

Publication of results
of lotteries.

7. The result of the draw of every lottery shall be published on the day following the draw by broadcast and by exhibiting a list of all prizewinners on the public notice board in Stanley.

Offences.

8. Any person who :

- (a) shall operate or attempt to operate a lottery without obtaining a licence as herein provided, or
- (b) shall not comply with or observe any condition of a licence granted to operate a lottery, or
- (c) shall not comply with the requirements of sections 6 and 7 hereof, or
- (d) shall sell any ticket to any person apparently under the age of seventeen years, whether acting on his own behalf or on behalf of another person, or
- (e) shall buy or accept the transfer of a ticket in a lottery which has not been licenced under this Ordinance

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 for each offence and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction for an offence under the same section to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged only by reason of his being a promoter of the lottery or being a director or officer of a body corporate operating the lottery to prove that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

9. Any Justice of the Peace, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground to suspect that any premises are being used for the purpose of the commission of an offence against this Ordinance may grant a warrant under his hand authorising any constable at any time or times within one month from the date thereof to enter, if necessary by force, the said premises and every part thereof and to search for and seize and remove any documents money or valuable thing found therein which he has reasonable ground to suppose are on those premises for any purpose constituting an infringement of this Ordinance.

Power to issue Search Warrant.

10. The common law of England so far as it is applicable to the Colony by virtue of section 31 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 or any amendment thereof shall not apply to any lottery licensed under this Ordinance.

Common law of England not to apply.

11. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To authorise the levy of a General Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : Interpretation.

“Council” means the Town Council of Stanley.

“Stanley” means the area contained in the three Wards described in the First Schedule to the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

“Premises” means any lands tenements hereditaments or property in Stanley which are or may become liable to a rate in respect of which the valuation list is conclusive.

“Court” means the Supreme Court.

“Rate” means a rate the proceeds of which are applicable to purposes of a public nature in Stanley and which is leviable on the basis of an assessment in respect of the annual value of premises in Stanley.

“Domestic purposes” mean ordinary and reasonable purposes of domestic life and shall include the use of water for fixed baths, water closets, urinals, hot water, heating, washing cars and carriages and for the watering of gardens forming part of the amenities of the house.

PART I.

GENERAL RATE.

Liability for general rate.

3. (1) A rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners (except as hereinafter mentioned) of all premises and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

Provided that an owner shall be liable to be rated although the premises are unoccupied at the time of the assessment of the rate.

Recovery of rates from tenants.

Provided also that where rates due are in arrear the Council may serve upon any person paying rent in respect of the premises so rated or any part thereof a notice stating the amount of such arrears of rate and regarding all future payments of rent (whether the same have already accrued due or not) by the person paying the rent to be made direct to the Council until such arrears shall have been duly paid and such notice shall operate to transfer to the Council the right to recover receive and give a discharge for such rent.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Part payment.

4. If any owner assessed or liable to any such rate ceases to be owner of the premises in respect whereof he is so assessed or liable, before the end of the period for which the rate was made, and before it is fully paid off, he shall be liable to pay only such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner. In every such case any person becoming owner or occupier of the premises during part of the said period shall pay such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner, and it shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally assessed or liable.

Exemptions.

5. The following premises and the owners and occupiers thereof are exempt from rateability.

- (a) The property of the Crown (except where let to a tenant).
- (b) Property occupied by the Crown for the purposes of government of the Colony (including property occupied by the Falkland Islands Defence Force).
- (c) Every church chapel or similar building used and maintained exclusively for the public celebration of divine service and not having part of any premises used for human habitation.

Provided, that no such church, chapel or like building so used and maintained as aforesaid shall be deemed or taken to be part of premises used for human habitation by reason only that it communicates therewith.

Rate may be prospective or retrospective.

6. A rate may be made and levied either prospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses to be incurred within one year thereafter, or retrospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses incurred within one year previously, and at such rate of assessment as the Council shall think fit and as is authorised by this Ordinance, from which rate of assessment there shall be no appeal.

Assessment.

7. A rate shall be made at a certain and equal rate assessed upon the net annual value of all premises liable to be assessed and rated, that is to say, at the rate of one or more shillings or fractions of a shilling for every pound of the net annual value.

Rate must be in a certain form. Schedule.

8. A rate shall contain every particular required under the Form set out in the Schedule hereto, so far as such particulars can be ascertained, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Council

or the person acting as such at the time of making such rate at the foot thereof, and unless the same be so signed it shall be of no force or effect.

9. A rate shall be due on the 1st day of January in each year and shall be paid in advance. When rate due.

10. Any person who shall remove from any premises in respect of which he may be rated and assessed and leave any rate unpaid, or who shall remove any of his goods from any premises in order to avoid a distress thereon, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £10. Penalty on persons leaving rates in arrear.

11. The Council may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof. When rates may be remitted.

12. (1) The Council shall permit every rated inhabitant of Stanley, and every other person authorized in writing by the Governor, to inspect at all reasonable hours every rate made by them, and every account required to be kept by them, paying one shilling for each rate or account inspected, and the Council shall on demand give a copy of or extract from any rate or account to any such inhabitant or other person paying three pence for every hundred words or fraction thereof, and further, the Council shall be liable to a penalty of £10 for every refusal, to be recovered, together with full costs of suit by the party aggrieved in a court of Summary Jurisdiction. Rates may be inspected.

(2) All moneys received by the Council for any inspection, copy of or extract from any rate or account, shall be credited to the rates. Penalty for denial of inspection.

13. The Council shall within 7 days after the making of a rate give notice thereof by publishing the notice in any newspaper circulating in Stanley and by causing the notice to be affixed to the doors of the Cathedral, Chapel of St. Mary and Tabernacle in Stanley and by local broadcast and the rate shall not be valid unless notice is duly given. Publication of rate.

14. (1) Information on the following matters shall be included in the demand note on which the rate is levied Demand notes.

- (a) such description as is reasonably necessary for identification of the premises in respect of which the demand note is issued,
- (b) the net annual value,
- (c) the amount in the pound at which the rate is charged,
- (d) the period in respect of which the rate is made,
- (e) particulars as to any discount admissible for prompt payment.

(2) A demand note may include a demand for any water or other rate, rent or charge payable to the Council.

(3) A demand note shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by the Treasurer of the Council.

15. The Council may by resolution direct that an allowance by way of discount not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum shall be made on the whole amount due in respect of any rate due from any person who pays the net amount due before such date as the Council may prescribe. Discount.

Provided that such allowance shall be made at the same rate to all persons entitled thereto.

16. The Council shall as soon as practicable after promulgation of this Ordinance appoint an Assessment Committee consisting of five members two of whom shall not be members of the Council and shall appoint any person to fill any casual vacancy caused by Assessment Committee.

death resignation disqualification or otherwise subject to the appointment of any member not being a member of the Council being first approved by the Governor.

Functions of Assessment Committee.

17. The Assessment Committee shall

(1) maintain a book concerning particulars of all premises in Stanley, and shall make such alterations therein as may be required from time to time and from the particulars therein contained prepare a draft valuation list.

(2) on the 1st day of November in every year and not otherwise except by order of the Court devise and forward to the Council the draft valuation list

(3) hold meetings to consider any objection under section 18 hereof made to the draft valuation list and may make such alterations insertions and corrections in the list whether for the purpose of meeting an objection or for any other reason they think proper.

Publication of draft valuation list and objections.

18. The Council shall forthwith on receipt of the draft valuation list as provided in section 17 (2) cause a notice to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of a rate in section 13 that the draft valuation list may be inspected at the office of Treasurer of the Council during the usual office hours and that any person aggrieved by any assessment therein or omission therefrom may lodge an objection within 21 days from such notice.

Valuation conclusive subject to appeal.

19. After the expiration of 21 days from the notice provided for in section 18 should there be no objection to the draft valuation list or notification by the Assessment Committee to the Council of its decision on all such objections the draft valuation list shall subject to any appeal provided for in section 22 and to any amendment as may be ordered by the Court, be conclusive evidence of the net annual value of all premises therein mentioned for all purposes of rating and assessment.

Power of Council to amend rate.

20. (1) The Council may at any time make such amendments in a rate (being either the current or the last preceding rate) as appears to them necessary in order to make the rate conform with the provisions of this Ordinance or any amendment thereof and in particular may

- (a) correct any clerical or arithmetical error in the rate
- (b) correct any erroneous insertions or omissions or any misdescriptions
- (c) make such additions to or correction in the rate as appear to be necessary by reason of
 - (i) any newly erected premises or any premises which were unoccupied at the time of making the rate coming into operation: or
 - (ii) any premises previously rated on a single premise becoming liable to be rated in parts.

Provided that not less than seven days before making any such amendment the effect of which is to alter the amount appearing in the rate as chargeable in respect of any premises the Council shall send notice of the proposed amendment to the owner of the premises and to the occupier if he is liable to pay the rate and shall consider any objection which may be made by him or them.

(2) Every amendment under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection shall have effect as if it were contained in the rate as originally made.

Powers of Assessment Committee: entry and returns.

21. (1) Any member of the Assessment Committee may at all reasonable hours of the day having given one clear days notice in writing enter any premises for the purpose of discharging his duties

and remain therein so long as may be necessary for that purpose and any person preventing or hindering such member from entering or remaining as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a daily penalty of £5.

(2) The Assessment Committee may at any time require the owner of any premises to make a return containing such particulars as may reasonably be required for the purpose of carrying out this Ordinance within 21 days after the service of the notice calling upon him so to do and any person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with such notice shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further penalty not exceeding £2 for each day during which the default continues after conviction and any person who makes or causes to be made a return which is false in any material particular shall be liable on summary conviction in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

22. Any person aggrieved by

Appeals.

- (a) any assessment or rate
- (b) any order or requirement of the Council or Assessment Committee under this Ordinance
- (c) any conviction or order of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction registered or made under this Ordinance
- (d) the refusal of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to convict or make an order under this Ordinance may within one month after such grievance shall have arisen appeal to the Court in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 or any amendment or re-enactment thereof.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorise an appeal against the rate or assessment hereby authorised unless the same shall be unequal.

23. (1) The Colonial Secretary may within one month from the date of the valuation list appeal to the Court against any assessment in or omission from the said list.

Appeals by Colonial Secretary.

(2) The Colonial Secretary may appeal against the making, registering or omitting to make any order by the Council in prejudice, abridgment or derogation from the rights or privileges of His Majesty or the duties powers or authorities vested in the Governor within one month of such making neglect or omission.

(3) The Colonial Secretary shall not be required to enter into a recognisance to prosecute an appeal.

24. The Court may cause the order of the Court in an appeal to be recorded on the valuation list and the decision upon any appeal shall be conclusive and binding on all parties thereto.

Order of Court.

25. Where there is no provision for the service of notice of appeal or statement of the grounds of appeal the Court may direct upon whom and the manner in which service shall be made.

Service of notice.

26. (1) Any person liable to pay a rate who fails to pay the same when due, or quits or is about to quit any premises without payment of a rate then due may be summoned to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to shew cause why such rate should not be paid.

Summary proceedings for recovery of rate.

If the defaulter fails to appear or shew sufficient cause for non payment such Court may make an order for the payment of the same and may by warrant cause the same to be levied by distress on the goods or chattels of the defaulter.

(2) The costs of the recovery of arrears of any rate may be added to such arrears.

Charge on premises.

27. (1) Where any rate shall remain unpaid the Council may apply to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction for an order that the amount of rate remaining unpaid together with the costs caused by attempting to collect the same shall be a first charge on the premises and such Court is hereby empowered to make such order.

(2) An order made under this section shall be registered with the Registrar General at Stanley before it shall become effective.

PART II.

WATER RATE.

Liability for water rate.

Domestic purposes.

28. (1) A water rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners of all premises in respect of all water supplied for domestic purposes and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the water rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Non-domestic charges.

(3) Where water is supplied or used for non-domestic purposes the following fixed rates shall respectively be charged

	£	s.	d.
Butchers shop	1	10	0
Chicken farm		10	0
Dairy	1	10	0
Garage	1	10	0
Mineral water plant ...	5	0	0
Photographic business ...		10	0
Slaughterhouse	2	10	0
Stable		10	0

Provided that the Council may from time to time by resolution require a fixed charge in respect of any other premises or class of premises to which water is supplied for a non-domestic purpose or vary or cancel any fixed charge in respect of water so supplied subject to public notice being given of such resolution as provided in section 13.

Supply by meter.

29. (1) The Council may by resolution, public notice of which shall be given as hereinbefore provided, require water to be supplied by measure to any ship or premises or class of premises and may recover any money payable in respect thereof in the same manner as water rates.

Council may sell or let meters.

(2) When water is supplied by measure the Council shall sell or let for hire at such economical rent as it shall decide, at the option of the consumer, a meter or other instrument for measuring the quantity of water supplied and consumed and the purchase price or rent shall be recoverable in the same manner as water rates.

Power of entry.

(3) When water is supplied by measure officers of the Council may between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. enter any premises so supplied in order to inspect any meter or any other instrument or apparatus for measuring water or for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of water supplied or consumed and for the purpose of removing any water or other apparatus the property of the Council and any person hindering any such officer from entering for any of such purposes shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence.

Exemptions recovery of rates etc.

30. The provisions of Part I of this Ordinance relating to exemptions, assessment, when rate is due, penalty for leaving premises when rate is in arrear, demand notes and recovery of arrears of rate including changing premises shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

31. The Council may in addition to any other remedy for the recovery of water rate in arrear herein contained stop the flow of water into the premises in respect of which such rate is payable by cutting the pipe to such premises or by such other means as it may think fit and may recover the cost of such cutting off and of any re-connection in addition to the arrears of water rate.

Power to cut off supply.

Provided that the Council shall before serving notice of intention to cut off require the occupier to pay water rate in arrear in accordance with the second proviso to section 3 and the provisions thereof shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

PART III.

GENERAL.

32. No Justice of the Peace shall be incapable of acting in cases arising under this Ordinance by reason of his being a member of the Council or a ratepayer or being liable to contribute to or be benefited by any rate or fund out of which any expenses incurred by the Council under this Ordinance are to be defrayed.

Capacity of Justices.

33. Notices, orders and other documents required or authorized to be served under this Ordinance may be served by delivering them or a true copy thereof to some person on the premises, or if there is no person on the premises who can be served by fixing them on some conspicuous part of the premises.

Notices.

34. All expenses and compensation incurred or payable by the Council in the execution of this Ordinance and not otherwise provided for out of capital raised for that purpose, shall be charged on and defrayed out of the rate.

Defrayment of expenses.

35. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prejudice, abridge or derogate from, or be deemed, taken or construed to prejudice, abridge or derogate from, the duties, powers or authorities which now are or at any time hereafter may be lawfully imposed upon or vested in or which heretofore have been exercised by the Governor for the preservation of the peace, safety and good government of the Colony.

Powers of Governor.

36. The Stanley Rating Ordinance 1928 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

37. This Ordinance shall come into force on the day of publication in respect of the preparation of the draft valuation list by the Assessment Committee under section 17 and all powers in connection therewith and in all other respects on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF GENERAL RATE.

An assessment made for a general rate, made this day of
in the year one thousand nine hundred and after the rate of in the

Number in Premises Valuation.	Arrears due.	Name of owner.	Description of property rated.	Net annual value.	Amount of rate at

Witness our Common Seal, and the hand of our Chairman, this day of 19

Chairman of the Council.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1947.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1947) Ordinance, 1948.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1947.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-seven, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.			
		£	s.	d.	
FALKLAND ISLANDS.					
I.	Pensions	251	0	5	
IV.	Treasury & Customs	6607	2	9	
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	460	5	5	
X.	Police & Prisons	10	11	7	
XI.	Medical	739	6	9	
XIV.	Naturalist	49	11	7	
XVII.	Miscellaneous	2062	8	0	
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	8975	14	11	
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	4466	6	0	
XXII.	Land Sales	113	18	7	
		£	23736	6	0
DEPENDENCIES.					
I.	Dependencies	£	33778	17	1

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To provide for the service of the year
1949.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows --

Enacting Clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1948.

Short Title.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1949, a sum not exceeding Two hundred and fifty-five thousand, Two hundred and sixty-five pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1949.

Appropriation of
£255,265 for service
of year 1948.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
FALKLAND ISLANDS.				
I.	The Governor	3580	0	0
II.	Agriculture	4340	0	0
III.	Audit	1042	0	0
IV.	Communications	6304	0	0
V.	Customs	842	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	11402	0	0
VIII.	Electric Light, Telegraphs and Telephones	11583	0	0
IX.	Land Sales	211	0	0
X.	Medical	10682	0	0
XI.	Meteorological	651	0	0
XII.	Military	568	0	0
XIII.	Miscellaneous	13735	0	0
XIV.	Naturalist	600	0	0
XV.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVI.	Police and Prisons	2065	0	0
XVII.	Post Office	8502	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Department	3874	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	9620	0	0
XX.	Secretariat & Treasury	8043	0	0
XXI.	Supreme Court	309	0	0
Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue		£ 102953	0	0
XXII.	Colonial Development & Welfare	23795	0	0
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	24950	0	0
Total Expenditure		£ 151698	0	0
DEPENDENCIES.				
	South Georgia	23414	0	0
	Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey	77058	0	0
	Discovery Committee	3095	0	0
Total		£ 255265	0	0



The Falkland Islands Gazette

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NOVEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 12.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Peck, D.	Post Office	Office Boy & Messenger	9.9.48.	On probation for 3 months.

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Harries, R.	Secretariat	Office Boy & Messenger	1.4.48. —

TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Kenny, Miss H.	Education	Travelling Teacher	31.10.48. Resigned.
Dentry, R. H.	Public Works	Carpenter (Development Programme)	31.10.48. Appointment terminated.

LEAVE.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Gray, Miss H. P.	Education	Asst. Mistress	4½ months	2.10.48. Leave to commence from date of departure.

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,
Colonial Secretary.

No. 56. 7th October, 1948.

MAJOR A. I. FLEURET, M.B.E., J.P.,
Administrative Officer, South Georgia, was absent on vacation leave from 26th of April, 1948, to the 3rd of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. L/19.

No. 57. 7th October, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 36 of the 31st of May, 1948,

W. J. GRIERSON, ESQ., J.P.,
acted as Officer-in-Charge, South Georgia, from the 26th of April, 1948, to the 3rd of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/1.

No. 58. 15th October, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioners have been added to the List of Medical Practitioners, registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Saltman, Kenneth	M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	1947.
Brand, Erling	M.D. (Oslo)	1933.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 59. 21st October, 1948.

MISS EVELYN BOSWORTHICK,

was on leave from the 6th of June, 1948, to the 21st of October, 1948, both dates inclusive.

M.P. P/326.

No. 60. 21st October, 1948.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to make the following appointment :-

E. F. BUNTING, ESQ., B. Eng. (Hons.).
Executive Engineer, to be Registrar of Shipping.

M.P. 0421.

No. 61. 27th October, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised

to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 2 of 1948 entitled "An Ordinance to repeal the Tariff Ordinance 1943 the Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 and the Oil, &c. Export Duties Ordinance 1947.

M.P. 159/43.

No. 62. 31st November, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 81 of the 31st of December, 1947, the following Practitioner has been added to the List of Medical Practitioners registered to practise in the Dependencies of the Colony of the Falkland Islands.

Johansen, Paul Ingaed. M.D. (Oslo) 1940.

M.P. 21/28.

No. 63. 31st October, 1948.

TOWN COUNCIL NOTICE.

REGISTER OF ELECTORS.

The Register of Electors has been compiled and may be inspected at the Town Council Office between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 1.00 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. and 5.00 p.m. from Monday to Friday.

M.P. 0039/C.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD ON THE 20TH OCTOBER, 1948.

1. The Honourable Dr. R. S. Slessor, M.B., Ch.B., Senior Medical Officer, after taking the prescribed Oaths, assumed his seat at the Council.

2. The minutes of the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 12th of May, and 11th of June, 1948, were confirmed.

3. His Excellency the Governor delivered to the Council the following address :—

Honourable Members of Council,

It has been the custom at the Budget session of Council to lay on the table a record of the administrative and departmental activities of the year. I am unable to do so today since I have not had the heart to place any further burden on the shoulders of our greatly harassed Government Printer who has been hard put to it to get the Estimates out in time. It is appropriate that I should invite your attention both to his indefatigability and to the unvarying excellence of the work which flows from his somewhat primitive machines. In default of the usual report I will give you now a brief precis of the year's achievements.

For myself, you will recall that during the summer I made three voyages in His Majesty's ships "Snipe" and "Nigeria" to the Antarctic and to South Georgia; at the latter I was pleased to note the good relations subsisting between our administrative staff and the whaling communities. In June/July I made a round trip of the Camp by the "Fitzroy" returning overland from San Carlos; this trip, apart from the somewhat peculiar circumstances which attended it, was very good value since it gave me an opportunity for long and frank discussions with Farm Managers and for visiting several settlements on the West Falkland which I had not previously seen. I have now visited all the sheep stations except Weddell; most of them twice and some three times. My future tours will, whenever possible, be made either on horseback or in the "Philomel" in order to give me longer time and so the occasion to see more of the workers and their families.

In July I flew to London where I was able to spend five weeks "between boats" and from my own point of view this was a most useful visit; it will prove, I hope, to have been no less useful to the Colony. My discussions covered a very wide range of subjects and these resulted in a great saving of time. Turning now to the Departments :

AUDIT. Accounts have been audited up to and including 1947 and the value of this temporary appointment — one of those which has been criticised — has been amply proven; without guidance it is very easy to fall into error and once errors start to accumulate, which is their habit, they may lead to all kinds of trouble. We can now rest comfortably in the knowledge that past errors have been detected and amended and that proper accounting procedure has been introduced into every Department. This Administration cannot of course afford to carry an Auditor as a permanent commitment and I am arranging, therefore, for Mr. Gleadell who has shown some aptitude for this work, to proceed next year to the Central Audit Office for a period of instruction and thence for six months to another Colony to widen his experience. Thus, we should be able to carry on after Mr. Bounphrey's attachment comes to an end with nothing more than an occasional visit from an official of the Colonial Audit Service.

AGRICULTURE. After an interregnum of nearly two years we have received a successor to Dr. Gibbs and the substitution of the title Agricultural Officer for the former title of Director of Agriculture is in keeping with certain changes in the scope and responsibilities of the Department which I have long had in mind. A brief memorandum will be issued shortly defining these changes. Mr. Oliver is a Dalesman, is himself a practical farmer and the Managers will, I am confident, find in him an experienced and helpful colleague always ready to assist them in any way that he can. As a first step in the reorganisation of the Department I have decided to discontinue milk and vegetable production, neither of which have I ever been able to regard as a legitimate function of the Government; more especially in an agricultural community such as this. These changes which are in accord with the recommendations of the Economy Committee are reflected in the Estimates which will show a still further reduction in 1950. Of particular interest during the year has been an experiment conducted by Mr. Beaty of Port Stephens in the use of cobalt and copper sulphate administered as a drench; the results judged by his report are certainly impressive. I am happy to be able to congratulate the farmers on a highly successful wool season and both them and the Labour Federation on the conclusion of this year's shearing agreement.

CUSTOMS. I have appointed Mr. Noel Biggs, a local officer, to the substantive office of Collector of Customs and Competent Authority and, as in the case of Mr. Gleadell, am arranging for him to receive further training in England. The only noteworthy increases in Customs duties during the year have been, on the Imports side, a stepping-up of the cess on Spirits and Tobaccos and, on the Exports side, the introduction of a sliding scale tax on whale and seal oil. As to the former, I would remind the House that the wind has been tempered to the shorn lamb in the Camp to the extent that the duty on Rum is 16/- per gallon less than on other forms of hard liquor and that the duty on tobacco as used for rolling cigarettes is only 6/- per lb. As to the latter — whale and seal oil — the market, as we all know, is liable to considerable fluctuations over the years and a sliding-scale tax is much the fairest method of assessment, securing to the Administration a legitimate interest when prices rule high and protecting the producer when they fall. The tax represents approximately 3% on the gross. Rationing has been

maintained throughout the year on only three items - tea, sugar and clothing while sales of butter have been controlled during periods of shortage. As the result of enquiries whilst I was in London it seems that we shall be able to satisfy the greater part of our small needs from United Kingdom sources of supply; this has already been reflected in the matter of clothing and textiles and, more recently, in the shipment of selected seed oats for the farms. The Government will accordingly place a ban on imports from hard currency areas unless it can be shown either that the article required is unobtainable from the United Kingdom or other sterling source or, if obtainable, can only be imported at higher cost. Much of our supplies from Latin America has been expensive and of inferior quality so that the arrangements contemplated should exercise a favourable influence on the cost of living.

EDUCATION. School attendance, as in 1947, has been a good deal interrupted by illness but the physical condition of the Stanley children as revealed by recent examination is satisfactory; an undue preponderance of enlarged, and in some cases infected, tonsils has been noted as also far too many bad teeth but both these conditions are remediable. There has been a number of staff changes; Mr. Baker has gone on leave after serving for over eight years, continuously, while Mr. Rice, Miss Downs and Miss Bosworthick have left on completion of contract and Miss Page Gray has had, unfortunately, to be invalided. Mr. Skillington has been appointed as Assistant Master and will administer the Department pending the arrival of Mr. Honeyman and Mr. Weilding relieves Mr. Draycott as Inspector of Camp Schools. My new educational proposals, as endorsed by a local committee and submitted to the Secretary of State last year, have been examined, approved and welcomed by the Advisory Committee on Education in the Colonies; these proposals aim at affording improved educational facilities for the Camp and at giving a more realistic bias to instruction in the post-elementary grades. Teacher training is of the first importance and grants totalling £12,000 to provide for this have been authorised from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund. Finally, I propose as from 1st January to abolish all fees in respect of elementary education.

ELECTRICAL & TELEGRAPHS. The Admiralty decision to withdraw the Naval detachment confronted the Government with the necessity of building a new wireless station at short notice; that this was done and the station operating without a hitch by the 16th April reflects very great credit on the Superintendent, the Executive Engineer and the staff of these two Departments. Traffic handled averages 1,300 inward and 1,200 outward messages every month compared with some 400 and 500 respectively before the war.

HARBOUR DEPARTMENT. The "Philomel" which arrived in February has now got over her teething troubles - she needed considerable overhaul after the long voyage from England - and is highly spoken of by all who have travelled in her. With the arrival of her new ground tackle she will go into regular commission and will, as earlier predicted, become a valuable asset not only to the Medical Department but in improving the Colony's communications. The saving on diversion of the Company's ships represents in itself a considerable item. In the interest of safe navigation provision has been made for the erection of coastal lights at MacBride Head, Fox Bay and Cape Dolphin and I hope that it may be possible to utilise the "John Biscoe" at the end of the summer for some necessary hydrographic corrections around our coasts. If possible, I will also make the "Penelope" available for inter-island service during the winter.

LAW OFFICER. The Legal Secretary, whose appointment has also been criticised, has drafted 12 ordinances and 4 sets of regulations and revised 16 ordinances and 11 sets of regulations since his arrival at the end of last year; he has, in addition, taken over the duties of Magistrate in Stanley and the Government has been able to avail itself of his advice on a wide variety of subjects. It has been suggested to me that the work of drafting and revising could be carried out for us in the United Kingdom but I must observe at once that such a course would be wholly impracticable and lead to endless delay; moreover, since it would have to be done professionally I have little doubt that it would prove to be a good deal more costly in the long run. Honourable Members are doubtless aware that with the passing into law of the Crown Proceedings Act, the Crown can be sued in tort and they will agree with me not only that our laws should be brought up to date - the bound volume takes us no further than 1915 - but that new legislation must be unexceptionable in form. Legal drafting cannot be done by amateurs.

MEDICAL. Dr. Sladen left the Colony in August on completion of his secondment from the Gold Coast and has been succeeded in the post of Senior Medical Officer by Dr. Slessor who is no stranger to us; I take this opportunity of welcoming him to the Council. Dr. Arthur has also left the Colony and his successor is expected shortly. A grant has been authorised from the Colonial Development and Welfare Fund for the employment of a District Nurse for three years and attempts are still being made to fill this appointment. A grant of £35,000 has also been authorised for the modernisation, enlargement and re-equipment of the King Edward Memorial Hospital; this project has been the subject of criticism in certain quarters as being out of keeping with the Colony's needs. For that matter, so is the whole medical organisation; where else would one find a complement of 4 Doctors, a Dentist, a Matron, 2 Sisters and 6 Nurses to look after a population of 2,600? This is imposed upon us by poor communications and the scattered nature of our population and it is all the more necessary that we should be able to get the best service from our imported staff. The present building, completed in 1915, has served its purpose but it is ill-designed and makes no provision for tuberculous patients, bed-ridden incurables and other, similar cases who cannot be cared for properly at home; of these we must always have a number to look after. There is no doubt that the modifications and extension, when completed, will add greatly to the comfort and convenience of patients and staff alike and that they will meet all foreseeable requirements for the future. The plans include provision for a new X-Ray plant and for a properly equipped Dental Surgery. If any member of the House or of the public is interested, the plans can be seen by arrangement at the P.W.D. offices.

NATURALIST. The abandonment of the Fishery scheme brings with it, as from the end of this year, the discontinuance of the post of Government Naturalist which is in direct compliance with the recommendations of the Economy Committee. I cannot pass over this event without expressing to Council the Government's appreciation of the many and diverse tasks which Dr. Hamilton has carried out so

conscientiously during his long association with the Colony and I wish him, on your behalf, long years in which to enjoy his retirement. Arrangements have been made for continuing the trout-breeding and distribution experiment which he initiated and which future generations of Islanders may live to bless him for.

POLICE. Mr. Jenkins, a professional police officer, has been appointed to the vacant post of Chief Constable and I look forward to an improvement in the efficiency of the Force under his guidance. It is, however, necessary to remind the public that no police force can operate effectively unless with the support of public opinion. There have been too many cases of breaking and entry and of petty pilfering and in no case have the perpetrators been discovered; if this continues the property of none of us will be safe. I well remember, as a boy, being told of the Falkland Islands that it was one of the few places in the world where a man could leave his house with the door open and return to find everything just as he left it; that was a fine reputation to enjoy and we should guard it more jealously.

POST OFFICE. I have appointed Mr. Enestrom, another local official, to the substantive office of Colonial Postmaster. An increase in the ordinary letter rate to the United Kingdom, and other countries within the Empire, from 1d. to 2½d. has been offset by a decrease in Air Mail Letter Form rates from 9d. to 6d., Empire-wide, while ordinary Air Mail letter rate has also been reduced by more than 50%. There has been a substantial increase in the use of Air Mail. The General Post Office has recently doubled the credits allowed to the Colony in respect of parcel post from the United Kingdom. We have a number of new postage stamps coming out in the near future which should be of some help to revenue; these are 'Their Majesties' Silver Wedding commemorative issue in denominations of 2½d. and £1 and domestic issues in denominations of 2d., 2½d. and 6d. The Colony's new Coat of Arms has been approved and will appear on a future issue.

PUBLIC WORKS. Mr. Bunting has succeeded Col. Woodgate as Executive Engineer and, I am glad to find, lacks nothing of his predecessor's energy and enthusiasm or of that officer's genius for improvisation. The Department has had an extremely busy year with the new Wireless Station, alterations to the Secretariat and one Government quarter completed; substantial progress with the new Town Hall, work on sewerage and water supply and various other undertakings. With a very full programme of public works confronting the Department, it has been necessary to import a few artisans from the United Kingdom and we shall be compelled to augment these by a few more if the more urgent items in the programme are to be completed to schedule. This has created a certain amount of heart-burning among locally trained artisans who are paid at a lower rate for similar tasks: that view is understandable but the fact remains that where there are insufficient locally trained men to complete the programme we must look elsewhere; looking elsewhere, we must pay the market rate whether the particular market be the United Kingdom or Latin America. Enquiries in the latter, where there is a high level of inflation, show that recruitment from such a source would lead to even greater disparity. The alternative is suitably qualified Displaced Persons who could quite certainly be obtained at local rates but the Labour Federation has, I understand, set its face against such a source of supply. It must be remembered, too, that artisan pay here is geared to all other rates of pay and one could not vary the one without creating a similar demand from the other. Nor must it be forgotten that the imported artisan is at a manifest disadvantage in that he has not his home here; he may have dependent relatives or other obligations to meet in the United Kingdom and his pound will certainly not go as far as the local worker's. The only partial relief from this difficulty that I can foresee – and it is only a partial relief – is reliance to such extent as may be possible on contract; provided always that the Executive Engineer, who bears the ultimate responsibility, is satisfied that the contract can be efficiently and economically discharged. The fact remains, however, that the Colony's labour strength is inadequate to the demands which it has to face during the period of development; we shall, of course, be in a better position when the apprentices whom imported artisans are required to train have completed their indentures.

SECRETARIAT & TREASURY. I have promoted Mr. Lellman, a locally appointed official to the substantive post of Assistant Treasurer. Both Secretariat and Treasury have had a very full year and although much of their work "blushes unseen" the Government as I know better than anybody has been well served; the extension to their offices to which I referred earlier will, I hope, make working conditions easier for them. I must at this point refer to our Colonial Secretary, Mr. Mathews, whose period of secondment from Sierra Leone is drawing to a close, and express to him my appreciation of the services which he has rendered to the Administration and to this House; I wish him, on your behalf, all good fortune in the future wherever it may lie.

This, Honourable Members, brings me to the end of my review of Government activities but you will recall that in my last address I spoke of the new conditions of service which were being devised for all grades of Government employees, whether clerical or technical; these have now been finally decided upon and submitted for the Secretary of State's approval. My intention here has been to provide a stable career and better prospects than now obtain. The Civil Servants have been consulted at all stages and I have sponsored their formation of a Civil Servants' Association for such purposes. Where accepted – and subject of course to Colonial Office approval – the new conditions will have retrospective effect from the 1st January of this year.

A word now about the Town Council. It has, so to speak, only just emerged from the chrysalis stage and has this year merely been trying out its wings; however, an enabling Bill will be submitted to you at the next meeting conferring a wide range of powers upon it such as are associated with local government elsewhere. It is true that the Council lacks the material resources in the form of works organisations which such bodies customarily maintain but these may grow in time and meanwhile there is no better way – no way as good – of ensuring that the views and wishes of the people of Stanley are brought to bear on the administration of the Town and, given the support of the ratepayers, I have no doubt that the Council will play an increasingly important part in the life of the Colony.

The Falkland Islands' Dependencies Survey had a very successful season in 1947/48 and accomplished two summer sledging journeys of outstanding merit; Falkland Islanders have played a

notable part in this enterprise. The Dependencies' vessel "John Biscoe" sailed from Southampton Waters on the 15th of this month with Commander Kirkwood, D.S.C., R.N. in command, 3 Naval executive officers, a hydrographic officer R.N., ex Naval engine room staff and a Falkland Islands crew. She underwent an extensive refit in Thornycroft's Yard and should now be a ship we can all be proud of. As from this year the administration, planning and general responsibility to the Secretary of State for the activities of the Survey have been placed on the shoulders of the Governor and the Dependencies become an integrated administrative unit under his personal direction. I have appointed Major Pierce Butler as Secretary to F.I.D.S.; he will fly back each year after the Biscoe has returned to England, undertake on my behalf the thousand and one things which have to be seen to and disposed of there at the end of each season's work, and fly out again in time to meet the ship on her arrival in these waters.

I took occasion during my visit to London to go through our provisional Development Programme with the officials concerned and it has been modified in various directions as a result. I have now re-drawn it and have attempted a more realistic time-table; the programme will be considered in Council at an early opportunity and will be made available, of course, to the public. In it I have endeavoured to spread the potential benefits as evenly as possible between the Colony, Stanley and the Camp. A feature of immediate interest to Stanley is the new electric power installation on which both Town Hall, Hospital and so much else depends. We have been fortunate in striking a very favourable bargain over the acquisition of the Blackstone generators and the work will thus be carried out with the maximum possible economy; it must also be carried out as quickly as the labour situation permits, not only for the reason I have already given but because the present installation is held together by little more than hope and ingenuity and a breakdown would leave us in serious difficulties. For the Camp, the object of principal interest is, of course, the Freezer in which we have been successful in interesting the Colonial Development Corporation who are sending out a representative this season to investigate and report. I understand that the economics of the scheme have been criticised by some in Stanley but in this as in other matters I prefer to be guided by the experts and Honourable Members may take it from me that the Directors and Executives of the Corporation are very hard-headed gentlemen indeed and any project they elect to support must satisfy them as to its merits. As I have suggested before the Freezer is not a short-term investment and if, as I hope, it materialises we can rest assured that it will be of great benefit to the industry and to the Colony which has for too long had all its eggs in one basket.

As to commercial development we are now assured of a resumption of sealing and I have granted a concession to Mr. Tilbury. Whaling, so far as the Colony is concerned, is still "in the air" but I have granted a lease to United Whalers Ltd. in the Dependencies and they contemplate setting up a shore station next summer, that is to say in 1949/50. While our own Fishery scheme has, as I said earlier, been abandoned I have had an application from a South African firm to whom I have granted a licence; they have expressed their intention of sending a scientific party in the near future to explore possibilities. I took the opportunity, while in London, to have a further talk with Mr. Merton of the British American Kelp Company and while there is no immediate likelihood of a resumption of activity our weed is still of interest to them and we must be ready to support the venture if it is revived.

With rumours in the air of the possible sale of the "Lafonia" the problem of our communications comes very much to the fore again and it will interest the House to know that while in London I had discussions with Colonial Office officials and executives of the British South American Airways regarding the possibility of a fortnightly service with Montevideo; so far as could be seen there were no insurmountable operational difficulties the principal hazard being, as ever, the financial one. I can say no more now than that the possibilities are still being examined; I am sure that you will all join your prayers with mine for a favourable outcome.

I should here add a word about our projected internal air service. At a meeting with the Sheep Owners' Association on the day that I left for England there was an unanimous request that I should take immediate steps to implement this. Accordingly I purchased two Auster 'planes through R.A.F. Disposals; one an ambulance model, the other a passenger model. There has been criticism because I purchased two but you will appreciate that this saves converting accommodation on occasions when the plane is required for different purposes and, again, if one breaks down we have the other to fall back upon. Moreover at the price I paid for them - £200 apiece - we could afford this. Now I am told that there is criticism about the price - that at this figure they cannot be airworthy. The critics must understand that aircraft, even second-hand aircraft, cannot be flown without a certificate of air-worthiness; both 'planes were flown from the air-field where they were lying to the manufacturers at Loughborough where they have been overhauled and Honourable Members can rest assured that they will be air-worthy in every respect.

As forecast in my last address to Council, non-contributory children's allowances will be introduced as from the 1st January. To simplify matters, payment will be made, monthly, through the Post Office to the mother or female guardian at the rate of £1 for two children with a further 10/- for each additional child up to school-leaving age; this scheme will, I hope, afford considerable assistance to the family man. In the case of those unfortunate enough to be on public assistance, the allowance will be payable in respect of the first child also. I am continuing, meanwhile, to explore the possibility of providing on a contributory basis for old age, but with so small a community this is no easy problem and one to which I can promise no early solution.

The Cost of Living Committee has been actively engaged during my absence and I have just received two reports from it to which I will give my immediate attention - they reveal a considerable divergence of views. The cost of living will be affected in some degree by the greater freedom of access to United Kingdom sources of supply, to which I referred earlier, while the grant of children's allowances and the abolition of school fees will also make their contribution.

The Budget which will be presented to you by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary & Treasurer presents a more cheerful picture than its predecessor and this despite the additional burdens in the form of Children's Allowances and the new conditions for Government employees for which I have made pro-

vision in anticipation of the Secretary of State's approval. On the Revenue side, the item of major importance is an increase of £6,000 p.a. in the contribution from the Dependencies which comes as the result of prolonged representations concluded during my recent visit to England. This is a substantial increase and represents in my view a proper recognition of the services performed by the Central Government on Dependencies account. The only other item of interest is the proposed substitution of a sliding-scale tax on the export of wool for the present fixed rate; it seeks nothing more than a reasonable contribution when prices are high and protects the farmer if they fall. I discussed this proposal with farm managers during my last tour of the Camp and do not recall one serious criticism; the comment of most of them was that it was fair and reasonable. The tax represents in fact only 2½% and by no stretch of the imagination can it be regarded as onerous. Should the price fall below 10d. per lb. there will be no tax at all. Export duties are a commonplace of the fiscal systems of most producer Colonies. On the expenditure side of the Budget there is a substantial reduction in the Agricultural vote while provision for the Naturalist's Department disappears apart from leave earned by Dr. Hamilton.

I turn now Honourable Members to the first purpose of my visit to London the drafting of a new Constitution for the Colony which has been, as such must ever be, the subject of long and meticulous consideration. The proposals, as finally approved by the Secretary of State for submission to His Majesty, differ in only three respects from the suggestions which I offered to members of the Public Relations Committee last year and which I have discussed tentatively with other of my unofficial advisers from time to time. Briefly, it is proposed that the new Legislative Assembly shall comprise 3 ex-officio members, namely the Colonial Secretary & Treasurer, the Senior Medical Officer and the Agricultural Officer; 4 popularly elected members, one each for the East and West Falkland and two for Stanley; 3 Nominated official members and 2 Nominated unofficial members. There will be then, just as there is today, an equality of official and unofficial votes but with four of the latter representing directly the voice of the people. Now for the differences. The first concerns the unofficial members; it is, I think, generally known that my intention was that the members for Stanley should be automatically the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Town Council and there were two reasons for this – it would save having double elections and would ensure that the views of the people of Stanley were reflected by those most closely concerned with the day-to-day affairs of the community. The suggestion – and I well knew this when I made it – was an unorthodox one for it was at once pointed out to me that the reasons which may influence an individual to vote in a municipal election are probably quite different from those which persuade him to vote for a candidate for the Legislature and that, not seldom, the interests of Stanley might conflict with the interests of the Colony. The Secretary of State, nevertheless, accepted my proposal until its implications were worked out in drafting when his Legal Advisers discovered a number of potential anomalies and complications: rather than prolong consideration any further or confront the Colony with some unsuspected difficulty or embarrassment, I decided to accept the normal alternative of a single election for the Colony as a whole. The second point concerns the President; in the first draft it was proposed to leave things as they are now – that is with the President having both an original and a casting vote but I have decided to abandon the former which means in effect that the Governor will normally exercise no active influence in debate, his position becoming essentially that of an arbiter. I have done this because I wish to ensure for future proceedings the utmost possible degree of reality. Finally, there will be one reserved subject and that, for reasons which I indicated earlier, the affairs of the Dependencies the responsibility for which now vests in the person of the Governor. I hope that the House and the Public will see in this reform a very substantial advance, for it is nothing less, and that both electors and elected will strive to make a real success of it. I will here remind you that the ultimate objective is a Legislative Council with an unofficial majority which, as you will perceive, can be readily secured when the time is ripe by the removal of one official vote; how soon that day will come depends necessarily upon the use which is made of the new Constitution. It is in the hands of both the electors and the elected. To the former I would say "Take this matter seriously and ensure that you get as your spokesmen those only in whom you have full confidence: having chosen them, make your wishes and criticisms known through them – they are your mouthpieces and they cannot discharge their duty to you effectively unless you give them your full support." And to the latter, the elected, I would say "Do all in your power to make this House a real forum of public opinion, responsibly expressed; let criticism be constructive and your only aim the public weal." Thus, and thus only, can we build surely for the future. A special, and final session of the present Council will be summoned in December to consider a Bill providing for the conduct of elections: these latter should take place in February to enable the inaugural meeting of the new Legislature to be held in March.

I would like at this point to direct the attention of Honourable Members to the international situation. Let us first look westwards. You will either have heard over the Broadcast or have read in the Weekly News the despatch addressed to me by the Secretary of State on the subject of the Bogota Conference and you will share my amazement at the unparalleled effrontery of the resolution there made that a Council should be set up, on which Great Britain and the Empire is not represented, to enquire into and report upon conditions in old-established British Colonies with a view to their eventual removal from the British Crown to which they are united in allegiance. I will not ask you to give formal endorsement to my views – it is wholly unnecessary; but it is well that the matter should be ventilated for there has recently come to my notice an allegation that it is being said openly here "Would we not be better off under the Argentines?" I take the opportunity, therefore, of nailing this monstrous, if not indeed, seditious piece of self-slander to the table of this House for I know well that nowhere within the Empire is there any more loyal community than this (*Applause*). If – I repeat if – such things have been said, they have been said by a few irresponsible and misguided fools and we may leave it at that.

I will turn now to the European scene from which not even the most purblind optimist can derive one crumb of comfort. Those of you who listen regularly to the news and who read your papers will have marked, with anxiety, the growing intransigence of Soviet Russia; will have marked the infinite, unwearying patience and forbearance of Great Britain, the United States and France in their efforts to reach agreement with their partner who has consistently sabotaged every such attempt and whose vocabulary appears to contain no other word but 'NO.' Who seeks through her agents to undermine the faith and corrupt the manhood of her late allies; and to what end, I ask you? There are those who will tell you that Russia does not want war; neither did Nazi Germany if she could attain her ends without it. One hopes always that the common sense of the common people will prevail but history has shown us again.

and yet again, that on such occasions the voice of common sense is stilled and the temper of the people is whipped up by false appeals to serve the bidding of the evil few. Others say that Russia is not ready for war but who can tell if she be ready or not when none can say what is happening behind the curtain she has drawn across her frontiers and those of her satellites?

I would not have you read into these words anything more than I have said; I do not mean to suggest that war is inevitable, much less that it is imminent but we would do well to consider that these years in which we live may be but another breathing space and I put it to you that if ever there was a time when we here should close our ranks, forget about past grievances – real or imagined – and work together to set the affairs of these Islands on a firm and enduring basis, that time is now. We may not get another chance. Let us see to it, too, that our Defence Force is built up to the maximum possible strength and that it is maintained at the highest possible standard of efficiency.

You will permit me, Honourable Members, to conclude as I began on a personal note. Since I came here in November just on two years ago – indeed since the previous September when I was first informed of my appointment – I have had but one thought in my mind, the progress of this Colony: the welfare and wellbeing of its people. To that end I have devoted, and shall continue to devote, my entire energies quite undeterred either by the recent petition for my recall or the personal attack which has followed upon its rejection. To those responsible for the latter I will do no more than quote the words of a great and wise Englishman – Oliver Cromwell to the citizens of Eglintown; this is what he said "For God's sake, Gentle-men, have you never considered for one moment that you might possibly be wrong?"

4. The following questions were asked by the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton and answered by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary :—

- (i) Whether some indication could be given as to what would be the position of the Dependencies when the Colony attains self-government, that is, would the control of the Dependencies and their industrial resources, whaling revenue, etc., be vested in the Government in Stanley or in the Home Government.

This question must be considered as hypothetical since "self-government" as understood is not a practical possibility for a community of 2,600 seats.

- (ii) Whether the Government would clearly define its policy as to the smallholdings scheme.

This Administration has not hitherto considered any scheme for small holdings but will always be ready to examine any proposals that may be put forward.

- (iii) What steps are being taken to settle the question of increased basic rates of pay of workmen and whether the Government will now make a statement as to the cost of living in the Colony.

The Government awaits the final report and recommendations of the Cost of Living Committee before it can make any statement as regards cost of living in the Colony or give consideration to the question of increased basic pay. Meanwhile, two materially conflicting interim reports have been received from the Committee and receiving attention.

5. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary, by command, laid on the Table the following Papers :—

- (i) Copies of all Regulations, Proclamations, Orders and Bye-laws made or approved by the Governor in Executive Council since the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 26th of November, 1947.
- (ii) Copies of despatches received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, intimating the non-disallowance by His Majesty of Ordinances Nos. 6 of 1946, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of 1947, and 1, 3, 4 and 5 of 1948.
- (iii) Annual Abstract Account – Statement shewing the total Receipts and Expenditure of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year 1947.
- (iv) Annual Account of the 'Discovery' Investigations for the year 1947.
- (v) Estimate of the 'Discovery' Investigations expenditure for the year 1948.
- (vi) Report of the Director of Colonial Audit on the accounts of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the years ended the 31st of December, 1945 and 1946 respectively.
- (vii) Report by Auditor on the accounts of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies for the year 1947.

6. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS additional provision is required for the service of the Colony and its Dependencies for the year ending the 31st of December, 1948, for the period 1st April to 30th June.

"BE IT RESOLVED –

"This Council hereby sanctions the expenditure from public funds of the sum of ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN POUNDS EIGHT SHILLINGS AND NINE-PENCE (£1,337 : 8 : 9) to meet the several charges itemized in the accompanying "Schedule".

The Resolution was adopted.

7. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the adoption of the following Resolution :

"WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5A of the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, that the Governor in Executive Council may by Order increase any import or export duty of customs or may impose new import or export duties of customs.

"AND WHEREAS it is provided in Section 5B of the same Ordinance that every Order "issued by the Governor in Council under Section 5A shall after four days and within twenty-one "days from the date of its first publication be submitted to the Legislature, and the Legislature may "by resolution confirm, amend or revoke such Order, and upon publication of the resolution of the "Legislature in the Gazette the resolution shall have effect and the Order shall then expire.

"NOW, THEREFORE this Council resolves that the Customs Order, (No. 4) 1948, made "by His Excellency the Governor in Council on the 1st of October, 1948, under the Customs "Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, shall be confirmed "with the amendment to the effect that when the selling price per lb. of the wool clip did not exceed "10d. there should be no export tax."

The Resolution as amended accordingly was seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter.

The Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton said that the Resolution introduced additional taxation without elected representation and proposed its postponement for further consideration especially by representatives of the industry affected.

On the Resolution being put to Council it was carried by a division of 5 ayes to 3 no s.

8. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance, 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

9. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, the Bill "To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 5 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

10. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for an Ordinance to control Lotteries".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 11 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed by a division of 5 ayes to 3 noes.

11. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To authorise the levy of a General Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 7 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 8 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. Clauses 9 to 37 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 8 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

12. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To amend and consolidate the law as to Firearms".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 27 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

13. On the motion of the Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded by the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter, the Bill "To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clause 1 was agreed to. On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause, Preamble and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

14. The Honourable the Colonial Secretary moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To provide for the service of the year 1949".

The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, after an introductory speech, moved, and the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded the *second* reading of the Bill.

The Bill was then committed.

With the permission of His Excellency the Honourable Mr. A. G. Barton and the Honourable Mr. K. W. Luxton addressed the Council.

His Excellency addressed the Council.

Clause 1 was agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 2 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule.

The Schedule was considered in conjunction with the Estimates for 1949 and agreed to.

Clause 2 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

15. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary, the Bill "To amend the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance, 1937" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed. Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

16. The Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter moved the *first* reading of the Bill "To regulate and control prospecting and mining for radio-active minerals and the export thereof and for purposes connected therewith".

The Honourable the Colonial Secretary seconded the motion.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 to 12 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 13 was postponed until after consideration of the Schedule.

Clauses 14 and 15 were agreed to. The Schedule was agreed to. Clause 13 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

17. On the motion of the Honourable Mr. R. W. S. Winter seconded by the Honourable the Colonial Secretary the Bill "To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staff of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities" was read a *first* time.

On further motion made and seconded the Standing Orders were suspended and the Bill was read a *second* time and committed.

Clauses 1 and 2 were agreed to.

On motion made consideration of Clause 3 was postponed until after consideration of the First and Second Schedules. The First and Second Schedules were agreed to. Clause 3 was recommitted and agreed to. The Enacting Clause and Title were agreed to. The Council resumed. The Bill was then read a *third* time and passed.

The Council adjourned *sine die*

RESOLUTION

Customs Order (No. 4) 1948.

Whereas in accordance with Section 5B of the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946 Customs Order (No. 4) 1948 was submitted to the Legislative Council on the 20th of October, 1948.

And Whereas the Legislative Council amended the said Order.

It Was Resolved by the Legislative Council that Customs Order (No.4) 1948 as amended, be confirmed with effect from the 20th of October 1948, as follows :—

Order by His Excellency the Governor in Council.

Under the Customs Ordinance 1943 as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance 1946.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

No. 9 of 1948.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, as amended by the Customs (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council His Excellency is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered that :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Order (No. 4) Short title.
1948.

2. From and after the 1st day of January, 1949, the following export duties on wool shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto

“On wool

when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip does not exceed 10d.	Nil.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 10d. but does not exceed 20d.	.5d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 20d. but does not exceed 30d.	.75d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 30d. but does not exceed 40d.	1d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 40d. but does not exceed 50d.	1.5d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 50d. but does not exceed 60d.	2d. per lb.
when the average gross selling price per lb. of the whole Falkland Islands clip exceeds 60d.	2.5d. per lb.

Export duties on
Tallow, Hides and
Skins.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Order the following export duties shall be payable in lieu of any duties payable prior hereto :—

“On Tallow, Hides and Skins, two and a half per centum of the selling price of such goods”.

Rescission.

4. The words “on wool, for every 25 pounds or part thereof, one shilling and three pence” and “on Tallow whether prepared from sheep or cattle, two and a half per centum of the average U.K./Continental market value at the time of shipment” in Clause 3 of Customs Order (No. 3) 1948 are hereby rescinded.

Made by the Governor in the Executive Council on the 1st day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0465.

Customs Ordinance 1943.

Regulations made under the Customs Ordinance 1943.

MILES CLIFFORD,

Governor.

No. 10 of 1948.

In pursuance of the powers in him vested by the Customs Ordinance, 1943, His Excellency the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :—

Short title.

1. These Regulations may be cited as The Oil, etc., (Export) (Amendment) Regulations 1948 and shall be read as one with The Oil etc. (Export) Regulations 1948 (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations”).

Amendments

Sections 3 (1) 4 and 5.

2. Regulations 3 (1) 4 and 5 of the Regulations shall be amended by the insertion of the words “tallow, hides and skins” after the word “products” where ever it shall appear in the Regulations.

3. Regulation 4 of the Regulations shall be amended by the substitution of the word “containers” for the word “bags” in line 7.

4. The following Regulations shall be inserted after Regulation 5 of the Regulations :

“5A. (1) Any person exporting wool, tallow, hides, skins, or any other product of any kind whatsoever upon which an export duty is assessed on the selling price, shall within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel (or any extension of such period as the Collector of Customs shall agree) deliver to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, a certificate of sale in the Form E in the schedule hereto and shall make and sign a declaration as to the truth of the said certificate. No certificate shall cover produce from more than one station.

Forms.

5. The forms set out in the Schedule shall be forms D and E in the Schedule to the Regulations.

Made by the Governor in Executive Council on the 19th day of October, 1948.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,

Clerk of the Executive Council.

M.P. 0378.

The Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

FORM D.

Tallow, Hides & Skins. Certificate of Landing.

Schedule D of the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

To be delivered to the Collector of Customs, Stanley, Falkland Islands, within six calendar months from the date of clearance of the exporting vessel.

Exporting Vessel..... *Master's Name*.....

Port and Date of Shipment..... *Port and Date of Discharge*.....

Name and Address of Consignee.....

QUANTITY DISCHARGED.

<i>Station Mark on containers</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Number of containers</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Gross Weight in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Tare in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....
<i>Net Weight of products in lbs.</i>	...	...	...	...	.....

Total weight of products in lbs. landed.....

I solemnly declare that the foregoing particulars are to the best of my knowledge and belief true and accurate, and that I have fully described and set forth all the Tallow, Hides & Skins liable to export duty on export from the Colony of the Falkland Islands and Dependencies, and shipped on board the S.S. "....." at..... on the..... day of.....19....., and declared to by me as the Exporter, under the Oil, etc., (Export) Regulations, 1948.

(Sgd.).....

Date.....19..... *Exporter or Agent.*

CERTIFICATE No.....

I certify that the above is a correct statement of all the products landed or discharged at this port, from the above mentioned vessel, and bearing the station mark shown hereon.

(Sgd.).....
Authorised Officer.

In case of a Port outside the United Kingdom.

I certify that the above is the signature of the.....
Customs Officer at the Port of.....

(Sgd.).....
British Consular Officer.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 6



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for the Repeal of the Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924, and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 1936.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Repeal) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. The Dependencies Research and Development Fund Ordinance 1924 and the Dependencies Research and Development Fund (Amendment) Ordinance 1936 are hereby repealed. Repeal of Ordinances No. 6 of 1924 and 1 of 1936.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 7



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

**An Ordinance
To amend the Income Tax Ordinance, 1939.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the "Income Tax (Amendment No. 2) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Income Tax Ordinance 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Ordinance").

Amendment to
Principal Ordinance
Section 6.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be the actual earnings of any person not being ordinarily resident in the Colony from such employment in any one whaling or sealing season, notwithstanding that the period of employment may extend into two calendar years".

Section 21.

3. Section 21 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following proviso :

"Provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, the tax upon the chargeable income of any persons engaged on seasonal work in the whaling or

sealing industries in the Colony and Dependencies shall be at the following rates :

On the first £100 of such income	Nil
4% of every £ of the next £100	
5% " " " " " "	£200
6% " " " " " "	£200
7% " " " " " "	£200
10% " " " " " "	£200
12½% " " " above ...	£1,000

4. Section 21 of the Principal Ordinance shall be amended by the addition of the following subsections :

“(3) (a) The tax chargeable upon the income of any person engaged on seasonal work shall be payable by the employers who may deduct the amount from earnings of any such persons. The employer, or in the case of a Company the manager or principle officer of the Company, shall at the end of each season render to the Commissioner an account of the earnings of each employee and of the amount of the tax payable in respect of such earnings.

(b) Any person who fails or neglects to render an account due under this subsection shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance.

“(4) (a) The account books of the employers shall be at all reasonable times open for inspection by the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent.

(b) Any person who hinders or obstructs the Commissioner or his duly appointed representative or agent in the inspection of any such account books shall be guilty of an offence against this Ordinance”.

5. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1948. Commencement.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 8



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To provide for an Ordinance to control Lotteries.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Lotteries Ordinance, 1948.

Definitions.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits :
- “lottery” means a distribution of prizes by lot or chance and shall include betting by totalisator.
 - “promoter” means any person or number of persons associated together for the purpose of operating a lottery.
 - “money” includes a cheque, bank note, postal order or money order.
 - “ticket” means any document evidencing the claim of a person to participate in the chances of a lottery.
 - “totalisator” means the contrivance for betting known as the totalisator or pari-mutuel, or any other machine or instrument of betting of a like nature, whether mechanically operated or not.

Every lottery to conform with requirements of Ordinance.

3. From and after the date of publication of this Ordinance no lottery shall be operated in the Colony except as hereinafter provided.

4. Any person who proposes to operate a lottery shall before taking any steps in respect thereof apply in writing to the Treasurer for a licence so to do and shall in such application state

Application for licence to operate a lottery.

- (a) the full names and addresses of all promoters
- (b) the number and cash value of all prizes it is proposed to award
- (c) the number of tickets to be issued
- (d) the name of the printer who will print the tickets
- (e) the purchase price of each ticket
- (f) the date, time and place of the intended draw for the prize or prizes

5. The Treasurer may issue a licence for the purpose of this Ordinance subject to such conditions as may be imposed and at any time may revoke any licence for any reason he may consider just and sufficient.

Issue and revocation of licence.

6. (1) It shall be a condition of the grant of a licence that the promoters shall on the day preceding the draw produce to the Treasurer a true balance sheet shewing all monies received and paid for printing and stationery (no other deductions shall be permissible) in connection with the lottery and such evidence as he may require in verification thereof and shall thereupon pay the Treasurer ten per centum of the net amount of the monies available for distribution.

Payment of 10% of net amount of monies collected.

(2) No draw for the lottery shall take place until the requirements of sub-section (1) of this section have been complied with.

(3) The amount so paid to the Treasurer shall be paid into the General Revenues of the Colony.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a lottery operated in aid of any charitable purpose approved by the Governor.

(5) The Governor may reduce the percentage provided for in sub-section (1) of this section in such cases as he may think fit.

7. The result of the draw of every lottery shall be published on the day following the draw by broadcast and by exhibiting a list of all prizewinners on the public notice board in Stanley.

Publication of results of lotteries.

8. Any person who :

Offences.

- (a) shall operate or attempt to operate a lottery without obtaining a licence as herein provided, or
- (b) shall not comply with or observe any condition of a licence granted to operate a lottery, or
- (c) shall not comply with the requirements of sections 6 and 7 hereof, or
- (d) shall sell any ticket to any person apparently under the age of seventeen years, whether acting on his own behalf or on behalf of another person, or
- (e) shall buy or accept the transfer of a ticket in a lottery which has not been licenced under this Ordinance

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 for each offence and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction for an offence under the same section to a fine not exceeding £100 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged only by reason of his being a promoter of the lottery or being a director or officer of a body corporate operating the lottery to prove that the offence was committed without his knowledge.

Power to issue Search
Warrant.

9. Any Justice of the Peace, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground to suspect that any premises are being used for the purpose of the commission of an offence against this Ordinance may grant a warrant under his hand authorising any constable at any time or times within one month from the date thereof to enter, if necessary by force, the said premises and every part thereof and to search for and seize and remove any documents money or valuable thing found therein which he has reasonable ground to suppose are on those premises for any purpose constituting an infringement of this Ordinance.

Common law of
England not to apply.

10. The common law of England so far as it is applicable to the Colony by virtue of section 31 of the Interpretation and General Law Ordinance 1900 or any amendment thereof shall not apply to any lottery licensed under this Ordinance.

11. The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the administration of this Ordinance.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 9



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

**To authorise the levy of a General
Rate and a Water Rate in Stanley.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Rates Ordinance 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise admits : Interpretation.
 - "Council" means the Town Council of Stanley.
 - "Stanley" means the area contained in the three Wards described in the First Schedule to the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.
 - "Premises" means any lands tenements hereditaments or property in Stanley which are or may become liable to a rate in respect of which the valuation list is conclusive.
 - "Court" means the Supreme Court.
 - "Rate" means a rate the proceeds of which are applicable to purposes of a public nature in Stanley and which is leviable on the basis of an assessment in respect of the annual value of premises in Stanley.
 - "Domestic purposes" mean ordinary and reasonable purposes of domestic life and shall include the use of water for fixed baths, water closets, urinals, hot water, heating, washing cars and carriages and for the watering of gardens forming part of the amenities of the house.

PART I.

GENERAL RATE.

Liability for general rate.

3. (1) A rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners (except as hereinafter mentioned) of all premises and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

Provided that an owner shall be liable to be rated although the premises are unoccupied at the time of the assessment of the rate.

Recovery of rates from tenants.

Provided also that where rates due are in arrear the Council may serve upon any person paying rent in respect of the premises so rated or any part thereof a notice stating the amount of such arrears of rate and regarding all future payments of rent (whether the same have already accrued due or not) by the person paying the rent to be made direct to the Council until such arrears shall have been duly paid and such notice shall operate to transfer to the Council the right to recover receive and give a discharge for such rent.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Part payment.

4. If any owner assessed or liable to any such rate ceases to be owner of the premises in respect whereof he is so assessed or liable, before the end of the period for which the rate was made, and before it is fully paid off, he shall be liable to pay only such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner. In every such case any person becoming owner or occupier of the premises during part of the said period shall pay such part of the rate as may be in proportion to the time during which he continues to be such owner, and it shall be recovered from him in the same manner as if he had been originally assessed or liable.

Exemptions.

5. The following premises and the owners and occupiers thereof are exempt from rateability.

- (a) The property of the Crown (except where let to a tenant).
- (b) Property occupied by the Crown for the purposes of government of the Colony (including property occupied by the Falkland Islands Defence Force).
- (c) Every church chapel or similar building used and maintained exclusively for the public celebration of divine service and not having part of any premises used for human habitation.

Provided, that no such church, chapel or like building so used and maintained as aforesaid shall be deemed or taken to be part of premises used for human habitation by reason only that it communicates therewith.

Rate may be prospective or retrospective.

6. A rate may be made and levied either prospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses to be incurred within one year thereafter, or retrospectively in order to raise money for the payment of expenses incurred within one year previously, and at such rate of assessment as the Council shall think fit and as is authorised by this Ordinance, from which rate of assessment there shall be no appeal.

Assessment.

7. A rate shall be made at a certain and equal rate assessed upon the net annual value of all premises liable to be assessed and rated, that is to say, at the rate of one or more shillings or fractions of a shilling for every pound of the net annual value.

Rate must be in a certain form.
Schedule.

8. A rate shall contain every particular required under the Form set out in the Schedule hereto, so far as such particulars can be ascertained, and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Council

or the person acting as such at the time of making such rate at the foot thereof, and unless the same be so signed it shall be of no force or effect.

9. A rate shall be due on the 1st day of January in each year and shall be paid in advance. When rate due.

10. Any person who shall remove from any premises in respect of which he may be rated and assessed and leave any rate unpaid, or who shall remove any of his goods from any premises in order to avoid a distress thereon, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding £10. Penalty on persons leaving rates in arrear.

11. The Council may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof. When rates may be remitted.

12. (1) The Council shall permit every rated inhabitant of Stanley, and every other person authorized in writing by the Governor, to inspect at all reasonable hours every rate made by them, and every account required to be kept by them, paying one shilling for each rate or account inspected, and the Council shall on demand give a copy of or extract from any rate or account to any such inhabitant or other person paying three pence for every hundred words or fraction thereof, and further, the Council shall be liable to a penalty of £10 for every refusal, to be recovered, together with full costs of suit by the party aggrieved in a court of Summary Jurisdiction. Rates may be inspected.

(2) All moneys received by the Council for any inspection, copy of or extract from any rate or account, shall be credited to the rates. Penalty for denial of inspection.

13. The Council shall within 7 days after the making of a rate give notice thereof by publishing the notice in any newspaper circulating in Stanley and by causing the notice to be affixed to the doors of the Cathedral, Chapel of St. Mary and Tabernacle in Stanley and by local broadcast and the rate shall not be valid unless notice is duly given. Publication of rate.

14. (1) Information on the following matters shall be included in the demand note on which the rate is levied Demand notes.

(a) such description as is reasonably necessary for identification of the premises in respect of which the demand note is issued,

(b) the net annual value,

(c) the amount in the pound at which the rate is charged,

(d) the period in respect of which the rate is made,

(e) particulars as to any discount admissible for prompt payment.

(2) A demand note may include a demand for any water or other rate, rent or charge payable to the Council.

(3) A demand note shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by the Town Clerk.

15. The Council may by resolution direct that an allowance by way of discount not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum shall be made on the whole amount due in respect of any rate due from any person who pays the net amount due before such date as the Council may prescribe. Discount.

Provided that such allowance shall be made at the same rate to all persons entitled thereto.

16. The Council shall as soon as practicable after promulgation of this Ordinance appoint an Assessment Committee consisting of five members two of whom shall not be members of the Council and shall appoint any person to fill any casual vacancy caused by Assessment Committee.

death resignation disqualification or otherwise subject to the appointment of any member not being a member of the Council being first approved by the Governor.

Functions of Assessment Committee.

17. The Assessment Committee shall

(1) maintain a book concerning particulars of all premises in Stanley, and shall make such alterations therein as may be required from time to time and from the particulars therein contained prepare a draft valuation list.

(2) on the 1st day of November in every year and not otherwise except by order of the Court devise and forward to the Council the draft valuation list

(3) hold meetings to consider any objection under section 18 hereof made to the draft valuation list and may make such alterations insertions and corrections in the list whether for the purpose of meeting an objection or for any other reason they think proper.

Publication of draft valuation list and objections.

18. The Council shall forthwith on receipt of the draft valuation list as provided in section 17 (2) cause a notice to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of a rate in section 13 that the draft valuation list may be inspected at the office of Treasurer of the Council during the usual office hours and that any person aggrieved by any assessment therein or omission therefrom may lodge an objection within 21 days from such notice.

Valuation conclusive subject to appeal.

19. After the expiration of 21 days from the notice provided for in section 18 should there be no objection to the draft valuation list or notification by the Assessment Committee to the Council of its decision on all such objections the draft valuation list shall subject to any appeal provided for in section 22 and to any amendment as may be ordered by the Court, be conclusive evidence of the net annual value of all premises therein mentioned for all purposes of rating and assessment.

Power of Council to amend rate.

20. (1) The Council may at any time make such amendments in a rate (being either the current or the last preceding rate) as appears to them necessary in order to make the rate conform with the provisions of this Ordinance or any amendment thereof and in particular may

- (a) correct any clerical or arithmetical error in the rate
- (b) correct any erroneous insertions or omissions or any misdescriptions
- (c) make such additions to or correction in the rate as appear to be necessary by reason of
 - (i) any newly erected premises or any premises which were unoccupied at the time of making the rate coming into operation; or
 - (ii) any premises previously rated on a single premise becoming liable to be rated in parts.

Provided that not less than seven days before making any such amendment the effect of which is to alter the amount appearing in the rate as chargeable in respect of any premises the Council shall send notice of the proposed amendment to the owner of the premises and to the occupier if he is liable to pay the rate and shall consider any objection which may be made by him or them.

(2) Every amendment under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection shall have effect as if it were contained in the rate as originally made.

Powers of Assessment Committee: entry and returns.

21. (1) Any member of the Assessment Committee may at all reasonable hours of the day having given one clear days notice in writing enter any premises for the purpose of discharging his duties

and remain therein so long as may be necessary for that purpose and any person preventing or hindering such member from entering or remaining as aforesaid shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a daily penalty of £5.

(2) The Assessment Committee may at any time require the owner of any premises to make a return containing such particulars as may reasonably be required for the purpose of carrying out this Ordinance within 21 days after the service of the notice calling upon him so to do and any person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with such notice shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 and to a further penalty not exceeding £2 for each day during which the default continues after conviction and any person who makes or causes to be made a return which is false in any material particular shall be liable on summary conviction in respect of each offence to a fine not exceeding £50.

22. Any person aggrieved by

Appeals.

- (a) any assessment or rate
- (b) any order or requirement of the Council or Assessment Committee under this Ordinance
- (c) any conviction or order of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction registered or made under this Ordinance
- (d) the refusal of a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to convict or make an order under this Ordinance may within one month after such grievance shall have arisen appeal to the Court in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 or any amendment or re-enactment thereof.

Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorise an appeal against the rate or assessment hereby authorised unless the same shall be unequal.

23. (1) The Colonial Secretary may within one month from the date of the valuation list appeal to the Court against any assessment in or omission from the said list.

Appeals by Colonial Secretary.

(2) The Colonial Secretary may appeal against the making, registering or omitting to make any order by the Council in prejudice, abridgment or derogation from the rights or privileges of His Majesty or the duties powers or authorities vested in the Governor within one month of such making neglect or omission.

(3) The Colonial Secretary shall not be required to enter into a recognisance to prosecute an appeal.

24. The Court may cause the order of the Court in an appeal to be recorded on the valuation list and the decision upon any appeal shall be conclusive and binding on all parties thereto.

Order of Court.

25. Where there is no provision for the service of notice of appeal or statement of the grounds of appeal the Court may direct upon whom and the manner in which service shall be made.

Service of notice.

26. (1) Any person liable to pay a rate who fails to pay the same when due, or quits or is about to quit any premises without payment of a rate then due may be summoned to appear before a Court of Summary Jurisdiction to shew cause why such rate should not be paid.

Summary proceedings for recovery of rate.

If the defaulter fails to appear or shew sufficient cause for non payment such Court may make an order for the payment of the same and may by warrant cause the same to be levied by distress on the goods or chattels of the defaulter.

(2) The costs of the recovery of arrears of any rate may be added to such arrears.

Charge on premises.

27. (1) Where any rate shall remain unpaid the Council may apply to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction for an order that the amount of rate remaining unpaid together with the costs caused by attempting to collect the same shall be a first charge on the premises and such Court is hereby empowered to make such order.

(2) An order made under this section shall be registered with the Registrar General at Stanley before it shall become effective.

PART II.

WATER RATE.

Liability for water rate.

28. (1) A water rate shall be made and levied by the Council on the owners of all premises in respect of all water supplied for domestic purposes and shall be assessed on the net annual value of all such premises including those let to a tenant by the Government.

Domestic purposes.

(2) Where premises are let by the Government the water rate shall be recovered from the tenant exclusively.

Non-domestic charges.

(3) Where water is supplied or used for non-domestic purposes the following fixed rates shall respectively be charged

	£	s.	d.
Butchers shop	1	10	0
Chicken farm		10	0
Dairy	1	10	0
Garage	1	10	0
Mineral water plant	5	0	0
Photographic business		10	0
Slaughterhouse	2	10	0
Stable		10	0

Provided that the Council may from time to time by resolution require a fixed charge in respect of any other premises or class of premises to which water is supplied for a non-domestic purpose or vary or cancel any fixed charge in respect of water so supplied subject to public notice being given of such resolution as provided in section 13.

Supply by meter.

29. (1) The Council may by resolution, public notice of which shall be given as hereinbefore provided, require water to be supplied by measure to any ship or premises or class of premises and may recover any money payable in respect thereof in the same manner as water rates.

Council may sell or let meters.

(2) When water is supplied by measure the Council shall sell or let for hire at such economical rent as it shall decide, at the option of the consumer, a meter or other instrument for measuring the quantity of water supplied and consumed and the purchase price or rent shall be recoverable in the same manner as water rates.

Power of entry.

(3) When water is supplied by measure officers of the Council may between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. enter any premises so supplied in order to inspect any meter or any other instrument or apparatus for measuring water or for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of water supplied or consumed and for the purpose of removing any water or other apparatus the property of the Council and any person hindering any such officer from entering for any of such purposes shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 for each offence.

Exemptions recovery of rates etc.

30. The provisions of Part I of this Ordinance relating to exemptions, assessment, when rate is due, penalty for leaving premises when rate is in arrear, demand notes and recovery of arrears of rate including changing premises shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

31. The Council may in addition to any other remedy for the recovery of water rate in arrear herein contained stop the flow of water into the premises in respect of which such rate is payable by cutting the pipe to such premises or by such other means as it may think fit and may recover the cost of such cutting off and of any re-connection in addition to the arrears of water rate.

Power to cut off supply.

Provided that the Council shall before serving notice of intention to cut off require the occupier to pay water rate in arrear in accordance with the second proviso to section 3 and the provisions thereof shall be applicable to the water rate as if the same had been expressly made in respect thereof.

PART III.

GENERAL.

32. No Justice of the Peace shall be incapable of acting in cases arising under this Ordinance by reason of his being a member of the Council or a ratepayer or being liable to contribute to or be benefited by any rate or fund out of which any expenses incurred by the Council under this Ordinance are to be defrayed.

Capacity of Justices.

33. Notices, orders and other documents required or authorized to be served under this Ordinance may be served by delivering them or a true copy thereof to some person on the premises, or if there is no person on the premises who can be served by fixing them on some conspicuous part of the premises.

Notices.

34. All expenses and compensation incurred or payable by the Council in the execution of this Ordinance and not otherwise provided for out of capital raised for that purpose, shall be charged on and defrayed out of the rate.

Defrayment of expenses.

35. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall prejudice, abridge or derogate from, or be deemed, taken or construed to prejudice, abridge or derogate from, the duties, powers or authorities which now are or at any time hereafter may be lawfully imposed upon or vested in or which heretofore have been exercised by the Governor for the preservation of the peace, safety and good government of the Colony.

Powers of Governor.

36. The Stanley Rating Ordinance 1928 is hereby repealed.

Repeal.

37. This Ordinance shall come into force on the day of publication in respect of the preparation of the draft valuation list by the Assessment Committee under section 17 and all powers in connection therewith and in all other respects on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF GENERAL RATE.

An assessment made for a general rate, made this day of
in the year one thousand nine hundred and after the rate of in the

Number in Premises Valuation.	Arrears due.	Name of owner.	Description of property rated.	Net annual value.	Amount of rate at

Witness our Common Seal, and the hand of our Chairman, this day of 19

Chairman of the Council.

—

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me
with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found
by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 10



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

R+R O. 11/65
P. 228 1965 Gazette

An Ordinance

To amend and consolidate the law as to Firearms.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Firearms Ordinance 1948". Short Title.

2. In this Ordinance Definitions.

"Certificate" means a certificate issued by the Chief Constable that the holder thereof is permitted to have in his possession the firearms specified therein.

"Chief Constable" means the Chief Constable or officer acting in that behalf at Stanley.

"Firearms" means any lethal barrelled weapon of any description (other than a smooth bore gun with a barrel not less than 20 inches in length and an air gun) from which any shot bullet or other missile can be discharged and includes any prohibited weapon whether it is such a lethal weapon or not, any component part of such lethal or prohibited weapon and any accessory to any such weapon designed or adapted to diminish the noise or flash caused by firing the weapon.

"Firearms dealer" means a person who by way of trade or business manufactures sells transfers repairs tests or proves firearms.

"Gun" means a firearm of any description and includes an air gun air rifle or air pistol.

"Imitation firearm" means anything which has the appearance of being a firearm whether or not it is capable of discharging any shot bullet or other missile.

"Licence" means a licence issued by the Chief Constable authorising the holder to carry a gun.

"Prohibited ammunition" means any ammunition containing or designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

"Prohibited weapon" means (a) any firearm which is so designed or adapted that if pressure is applied to the trigger, missiles continue to be discharged until pressure is removed from the trigger or the magazine containing the missiles is empty or (b) any weapon of whatever description designed or adapted for the discharge of any noxious liquid gas or other thing.

"Public place" means any street, road, footway or open and public place in Stanley to which the public have or are permitted to have access.

"Registered" in relation to a firearms dealer means registered with the Chief Constable.

PART I.

REGISTRATION.

Penalty for purchasing or possessing firearms or ammunition without a Certificate.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance no person shall purchase, acquire, or have in his possession any firearm to which this part of the Ordinance applies without holding a Certificate in force at the time or otherwise than as authorised by such certificate.

(2) Every holder of any firearm shall obtain a certificate not later than the 31st day of December 1948.

(3) Any person who purchases or is in possession of any firearm without a certificate after the 31st day of December 1948 or fails to comply with the conditions of such certificate shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Grant renewal variation or revocation of Certificate.

4. (1) An application for the grant of a certificate shall be made on the form issued for that purpose by the Chief Constable and shall state such particulars as may be required.

(2) A certificate shall be granted by the Chief Constable if he is satisfied that the applicant has good reason for having in his possession the firearm in respect of which the application is made and can be permitted to have the same without danger to the public peace or safety :

Provided that a certificate shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with any firearm.

(3) A certificate shall specify the conditions (if any) subject to which it is held the nature and number of the firearms to which it relates.

(4) An applicant shall pay the sum of five shillings upon the grant of a certificate irrespective of the number of firearms to which it relates.

(5) A certificate shall unless previously revoked or cancelled continue in force for three years from the date when it was granted or last renewed and shall be renewable for a further

period of three years and from time to time and the foregoing provisions shall apply to the renewal as they apply to the grant of a certificate.

(6) The Chief Constable may at any time by notice in writing vary the conditions subject to which the certificate is held and may by notice require the holder to deliver up the certificate to him within 21 days of the date of the notice for the purpose of amending the conditions therein specified.

(7) The Chief Constable may revoke a certificate if

(a) he is satisfied that the holder is of intemperate habits or unsound mind or is otherwise unfitted to be entrusted with a firearm; or

(b) the holder fails to comply with a notice under sub-section (6) of this section requiring him to deliver up the certificate.

(8) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a certificate or renew a certificate or by the revocation of a certificate may appeal to the Magistrate.

(9) The Chief Constable shall, when he revokes a certificate, by notice in writing require the holder to surrender the certificate and if the holder fails to do so within 21 days of the date of the notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

(10) Any person who makes a statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or any other person the grant of a certificate shall be liable for each offence on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

5. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 3 of this Ordinance

Exemptions.

(1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business

(2) an auctioneer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.

(3) a person who has been granted a permit by the Chief Constable to have in his possession a slaughtering instrument

(4) a person carrying a firearm belonging to another person holding a certificate may without himself holding a certificate have in his possession that firearm under instructions from and for the use of that other person for sporting purposes only

(5) a member of his Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any firearm entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.

(6) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any firearm certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

6. (1) Any constable or customs officer may demand the production of a certificate from a person whom he believes to be in possession of a firearm.

Production of Certificate.

(2) If any person upon whom a demand is so made fails to produce the certificate or to permit the constable or customs officer to read the certificate or to show that he is exempt from

holding a certificate under Section 5 of this Ordinance, the constable or customs officer may seize and detain the firearm and may require that person to declare to him immediately his name and address.

(3) Any person who refuses so to declare his name and address or fails to give his true name and address shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and the constable or customs officer may apprehend without warrant any person who refuses so to declare his name or address or of intending to abscond.

Penalty for
manufacturing etc.
firearms without
being registered.

7. (1) No person shall by way of trade or business

- (a) manufacture sell transfer repair test or prove; or
- (b) expose for sale or transfer or have in his possession for sale, transfer, repair, test, or prove any firearms unless he is registered as a firearms dealer.

Provided that it shall be lawful for an auctioneer to have in his possession for sale by auction and to sell by auction such firearm if he has obtained from the Chief Constable a permit for that purpose.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section or makes any statement which he knows to be false for the purpose of procuring whether for himself or some other person the grant of a permit shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Registration of
firearms dealers.

8. (1) The Chief Constable shall keep a register of firearms dealers and shall enter therein such particulars as may be required by him of any person applying for registration :

Provided that the Chief Constable may refuse to register an applicant if he is satisfied that the applicant cannot be permitted to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety.

(2) An annual fee of £1 shall be paid by each registered firearms dealer.

(3) The Chief Constable may after giving reasonable notice to any person whose name is on the register if satisfied that that person

- (a) is no longer carrying on business as a firearms dealer; or
- (b) cannot be permitted to continue to carry on business as a firearms dealer without danger to the public peace or safety

cause the name of that person to be removed from the register.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal by the Chief Constable to register him as a firearms dealer or by the removal of his name from the register may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) Any person who for the purpose of procuring the registration of himself or any other person as a firearms dealer makes any statement which he knows to be false he shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Register of trans-
actions in firearms.

9. (1) A registered firearms dealer shall provide and keep a register of transactions and shall within 24 hours of each transaction enter such particulars relative thereto as may be required by any regulation made under this Ordinance or by the Chief Constable.

(2) A registered firearms dealer shall allow the Chief

Constable at all reasonable times to inspect all stock in hand and the register required to be kept as aforesaid.

(3) Any person who fails to comply with any provisions of this section or knowingly makes any false entry in the said register shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

10. When a registered firearms dealer is convicted of an offence against this Ordinance or an offence against the Customs Ordinance relating to the import or export of firearms the Court may order that his name be removed from the register and that any stock in hand in the business shall be disposed of by sale or otherwise in accordance with such directions as may be contained in the order.

Offence by registered
firearms dealer.

Provided that any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal to the Supreme Court and the Court may suspend the order pending the appeal.

PART II.

LICENCES.

11. Any person who shall carry a gun otherwise than in a dwelling house or outbuilding yard and enclosed ground adjoining the house without having in force a licence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Gun licences.

12. (1) A licence shall be granted by the Chief Constable

Grant of licence etc..

Provided that a licence shall not be granted to a person whom the Chief Constable has reason to believe to be a person of intemperate habits or unsound mind or to be for any reason unfitted to be entrusted with a gun.

(2) A licence shall remain in force for one year expiring on the 31st day of December in each year and a fee of five shillings shall be paid in respect of each year or part of a year during which a licence is held.

(3) The Chief Constable may for any good and sufficient reason revoke any licence if he considers that the grant of it would constitute a danger to public peace or safety.

(4) Any person aggrieved by a refusal of the Chief Constable to grant him a licence or by the revocation of a licence may appeal to the Magistrate.

(5) On conviction for an offence involving the use of a gun under the Wild Animals and Birds Protection Ordinance 1913 or any amendment thereof the Court may revoke the licence.

13. The following persons shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 11 of this Ordinance.

Exemptions.

(1) a registered firearms dealer or his servant in the ordinary course of that business.

(2) a member of His Majesty's forces or a member of the police force in respect of any gun entrusted to such member in the course of his official duties.

(3) a member of the Falkland Islands Defence Force in respect of any gun certified by the Commanding Officer thereof as being used by such member for the sole purpose of target shooting.

14. Any constable or customs officer may require any person using or carrying a gun to produce a licence or to show that he is exempt under Section 13 of this Ordinance and if a person not so

Production of licence.

exempt shall not produce a licence or permit the constable or officer to read such licence or fail on demand to declare immediately his true name and address he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of £10.

PART III.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AS TO FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Prohibited firearms
and ammunition.

15. Any person who shall manufacture, sell, transfer, procure, or otherwise have in his possession any prohibited firearm or ammunition without the written permission of the Governor the Admiralty the Army Council or the Air Council or who shall fail to comply with any condition imposed in respect thereof shall be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or on summary conviction to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 or both such imprisonment and fine.

Restriction on sale or
purchase of firearms
by young persons.

16. (1) No person under the age of 17 years shall purchase or hire any firearm and no person shall sell or let on hire any firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 17 years.

(2) No person under the age of 14 years shall accept as a gift or borrow or have in his possession any firearm and no person shall give or lend or part with the possession of any such firearm to any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be under the age of 14 years.

(3) Any person contravening any provision of this section shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Prohibition on sale
etc. to drunk or
insane persons.

17. Any person who sells or transfers any firearm or ammunition to, or repairs proves or tests any firearm or ammunition for, any person whom he knows or has reasonable ground for believing to be drunk or of unsound mind shall for each offence be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 or for a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalty for possessing
firearms with intent
to injure.

18. Any person who has in his possession any firearms or ammunition with intent by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property or to enable any other person by means thereof to endanger life or cause serious injury to property shall whether or not any injury to person or property has been caused be guilty of felony and on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Penalty for use and
possession of firearms
or imitation firearms
in certain cases.

19. Any person who makes or attempts to make any use whatever of a firearm or imitation firearm with intent to resist or prevent the lawful apprehension or detention of himself or any other person shall on conviction on indictment be liable to penal servitude for a term not exceeding 14 years.

Provisions as to
shortening guns and
converting imitation
firearms into firearms.

20. Any person other than a registered firearms dealer who shall shorten the barrel of a smooth bore gun to a length of less than 20 inches or shall convert into a firearm any thing which though having the appearance of being a firearm is so constructed as to be incapable of discharging any missile through the barrel thereof shall for each offence be liable on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment or on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50 or both such fine and imprisonment.

Discharging firearms.

21. Any person who discharges any gun in a public place other than a shot gun or air gun on Stanley Common, shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART IV.

GENERAL.

22. (1) When a person is convicted of any offence against Part I of this Ordinance the Court may make such order as to the forfeiture and disposal of the firearm or ammunition as it may think fit and may cancel the certificate held by the person convicted.

Forfeiture of firearms and cancellation of certificate.

(2) Whenever the Court shall cancel a certificate under this section the Chief Constable shall by notice in writing require the holder to surrender it and should the holder fail to do so within 21 days from the date of such notice he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

23. (1) A Justice of the Peace may if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that an offence against this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed grant a search warrant authorising any constable named therein

Search for and disposal of firearms or ammunition.

(a) to enter at any time any premises or place named in the warrant, if necessary by force, and to search the premises or place and every person found therein; and

(b) to seize and detain any firearms or ammunition which he may find on the premises or place or on any such person in respect of which he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, is being or is about to be committed; and

(c) if the premises are those of a registered firearms dealer to examine any books relating to the business.

(2) The constable may arrest without warrant any person found on the premises whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of an offence under this Ordinance.

(3) The court may order any firearm or ammunition seized and detained by a constable under this Ordinance to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of.

24. Summary proceedings for an offence under this Ordinance shall not be instituted more than six months after commission of the offence.

Summary proceedings.

25. (1) The Governor may by proclamation prohibit

(a) the exportation of firearms or ammunition to any country or place therein

(b) coastwise traffic in firearms and ammunition.

Power of Governor as to Proclamations and Regulations.

(2) Any person who contravenes the terms of any Proclamation shall be liable on summary conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £20 for each firearm or parcel of ammunition in respect of which the offence is committed or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The Governor in Council may make Regulations for the effective administration of this Ordinance.

26. This Ordinance shall come into force on the date of publication and shall apply to the Dependencies of the Colony.

Application.

27. The Firearms Ordinance 1930 and Section 49 (e) of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance 1902 are hereby repealed.

Repeals.
No. 5 of 1930,
No. 5 of 1902,
(Section 49 (e))

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 11



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To legalise certain payments made in the year One thousand Nine hundred and Forty-seven in excess of the Expenditure sanctioned by Ordinance No. 6 of 1946.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the service of the Colony for the year 1947.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Supplementary Appropriation (1947) Ordinance, 1948.

Appropriation of excess expenditure for the year 1947.

2. The sums of money set forth in the Schedule hereto having been expended for the services therein mentioned beyond the amounts granted for those services by the Ordinance providing for the service of the year One Thousand nine hundred and forty-seven, the same are hereby declared to have been duly laid out and expended for the service of the Colony in that year, and are hereby approved, allowed and granted in addition to the sums mentioned for those services in the said Ordinance.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
I.	Pensions	251	0	5
IV.	Treasury & Customs	6607	2	9
VII.	Electrical & Telegraphs	460	5	5
X.	Police & Prisons	10	11	7
XI.	Medical	739	6	9
XIV.	Naturalist	49	11	7
XVII.	Miscellaneous	2062	8	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	8975	14	11
XX.	Public Works Extraordinary	4466	6	0
XXII.	Land Sales	113	18	7
	£	23736	6	0
	DEPENDENCIES.			
I.	Dependencies	£ 33778	17	1

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 12



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance
To provide for the service of the year
1949.

Enacting Clause.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short Title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited for all purposes as the Appropriation (1949) Ordinance, 1948.

Appropriation of
£255,265 for service
of year 1948.

2. The Governor may cause to be issued out of the Public Revenue and other funds of the Colony and applied to the service of the year ending the 31st December, 1949, a sum not exceeding Two hundred and fifty-five thousand, Two hundred and sixty-five pounds, which sum is granted and shall be appropriated for the purposes and to defray the charges of the several services expressed and particularly mentioned in the Schedule hereto which will come in course of payment during the year 1949.

SCHEDULE.

Schedule.

Number.	Head of Service.	Amount.		
		£	s.	d.
	FALKLAND ISLANDS.			
I.	The Governor	3580	0	0
II.	Agriculture	4340	0	0
III.	Audit	1042	0	0
IV.	Communications	6304	0	0
V.	Customs	842	0	0
VI.	Ecclesiastical	—	—	—
VII.	Education	11402	0	0
VIII.	Electric Light, Telegraphs and Telephones	11583	0	0
IX.	Land Sales	211	0	0
X.	Medical	10682	0	0
XI.	Meteorological	651	0	0
XII.	Military	568	0	0
XIII.	Miscellaneous	13735	0	0
XIV.	Naturalist	600	0	0
XV.	Pensions	5000	0	0
XVI.	Police and Prisons	2065	0	0
XVII.	Post Office	8502	0	0
XVIII.	Public Works Department	3874	0	0
XIX.	Public Works Recurrent	9620	0	0
XX.	Secretariat & Treasury	8043	0	0
XXI.	Supreme Court	309	0	0
	Total Expenditure chargeable to Revenue	£102953	0	0
XXII.	Colonial Development & Welfare	23795	0	0
XXIII.	Extraordinary Expenditure	24950	0	0
	Total Expenditure	£151698	0	0
	DEPENDENCIES.			
	South Georgia	23414	0	0
	Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey	77058	0	0
	Discovery Committee	3095	0	0
	Total	£255265	0	0

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 13



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

**An Ordinance
To amend the Workmen's Compensation
Ordinance, 1937.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows—

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Workmen's Compensation (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948.

Amendment to Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937.
Section 4.

2. The Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 shall be amended by the substitution of the words "forty-eight" for the words "forty-two" in lines 1 and 2 of Section 4. (1) (b) (i) thereof

Commencement.

3. This Ordinance shall be read and construed as one with the Workmen's Compensation Ordinance 1937 and shall come into force on the day of publication.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of
October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 14



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To regulate and control prospecting and
mining for radio-active minerals and the
export thereof and for purposes connected
therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof, as follows :—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Radio-active Minerals Short title
Ordinance, 1948.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires —

“Colony” means the Colony of the Falkland Islands and
its territorial waters and includes the Dependencies of
the Falkland Islands and their territorial waters;

“licence” means a licence issued under the provisions of
Section 3 of this Ordinance;

“mine”, with its grammatical variations and cognate
expressions, includes all operations for the intentional
winning or obtaining of any radio-active mineral;

“permit”, means a permit issued under the provisions of
Section 6 of this Ordinance;

“prospect”, with its grammatical variations and cognate
expressions, means to search for any radio-active
mineral and includes such working as is reasonably
necessary to enable the prospector to test the radio-
active mineral-bearing qualities of the area concerned.

“radio-active mineral” means any substance specified in
the Schedule to this Ordinance.

Prospecting and mining restricted.

3. Notwithstanding anything in the Mining Ordinance, 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance, 1919, or any other enactment, no person shall within the Colony prospect for or mine, or attempt to prospect or mine, any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a licence granted by the Governor.

Holder of licence to report his operations.

4. Every holder of a licence shall within the first week of every month furnish the Colonial Secretary with a true report in writing of the prospecting and mining operations conducted by him in the immediately preceding month with respect to radio-active minerals.

5. The holder of any prospecting licence or mining lease under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of such mining lease shall immediately notify the Colonial Secretary of the discovery of any radio-active minerals and shall not remove them from the mining land without the consent of the Governor.

Export restricted.

6. Notwithstanding anything in the Customs Ordinance or any other enactment, no person shall export, or attempt to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral except under and in accordance with a permit granted by the Governor in that behalf.

Grant of licence or permit discretionary.

7. The grant of a licence or a permit shall be in the absolute discretion of the Governor who shall be under no obligation to assign any reason for refusing the grant thereof.

Form of licence and permit.

8. Every licence and permit shall be in such form and for such period and be subject to the payment of such a fee as the Governor may determine, and shall contain such terms and conditions as he may think fit to impose.

Compulsory vesting in Governor of right to work minerals.

9. (1) Where it appears to the Governor that any radio-active minerals are present in or on any land, he may by order provide for compulsory vesting in him the exclusive right, so long as the order remains in force, to work those minerals and any other minerals which it appears to him to be necessary to work with these minerals, and may also provide, by that order or a subsequent order, for compulsorily vesting in him any other ancillary rights which appear to him to be necessary for the purpose of working the minerals aforesaid including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions) –

- (a) rights to withdraw support;
- (b) rights necessary for the purpose of access to or conveyance of the minerals aforesaid or the ventilation or drainage of the workings;
- (c) rights to use and occupy the surface of any land for the purpose of erecting any necessary buildings and installing any necessary plant in connection with the working of the minerals aforesaid;
- (d) rights to use and occupy for the purposes of working the minerals aforesaid any land forming part of or used in connection with an existing mine or quarry, and to use or acquire any plant used in connection with any such mine or quarry; and
- (e) rights to obtain a supply of water for purposes connected with the working of the minerals aforesaid, or to dispose of water or other liquid matter obtained in consequence of working such minerals.

(2) Any order made under this section shall provide for the payment of compensation in such cases and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the order or determined thereunder, in respect of loss suffered as the result of the acquisition or exercise

of rights under the order, but no account shall be taken, in calculating the compensation payable as aforesaid, of the value of any minerals present in or on land affected by the order, being minerals specified in the order as those from which, in the opinion of the Governor, any radio-active minerals can be obtained.

(3) Any order made under this section shall be published in the Gazette and shall be served –

- (i) where the land affected is the subject of a mining lease, or an exclusive prospecting licence, granted under the Mining Ordinance, 1918, on the lessee, or the holder of such licence; or
- (ii) in all other cases, upon the owner, lessee or occupier of any land affected by the order.

(4) No order made under this section shall have effect until it has been laid before the Executive Council and has been brought into operation in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(5) No order made under this section shall be laid before the Executive Council until the requirements of sub-section (3) have been complied with and until the period of at least one month has elapsed from the date upon which it is published in the Gazette.

(6) An order made under this section and confirmed by the Executive Council shall have full force and effect with or without amendment, as the case may be, as from the date of publication in the Gazette of the resolution of the Executive Council confirming the same.

(7) If any petition against the order is received by the Governor, he shall refer such petition to a Select Committee of the Executive Council for a report thereon and no resolution shall be taken on the order by the Executive Council until the report of the Select Committee has been laid on the table.

(8) If any petition raises separate and conflicting claims in respect of any interest or title in the lands affected, the Executive Council may, by the resolution in respect of the order, direct that such claims be determined by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

10. (1) The Governor may compulsorily acquire –

Acquisition of
minerals and plant.

- (a) any minerals, being minerals from which in the opinion of the Governor any radio-active minerals can be obtained, other than minerals in a natural state or contained in a deposit of waste material obtained from any underground or surface working;
- (b) any plant designed or adapted for the production or use of atomic energy or research into matters connected therewith,

and in the case of any plant which is affixed to land, the Governor may sever it from the land, and shall in that case make good any damage caused by the severance.

(2) If the Governor and the person affected by the acquisition of any article under this section are unable to agree as to the compensation to be paid in respect of such acquisition or if any doubt arises as to the ownership of any such article, the matter shall be settled by arbitration as provided in the Public Lands Ordinance 1902 or any amendment thereof.

11. (1) Every person who –

Offences.

- (a) prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony without a licence; or

- (b) being the holder of a licence, prospects for or mines, or attempts to prospect for or mine, any radio-active mineral within the Colony otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his licence; or
- (c) being the holder of a licence, fails to comply with the requirements of section 4 of this Ordinance; or
- (d) exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral without a permit; or
- (e) being the holder of a permit, exports, or attempts to export, from the Colony any radio-active mineral otherwise than in accordance with any term or condition of his permit; or
- (f) obtains, or attempts to obtain, a licence or permit by means of any false statement or representation; or
- (g) being the holder of a prospecting licence or mining lease granted under the Mining Ordinance 1918 or the lessee of a mining lease granted under the said Ordinance, fails to comply with the provisions of Section 5 of this Ordinance;

shall, upon summary conviction, be liable to imprisonment for twelve months or to a fine of five hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(2) The Court before which any person is convicted of an offence under subsection (1) of this section shall order the forfeiture to His Majesty of any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus derived from, or employed in the commission of, any act in respect of which such person was convicted.

Powers of examination, arrest &c.

12. (1) Any police officer not below the rank of sergeant, and any other officer or class of officers authorised in writing by the Governor in that behalf, may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Ordinance, without warrant or other legal process –

- (a) enter and search any place where he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that an offence under this Ordinance has been, or is about to be, committed;
- (b) search any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance;
- (c) arrest any person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting to have committed, or to be about to commit, an offence under this Ordinance.
- (d) seize any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus connected therewith which he has reasonable grounds to suspect to be, or to be about to be, derived from, or employed in, the commission of any offence under this Ordinance.

(2) Where any person is arrested, or any radio-active mineral or prospecting or mining apparatus is seized, under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, such person, mineral and apparatus shall, as soon as practicable, be brought before the nearest Magistrate.

(3) Every person who obstructs, or attempts to obstruct, whether actively or passively, any officer in the execution, or purported execution, of his duties under this section, shall be liable upon summary conviction, to imprisonment for six months or to a fine of one hundred pounds or to both such imprisonment and fine.

Power of Governor to vary Schedule.

13. The Governor may from time to time by Order alter, vary or in any manner amend the Schedule to this Ordinance.

14. Nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to absolve any person from compliance with the provisions and requirements of the Mining Ordinance 1918 as amended by the Mining (Amendment) Ordinance 1919 and the Customs Ordinances or any regulations made thereunder. Saving.

15. The Governor in Council may make such regulations under this Ordinance as he may deem to be necessary or expedient. Regulations.

SCHEDULE.

- (1) Minerals of the pitchblende group, including pitchblende, uraninite, ulrichite, broggerite, cleveite, and related mineral species.
 - (2) Tobernite and autunite.
 - (3) Secondary uranium minerals other than tobernite and autunite, including rutherfordine, uranite uranophane, gummite, thorogummite, uranocircite, kasolite, becquerelite, and other silicates, hydrates, carbonates, phosphates or arsenates of uranium.
 - (4) Carnotite and tyuyamunite.
 - (5) Uranium-bearing niobate-titanate-tantalate ores, including euxenite, polycrase, blomstrandine, priorite, samarskite, fergusonite, betafite, plumboniobite, and related mineral species containing over one per cent uranium oxide.
 - (6) Monazite, thorite, thorianite and radio-active zircon.
-

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 21st day of October, 1948.

MILES CLIFFORD,
Governor.

[L.S.]

No. 15



1948.

Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

IN THE TWELFTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF
HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE VI.

G. M. CLIFFORD, C.M.G., O.B.E., E.D.,
Governor.

An Ordinance

To make provision as to the immunities privileges and capacities of the United Nations, to confer immunities and privileges on the staff of the United Nations and representatives of member governments and in respect of the premises and documents of the United Nations and as to the extent to which representatives of foreign Powers and staffs of such representatives are entitled to diplomatic immunities.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the United Nations Privileges Ordinance 1948.

Definitions.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits :

“United Nations” means the governing body or any Committee of the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations.

3. The Governor in Council may order :

- (a) that the United Nations shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, have the immunities and privileges set out in Part I of the First Schedule to this Ordinance and shall also have the legal capacities of a body corporate
- (b) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part II of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on such officers of the United Nations, being the holders of such high office in the United Nations as may be specified in the Order and upon such persons employed on missions on behalf of the United Nations as may be so specified, and upon any person who is a representative of a member government or the General Assembly or any council or other organ of the United Nations
- (c) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part III of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred upon such other classes of officers and servants as may be specified
- (d) that the immunities and privileges set out in Part IV of the First Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred to the staffs of representatives of member governments and to the families of officers of the United Nations
- (e) that the immunities, privileges and facilities set out in the Second Schedule to this Ordinance shall, to such extent as may be specified in the Order, be conferred on the judges and registrars of the International Court of Justice and on suitors to that Court and their agents, counsel and advocates.

4. The Governor in Council may decline to accord immunities or privileges to, or withdraw immunities or privileges from, nationals or representatives of any Power on the ground that that Power is failing to accord corresponding immunities or privileges to British nationals or representatives.

5. This Ordinance shall apply to the Dependencies.

FIRST SCHEDULE

PART I.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process.
2. The like inviolability of official archives and premises occupied as offices as is accorded in respect of the official archives and premises of the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
3. The like exemption or relief from rates and taxes, other than taxes on the importation of goods, as is accorded to a foreign Sovereign Power in the United Kingdom.
4. Exemptions from taxes on the importation of goods directly imported by the United Nations for its official use in the Colony or for exportation, or on the importation of any publications of the United Nations directly imported by it, such exemption to be subject to compliance with such conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.
5. Exemption from prohibitions and restrictions on importation or exportation in the case of goods directly imported or exported by the United Nations for its official use and in the case of any publications of the United Nations directly imported or exported by it.
6. The right to avail itself, for telegraphic communications sent by it and containing only matter intended for publication by the press or for broadcasting, of any reduced rates applicable for the corresponding service in the case of press telegrams.

PART II.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF HIGH OFFICERS, PERSONS OR MISSIONS AND GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVES.

1. The like immunity from suit and legal process as is accorded to the envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.
2. The like inviolability of residence as is accorded to such an envoy.
3. The like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded such an envoy.

PART III.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF OTHER OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

1. Immunity from suit and legal process in respect of things done or omitted to be done in the course of performance of duties.
2. Exemption from income tax in respect of emoluments received as an officer or servant of the United Nations.

PART IV.

IMMUNITIES AND PRIVILEGES OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF AND OF HIGH OFFICERS FAMILY.

Where any person is entitled to such immunities and privileges as are mentioned in Part II of this Schedule

- (a) as the representative of a member Government, his official staff accompanying him as such representative shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the retinue of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty is entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy

- (b) as an officer of the United Nations, that person's wife or husband and children under the age of twenty one shall also be entitled to those immunities and privileges to the same extent as the wife or husband and children of an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty are entitled to the immunities and privileges accorded to the envoy.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the Court, the Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice (including any officer of the Court acting as Registrar) shall when engaged on the business of the Court and during any journey to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such business, enjoy the like immunity from suit and legal process, the like inviolability of residence and also unless they are British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom the like exemption or relief from taxes as is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty.

2. The Judges and Registrar of the International Court of Justice shall enjoy exemption from income tax in respect of all emoluments received by them as Judges or Registrar.

3. Except in so far as in any particular case any privilege or immunity is waived by the government whom they represent before the Court, the agents, counsel and advocates of parties before the Court shall enjoy :-

- (a) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such missions, immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage and inviolability for all papers and documents
- (b) Immunity from legal process of every kind in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in this capacity
- (c) When engaged on their missions before the Court and during their journeys to and from the place where the Court is sitting in connexion with such mission, the like exemption or relief from taxes is accorded to an envoy of a foreign Sovereign Power accredited to His Majesty, save that the relief allowed shall not include relief from customs or excise duties or purchase tax except in respect of goods imported as part of their personal baggage. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to British subjects whose usual place of abode is in the United Kingdom.

OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Ordinance is to confer diplomatic immunities and privileges on the staff and representatives of member governments of the United Nations in accordance with a resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations and an enactment of Parliament.

M.P. 85/46.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

L. W. ALDRIDGE,
Clerk of the Legislative Council.





The Falkland Islands Gazette

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DECEMBER 1, 1948.

No. 13.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Butler, Major K. S. P.		Secretary to F.I.D.S.	1.6.48.	—
		Personal A.D.C. to Governor	12.11.48.	—
Spencer, V. H.	Public Works	Pilot (Aviation)	19.11.48.	—

CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT.

<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
Peck, D.	Post Office.	Office Boy & Messenger	9.9.48.

SECONDMENT.

		<i>Date</i>
Dixon, E. V.	Clerk, Grade II., P.W.D. to Master, in.v. "Philomel", Harbour Dept.	1.10.48.

TRANSFER.

Whitney, J. R.	Clerk, Grade V., Agricultural Dept. to Clerk, Grade V., Audit Dept.	1.12.48.
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TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS.

	<i>Department</i>	<i>Office</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Reason</i>
Biggs, Miss M.	Agricultural	Temporary Clerk	14.11.48.	Resigned.
Binnie, W. N.	"	Dairyman	1.12.48.	Closing of Govt. Dairy.
Goodwin, T. J.	"	"	1.12.48.	" " " "

NOTICES.

The following Notices etc., are published by command of His Excellency the Governor.

A. B. MATHEWS,

Colonial Secretary.

No. 64.

8th November, 1948.

Intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the effect that His Majesty will not be advised to exercise his power of disallowance in respect of the following Ordinance of the Legislature of the Falkland Islands :-

Ordinance No. 3 of 1948, entitled "An Ordinance to amend the Licensing Ordinance, 1944."

M.P. 164/43.

No. 65.

17th November, 1948.

The following telegram was sent by His Excellency the Governor to the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the occasion of the birth of the Heir Presumptive to the Throne :-

"With my humble duty I beg to offer on behalf of the people of the Falkland Islands and their Dependencies our heartfelt congratulations to Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh on the birth of their son which has been the occasion of public rejoicing in this territory."

M.P. 0903.

No. 66.

22nd November, 1948.

With reference to Gazette Notice No. 65 of the 17th of November, 1948, the following reply has been received by His Excellency the Governor from the Secretary of State for the Colonies :

"Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh desire me to convey to you and the people of the Falkland Islands an expression of their deep appreciation of the message of congratulations contained in your telegram No. 461."

M.P. 0903.

No. 66A.

1st December, 1948.

It is with deep regret that His Excellency the Governor announces the death of the following members of the Falkland Islands Dependencies Survey :—

Oliver Burs (Meteorologist) on 8th November.

Michael Green (Geologist) on 8th November.

Eric Platt (Geologist) on 10th November.

M.Ps. 0863 & 0866.

REGISTRAR.

Marriage Ordinance No. 8 of 1902, para. 2.

Mr. T. Beaty, J.P., Port Stephens, is hereby appointed to be a Registrar for the purpose of celebrating the marriage of Donald Harvey and Beatrice Louisa Katherine Butler at Port Stephens.

J. E. HAMILTON.

Registrar General.

PROBATE.

In the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands.

Caroline Rosalie McDaid, of Stanley, Falkland Islands, deceased.

Whereas Arthur Pearson, Executor of the above named deceased, has applied for Letters of Administration to administer the Estate of the deceased.

These are therefore to warn the next-of-kin and the creditors that the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted provided no caveat be entered in the Supreme Court within twenty-one days of the date hereof.

J. E. HAMILTON.

Registrar, Supreme Court.

26th November, 1948.

L. 35/48.

A Bill for An Ordinance

To amend the Defence Force Ordinance, 1920.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

Short title.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Defence Force (Amendment) Ordinance 1948 and shall be read and construed as one with the Defence Force Ordinance 1920.

Repeals Sections 12
and 13.

2. Sections 12 and 13 of the Defence Force Ordinance 1920 are hereby repealed and the following is substituted for Section 13 thereof :

"13 (1) Any member who has been returned with efficiency for at least twelve years and has attained the age of forty one years

(a) may at any time thereafter apply in writing to the Commanding Officer to be posted to the Retired List

(b) may at any time thereafter for any reason for which the Commanding Officer may deem fit, subject to the approval of the Governor, be posted to the Retired List and his name shall thereupon be removed from the Active List.

- (2) Any member who
- (a) has been returned with efficiency for at least five years and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force by reason of physical disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, or
 - (b) while on service with the Force, suffers a disability, not being the result of his own misconduct, and has been certified by a medical officer to be debarred from further service with the Force shall be posted to the Retired List and his name removed from the Active List."
- (3) Every member on the Retired List may wear uniform and the badges of the substantive rank held by him at the time he was posted to the Retired List, with the approval of the Commanding Officer, at any military function or on any occasion when uniform is permitted to be worn. He shall wear the letters "R.L." below the badge of the Force worn on the shoulder straps.

A Bill for

An Ordinance

To provide for the Nomination and Election of Members to the Legislative Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Legislative Council (Elections) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.
2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.
 - "Member" means a member of the Legislative Council.
 - "Register" means a register of electors compiled in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
 - "Council" means the Legislative Council.
 - "Order-in-Council" means The Falkland Islands (Legislative Council) Order-in-Council, 1948.
 - "Qualifying period" means
 - (a) in respect of the first register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of December 1948, and
 - (b) in respect of any subsequent register, twelve months ending on the 31st day of October in any year or twelve months ending on the last day of the month preceding dissolution of the Council.
 - "Elector" means any person whose name is on the register.

"Corrupt practice" means treating, bribery, undue influence and personation committed by or with the consent of a candidate or by a person acting under the authority of a candidate.

"Election officer" includes every returning officer, presiding officer, clerk or other person having any duty to perform pursuant to this Ordinance.

"Electoral area" means an electoral area as constituted by the Order-in-Council.

Representation of
Electorates.

3. Four members shall be elected to the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance to represent the following electoral areas :

(1) Two members shall be elected for the area of Stanley as defined in the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

(2) One member for the remaining part of that area known as the East Falklands.

(3) One member for that area known as the West Falklands.

Governor to nominate
on failure to elect.

4. In the event of no member or an insufficient number of members being elected for an electoral area the Governor shall nominate an elector in the area in which no member or an insufficient number of members has been elected to be a member.

PART II.

REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

Claims for registration
as electors.

5. (1) The Colonial Secretary shall forthwith on the promulgation of this Ordinance and on the 1st day of November in each fourth year thereafter or when the Governor in Council shall so decide publish a notice in the Gazette and by such other means as the Governor shall decide requiring all persons who are desirous of having their names entered on the register for the electoral area in which they reside to forward their claims within 28 days from the date of publication of the notice to the registration officer appointed for such electoral area.

(2) A claim under sub-section (1) of this section shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto and shall not be admitted unless it is signed by the claimant.

Qualification of
electors.

6. Any person who

(a) is a British subject who has attained the age of 21 years, and

(b) is not subject to any legal incapacity, and

(c) has resided in the electoral area during the qualifying period

shall be qualified to be registered as an elector.

Provided that temporary absence from an electoral area for a period not exceeding four months shall not disqualify a person from being registered.

Provided also that no person shall be entitled to be registered in more than one electoral area at the same time.

Appointment of
Registration Officers.

7. The Governor shall appoint one or more registration officers and a returning officer for each electoral area.

Preparation of
registers.

8. (1) The registration officer shall upon the expiration of the period of 28 days provided for in Section 5 (1) prepare a register for the electoral area in respect of which he is appointed.

(2) The names of all voters on the register shall be classified alphabetically in accordance with the initial letter of the surname of each voter and a serial number shall be allotted to each name.

9. The registration officer shall immediately on completion forward the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause it to be published in the Gazette, together with a notice as to the place and times when the register may be inspected.

Inspection of register.

10. (1) Any person who is qualified to be registered as an elector and whose name is omitted from the register for his electoral district may apply in writing in the Form A in the Schedule to the registration officer thereof within 14 days from the date of publication of the register in the Gazette to have his name so inserted.

Claims on omission from the register.
Form A.

(2) The registration officer shall upon receipt of such application forthwith enquire into such application and if necessary hear the applicant within seven days of the receipt of the application and decide thereon.

(3) The registration officer shall forthwith forward a list of names together with serial numbers to be inserted in the register to the Colonial Secretary who shall cause them to be published in the Gazette.

11. (1) An applicant who resides within 20 miles of Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to the Magistrate, Stanley, in writing stating the grounds thereof.

Appeal from decision of registration officer.

(2) An applicant who resides more than 20 miles from Stanley and who is dissatisfied with the decision of a registration officer may within seven days from the date thereof appeal to not less than two Justices (of whom the registration officer shall not be one) sitting in a court of summary jurisdiction stating the grounds thereof.

(3) The Magistrate or Justices shall hear the applicant and determine the appeal within ten days from the date of receipt thereof.

(4) On determination of all appeals the Magistrate or Justices shall forthwith forward to the Colonial Secretary and to the registration officer concerned a statement of the names and serial numbers he has or they have decided shall be inserted in the register and the Colonial Secretary shall cause such statement to be published in the Gazette.

12. The register for the time being in force as published in the Gazette shall be conclusive evidence as to the eligibility or otherwise of a person to vote in an electoral area for the election of a member.

Register conclusive.

PART III.

ELECTIONS.

13. (1) The Governor shall for the purpose of every general election of members and of the election of members to fill vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise, issue writs of election under the Public Seal directed to the returning officers of the respective electoral areas for which members are to be returned.

Writs of election.

(2) A writ of election shall specify

- (a) the day and place at which the returning officer is to receive the nomination of any duly qualified candidate
- (b) the day or days and the place or places at which a poll shall be taken
- (c) the day on which the writ shall be returnable to the Governor.

(3) The returning officer shall upon receipt of a writ of election proceed to hold the election thereby directed and in manner hereinafter provided.

Notice of election.

14. The Colonial Secretary shall, on the Governor issuing a writ of election cause a copy thereof to be published in the Gazette next following the date thereof and notices thereof to be published in such manner as he shall deem expedient.

Disqualification for candidates.

15. (1) Any person who is registered as an elector in the electoral area for which he is nominated as a candidate except as hereinafter provided shall be qualified to be elected as a member.

(2) No person shall be qualified to be elected as a member who at the time of election :

- (a) is by virtue of his own act under any acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience or adherence to a foreign Power or State; or
- (b) is an undischarged bankrupt under any law in force in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction; or
- (c) has in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection or in any territory in which His Majesty has from time to time jurisdiction been sentenced to death or to imprisonment for a term exceeding six months and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or receive a free pardon; or
- (d) has been declared to be of unsound mind under any law in force in the Colony; or
- (e) is a party or a partner in a firm or a director or manager of a company which is a party to any subsisting contract with the Government of the Colony for or on account of the public service and has not published within one month before the day of election in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating in the electoral district for which he is a candidate a notice setting out the nature of such contract and of his interest or of the interest of such firm or company therein; or
- (f) holds any office of emolument under the Crown in the Colony; or
- (g) is not qualified to be registered as an elector under the provisions of this Ordinance, or being so qualified, is not so registered; or
- (h) is disqualified for election under this Ordinance by reason of his holding or acting in any office the functions of which involve any responsibility for the compilation of the electoral register, or for, or in connection with the conduct of the election; or
- (j) has not ordinarily resided in the Colony for a period of not less than 12 months; or
- (k) is disqualified under this Ordinance for offences connected with the election of members or for election under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

Nomination of candidates.
Form B.

16. (1) A candidate shall be nominated in writing in the Form B in the Schedule by a proposer and seconder who shall be electors in the electoral area for which the candidate seeks election and whose signatures shall be witnessed by a Justice of the Peace.

(2) The nomination paper shall also be signed by seven other electors in the electoral area in which the candidate seeks election whose signatures shall be witnessed.

(3) Every nomination paper accompanied by a deposit of Twenty-five Pounds shall be delivered to the returning officer by the candidate or his proposer or seconder between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 noon on the day and at the place appointed for the nomination of the candidates.

(4) Nomination papers which are not subscribed to and attested as required by sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section or in respect of which a deposit has not been made as required under sub-section (3) of this section or are delivered after the hour of 12 noon shall be rejected and the nomination deemed void.

(5) No person other than the candidate and his proposer, seconder and one other person selected by the candidate shall except for the purpose of assisting the returning officer be permitted to attend the proceedings during the time appointed for nomination.

(6) The returning officer shall permit the candidates, their proposers, seconders and the persons selected by the candidates as aforesaid to examine the nomination papers of candidates which have been received for the electoral area concerned.

(7) Any objection to a nomination paper shall be made within one hour of the same being delivered to the returning officer whose decision thereon if disallowing the objection shall be final and if allowing the objection shall be subject to reversal on a petition questioning the election or return.

17. A candidate may before 12 noon on the nomination day, but not afterwards, withdraw from his candidature by giving notice to that effect, signed by him, to the returning officer.

Withdrawal of candidate.

18. Where no more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated as hereinbefore provided the returning officer shall declare such candidate or candidates to be elected and shall forthwith endorse such election on the writ of election and return the writ to the Governor who shall cause a notification of such election to be published in the Gazette.

Where candidates unopposed.

19. (1) When more candidates than the members required for election under section 3 hereof are nominated the returning officer shall declare the date of the poll in accordance with the writ of election and shall forthwith report to the Governor the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers.

Where candidates are opposed.

(2) The Colonial Secretary shall cause a notice to be published in the Gazette and in such other manner as he may deem expedient specifying

- (a) the electoral area for which a poll will be taken
- (b) the day or days and the place or places on and at which a poll shall be taken
- (c) the names of the candidates as described in their respective nomination papers and the names of their proposers, seconders and supporters.

20. If a duly nominated candidate dies before the poll has commenced the returning officer shall upon being satisfied as to the death countermand notice of the poll and report the same to the Governor who shall thereupon issue a fresh writ of election.

Death of candidate before poll is taken.

Provided that no further nomination shall be required in respect of a candidate who had been duly nominated at the time of the countermand of the poll.

Officers at polling station.

21. (1) The Governor shall appoint a presiding officer to preside at each polling station and may appoint a deputy presiding officer or clerk to preside in the unavoidable absence of, or to assist, the presiding officer.

(2) The presiding officer shall keep order at his station, shall regulate the number of electors to be admitted and shall exclude all other persons except the candidate, the agents of candidates and police officers on duty.

Hours of poll.

22. The poll shall open at 9 a.m. and shall close at 5 p.m. on the same day unless the Governor by notice in the Gazette appoints any other hour.

Ballot boxes.

23. (1) Every ballot box shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be inserted therein but cannot be withdrawn therefrom unless the box be unlocked.

(2) The presiding officer shall immediately before commencement of the poll, show the empty unlocked ballot box to such persons as may be present at the polling station so that they may see that it is empty and shall then lock the box and place his seal upon it in such manner as to prevent it being opened without breaking the seal and shall keep it locked and sealed. He shall place it for the receipt of ballot papers so that it is always in his view.

Ballot papers.
Form C.

24. (1) Ballot papers shall be in the Form C in the Schedule hereto, shall be capable of being folded and shall

(a) contain a list of candidates as described in their respective nomination papers with a square adjacent to each name in which the elector can record his vote

(b) have a number printed on the back thereof and a corresponding number printed on the counterfoil attached to the ballot paper.

Deliverance of ballot paper to elector.

25. (1) Immediately before a ballot paper is delivered to an elector it shall be marked on both sides with an official mark.

(2) The serial number in the register shall be marked on the counterfoil and a mark made in the register against the name of the elector denoting that he has received a ballot paper.

Manner of voting.

26. (1) The elector shall take the ballot paper to the place specially provided for voting and there mark the paper by placing the mark X and no other mark, writing or signature opposite the name of the candidate (or in the case of an election in the electoral area of Stanley, two candidates) whom he selects.

(2) An elector shall not be entitled to give more than one vote in respect of each candidate.

(3) The elector shall fold the ballot paper so as to conceal his vote and shall place it so folded into the ballot box.

(4) He shall vote without undue delay and leave the polling station as soon as he has inserted his ballot paper into the ballot box.

Spoilt ballot papers.

27. An elector who has inadvertently dealt with his ballot paper in such manner that it cannot be used as a ballot paper may, on satisfying the presiding officer as to his inadvertence and delivering the ballot paper to him, obtain another ballot paper. The presiding officer shall cancel the ballot paper so spoilt and return it in a separate packet.

Inability to mark ballot paper.

28. If any elector is unable for any good and valid reason to mark his ballot paper the presiding officer shall

(a) mark the ballot paper as the elector directs and insert the paper in the ballot box.

- (b) write in the register opposite the name of such elector a statement that the ballot paper was marked by him at the request of the elector and the reason therefor.

29. (1) If a person representing himself to be an elector named in the register applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such elector the applicant shall after making the declaration provided in Form D in the Schedule, be entitled to mark a ballot paper (hereinafter called "a tendered ballot paper") in the same manner as any other elector.

Application for ballot paper in name of person who has already voted.
Form D.

(2) A tendered ballot paper shall be different in colour from other ballot papers and shall be delivered to the presiding officer who shall endorse it with the name and serial number of the elector and return it in a separate packet.

30. No person other than the returning officer, presiding officer or clerk shall communicate with an elector at a polling station. The presiding officer may order any other persons so communicating to leave the polling station forthwith.

No communication with elector at polling station.

31. The presiding officer shall as soon as practicable after the close of the poll deliver to the returning officer the ballot box locked and sealed, the marked copy of the register and counterfoils of ballot papers, and the unused, spoilt and tendered ballot papers, together with a list of tendered ballot papers.

Delivery of ballot boxes etc., to returning officer.

32. The returning officer shall cause the votes to be counted as soon as practicable after he has received all ballot boxes relating to his electoral area and shall give notice thereof to each candidate and his agent who shall be entitled to be present at such counting.

Counting votes.

33. (1) The returning officer shall not count any ballot paper which does not have an official mark on both sides or on which votes are given for more than the number of candidates required for election or on which anything except the number is written or marked by which the vote can be identified.

Rejection of ballot papers.

(2) The returning officer shall endorse every ballot paper which he may reject as invalid with the word "rejected".

34. The decision of the returning officer on any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final.

Decision of returning officer final.

35. The returning officer shall not open the sealed packet of tendered ballot papers but shall forward the same to the Colonial Secretary.

Tendered ballot papers.

36. (1) The returning officer shall immediately upon completion of the counting of the votes declare the candidate who has received the greatest number of votes or in the case of an election in the Stanley electoral area the two candidates who have received the greatest number of votes, to be elected.

Declaration of poll.

Provided that a candidate or his agent may apply to have one recount as of right and as many recounts as the returning officer may deem reasonable before the returning officer makes the declaration.

(2) The returning officer shall endorse the name of the successful candidate or candidates on the writ of election and forthwith return the writ to the Governor.

37. When there is an equality of votes the returning officer shall endorse the writ of election accordingly and forthwith return the writ to the Governor who will inform the Council at the first meeting thereof after the election and the council shall before proceeding with any other business elect one of such candidates to serve on the Council.

Equality of votes.

Disposal of ballot papers.

38. (1) The returning officer shall after he has declared the result of the poll seal up all ballot papers and all other documents relating to the election and forward them to the Colonial Secretary in such manner as the Governor may direct.

(2) The Colonial Secretary shall retain all papers and documents so forwarded to him for a period of six months and then unless otherwise directed by the Governor, cause them to be destroyed.

Refund or forfeiture of deposit.

39. (1) A candidate who has obtained one eighth or more of the total number of the votes polled for the electoral area for which he was a candidate for election shall be entitled, upon his obtaining a certificate to that effect from the returning officer, to a refund of the deposit made under the provisions of sub-section 3 of section 16.

(2) The deposit of a candidate who has failed to obtain one eighth of the total number of votes as aforesaid shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Presentation of election petition.

40. (1) An election petition complaining of an undue return or undue election of a member for an electoral area may be presented to the Judge in Chambers by one or more of the following persons :

- (a) some person who voted or had the right to vote at the election to which the petition relates, or
- (b) some person claiming to have had a right to be returned or elected at such election, or
- (c) some person alleging himself to have been a candidate at such election.

(2) An election petition shall

- (a) be signed by all the petitioners, and
- (b) be presented within 14 days after the date of the return made by the returning officer to the Governor of the member to the election of whom the petition relates unless it challenges the election on an allegation of corrupt or illegal practices and specifically a payment of money or some other act to have been made or done since the date of such return by the member, or on his account, or with his privity it shall be presented within 21 days of such payment or other act.

(3) At the time of presentation of an election petition, or within 3 days thereof, the petitioners shall deposit the sum of £50 with the Registrar of the Supreme Court or give security for such sum by recognisance to be entered into before the said Registrar for the payment of all costs charges and expenses that may become payable by the petitioners to anyone summoned as a witness on his behalf or to the respondent.

(4) The rules made under the Administration of Justice Ordinance shall as to practice and procedure apply to the hearing of an election petition.

PART IV.

OFFENCES.

Offences in connection with registration and elections.

41. (1) Any person who

- (a) registers himself in an electoral area when he is registered in another electoral area, or
- (b) forges or fraudulently defaces or destroys any nomination paper, or delivers a nomination paper to a returning officer knowing the same to be wholly or partly forged, or

- (c) votes, or induces or procures any person to vote knowing that he or such other person is prohibited from voting at such election, or
- (d) before or during an election knowingly publishes a false statement of the withdrawal of a candidate at such election for the purpose of promoting or procuring the election of another candidate, or
- (e) forges or counterfeits or fraudulently defaces or destroys any ballot paper or the official mark on any ballot paper, or
- (f) without due authority supplies a ballot paper to any person, or
- (g) not being authorised so to do under the provisions of this Ordinance makes any mark on any ballot paper issued to any person other than himself, or
- (h) fraudulently takes any ballot paper out of a polling station, or
- (j) without due authority destroys, takes, opens or otherwise interferes with any ballot box or packet of ballot papers then in use for the purpose of the election,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

(2) Any attempt to commit any of the offences specified in subsection (1) of this section shall be punishable in the same manner in which the offence itself is punishable.

(3) In any prosecution for an offence in relation to ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and other things in use at an election the property in such ballot boxes, nomination and ballot papers and things shall be deemed to be in the returning officer for the electoral area of such election.

42. (1) Every election officer and agent in attendance at a polling station shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting in such station, and shall not communicate, except for some purpose authorised by law, before the poll is closed, to any person any information as to the name or number on the register of electors of any elector who has or has not applied for a ballot paper or voted at that station or as to the official mark; and no person whosoever shall interfere with or attempt to interfere with an elector when marking his vote, or otherwise attempt to obtain in the polling station information as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or communicate at any time to any person any information obtained in a polling station as to the candidate for whom any elector in such station is about to vote or has voted, or as to the number on the back of the ballot paper given to any elector at such station.

Duty of secrecy.

(2) Every election officer and agent in attendance at the counting of the votes shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting, and shall not attempt to ascertain at such counting the number on the back of any ballot paper, or communicate any information obtained at such counting as to the candidate for whom any vote is given in any particular ballot paper.

(3) No person shall, directly or indirectly, induce any elector to display his ballot paper after he has marked it so as to make known to any person the name of the candidate for or against whom he has so marked his vote.

(4) Every person who acts in contravention of any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months.

43. (1) Any person who

Personation.

- (a) applies for a ballot paper in the name of any other

person whether that name be of a person living dead or fictitious, or

- (b) having voted once at any election, applies at the same election for a ballot paper in his own name shall be guilty of personation.

(2) Any person aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the offence of personation shall be punishable in the manner in which the offence itself is punishable.

Offences by election officers.

44. Every election officer who

- (a) makes in any record, return, or other document which he is required to keep or make under this Ordinance, any entry which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be false, or does not believe to be true, or
- (b) permits any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, not to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person, to vote in the manner, provided for blind persons, or, incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (c) refuses to permit any person whom he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, to be a blind person, or an incapacitated person, or an illiterate person to vote in the manner provided for blind persons, or incapacitated persons, or illiterate persons, as the case may be, or
- (d) wilfully prevents any person from voting at the polling station at which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, such person is entitled to vote, or
- (e) wilfully rejects or refuses to count any ballot paper which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is validly cast for any candidate in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, or
- (f) wilfully counts any ballot paper as being cast for any candidate, which he knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, was not validly cast for such candidate,

shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years.

Bribery and treating.

45. (1) Every person who

- (a) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf gives, lends, or agrees to give or lend, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure, any money or valuable consideration to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce any elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of such elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (b) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, gives or procures, or agrees to give or procure, or offers, promises, or promises to procure or to endeavour to procure any office, place, or employment, to or for any elector, or to or for any person on behalf of any elector, or to or for any other person, in order to induce such elector to vote or refrain from voting, or corruptly does any such act as aforesaid on account of any elector having voted or refrained from voting at any election,
- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other

person on his behalf, makes any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement as aforesaid to or for any person, in order to induce such person to procure, or endeavour to procure, the return of any person as an elected member or the vote of any elector at any election,

- (d) upon or in consequence of any such gift, loan, offer, promise, procurement, or agreement, procures or engages, promises or endeavours to procure, the return of any person as an elected member, or the vote of any elector at any election,
- (e) advances or pays, or causes to be paid, any money to or to the use of any other person, with the intent that such money, or any part thereof, shall be expended in bribery at any election, or who knowingly pays, or causes to be paid, any money to any person in discharge or repayment of any money wholly or in part expended in bribery at any election,
- (f) before or during any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, receives, agrees, or contracts for any money, gift, loan, or valuable consideration, office, place, or employment, for himself or for any person, for voting or agreeing to vote, or for refraining or agreeing to refrain from voting, at any election,
- (g) after any election, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, receives any money or valuable consideration on account of any person having voted or refrained from voting, or having induced any other person to vote or refrain from voting, at any election,

shall be guilty of bribery.

- (2) (a) Every person who corruptly by himself or by any other person, either before, during, or after an election, directly or indirectly gives or provides, or pays wholly or in part the expenses of giving or providing, any food, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for any person for the purpose of corruptly influencing that person, or any other person, to vote or refrain from voting at such election, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting at such election, and
- (b) every elector who corruptly accepts or takes any such food, drink, entertainment, or provision

shall be guilty of treating.

46. Every person who directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person on his behalf, makes use of, or threatens to make use of, any force, violence, or restraint, or inflicts, or threatens to inflict, by himself or by any other person, any injury, damage, harm, or loss, upon or against any person, in order to induce or compel such person to vote or refrain from voting, or on account of such person having voted or refrained from voting, at any election or who by abduction, duress or any fraudulent contrivance, impedes or prevents the free exercise of the franchise of any elector, or thereby compels, induces, or prevails upon, any elector, either to give or refrain from giving his vote at any election, shall be guilty of undue influence.

Undue influence.

47. Any person convicted of an offence under sections 43, 44, 45 and 46 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment and shall during a period of seven years from the date

Penalties for corrupt practices.

of his conviction be incapable of being registered as an elector, or of voting at an election of a member, or of being elected a member, or if elected before his conviction of retaining his seat as such member.

PART V.

GENERAL.

Corrupt practices
invalidate election.

48. No election of a member shall be valid if any corrupt practice is committed in connection therewith by the candidate elected.

Elector not bound to
disclose for whom he
voted.

49. No elector shall in any legal proceedings be required to state for whom he has voted.

Election expenses.

50. All expenses properly incurred by a registration officer or a returning officer at an election under this Ordinance shall be defrayed from the general revenue of the Colony.

Governor in Council
may make Regula-
tions.

51. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations :

- (a) prescribing fees to be paid in connection with anything done under this Ordinance,
- (b) prescribing the period during which every employer shall permit his employees to be absent from work for the purpose of registering their votes,
- (c) as to the appointment and duties of election agents and sub agents and the penalties for illegal practices,
- (d) as to expenses which may be incurred by a candidate and the penalties for illegal practices,
- (e) carrying into effect the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Such regulations shall be laid on the table of the Council.

Powers to vary dates.

52. The Governor may by order published in the Gazette vary all or any dates mentioned in this Ordinance or any writ of election or order issued thereunder and may substitute other dates in lieu thereof.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A. FORM OF CLAIM.

To the Registration Officer, * Electoral Area.

I claim to have my name included in the register of electors for the *
Electoral Area.

Surname (in capitals)

Other names

Address

I certify that I am a British subject, that I have attained the age of 21 years and that
I have resided in the Electoral Area for the twelve months ending the 31st
October, 19 .

.....
Applicant.

FORM B. NOMINATION FORM.

Nomination Paper for * Electoral area.

1. Name of candidate (in full)
2. Address
3. Name of proposer (in full)
4. Name of seconder (in full)
5. Names of supporters (in full)

Signed by the above named (proposer)
in my presence the day of 19

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (seconder)
in my presence the day of 19

Justice of the Peace.

Signed by the above named (supporters)
in my presence the day of 19

Handed in at a.m. on the day of 19

Returning Officer.

FORM C.

BALLOT PAPER.

No.....

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Legislative Council Elections.

FALKLAND ISLANDS.

Legislative Council Elections.

*Electoral area..

BALLOT PAPER - COUNTERFOIL.

BALLOT PAPER.

Elector's Serial Number.

1.

2.

3.

Official Mark.

REVERSE.

No..... (corresponding with that on counterfoil.)

BALLOT PAPER.

Electoral area of*

Date

FORM D.

DECLARATION.

I, _____ of _____ solemnly and sincerely
 declare that I am the same person whose name appears as

No. _____ in the register of elections in force for the*

Electoral area.

Declaration made in the presence of

(Signed)

Presiding Officer.

*Stanley.

East Falkland.

West Falkland.

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To amend the Stanley Town Council
Ordinance.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Amendment) Ordinance and shall be read and construed as one with the Stanley Town Council Ordinance (hereinafter called the Principal Ordinance). Short title.

2. (1) The words "is on the first day of December of the year immediately preceding the year in which the elections lists are" in section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "is resident in Stanley on the 31st day of August in the year in which the register of electors is" shall be substituted therefor. Amendments
Section 6.

(2) The following clauses shall be added after section 6 (b) of the Principal Ordinance

"(c) he is a British subject and

(d) he is not subject to any legal incapacity".

(3) The words "in Stanley" shall be substituted for the words "without municipal limits" in line 2 of the first proviso to Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance.

3. (1) The following subsections shall be added after section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance: Section 8.

"8. (3) In the case of a contested election the Chairman of the Council shall on or before the fifth day before the day of election give notice of the poll specifying (a) the day and hours Notice of poll.

fixed for the poll (b) the number of councillors to be elected (c) the full name, place of residence and description of each candidate remaining validly nominated, (d) the names of the two electors of the ward who signed the nomination paper of each candidate (e) the situation of the polling station.

Death of candidate.

(4) If, after the latest time for delivery of notification as required by section 12 and before the commencement of the poll a candidate who remained validly nominated dies, the Returning Officer shall countermand the poll in respect of the ward for which the deceased candidate was nominated and fix a day not less than 28 days nor more than 42 days after the date of death of the said candidate on which an election shall be held for in respect of the said ward."

(2) The words "at the first meeting of the Council after the vacancy has arisen" after the word "gazette" in the last line of section 8 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted.

Section 9.

4. The words "shall perform the duties of returning officer and" after the word "officer" in line 1 of section 9 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Registration" substituted for "returning" in the marginal note of that section.

Section 11.

5. The following subsection shall be added after section 11 (2) of the Principal Ordinance :

Declaration of
vacancy.

"(3) Where the elected councillor (1) ceases to reside in Stanley, or (2) becomes disqualified therefor under section 11 or by reason of a breach of the provisions of Part III of this Ordinance or (3) ceased to hold office by reason of failure to attend meetings the Council may forthwith declare his office to be vacant and signify the vacancy by notice signed by the Secretary to the Council affixed to the Council offices.

In such case the provisions of section 8 (2) shall apply."

Section 13.

6. The figures "£10" shall be substituted for the figures "£25" in section 13 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 15.

7. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 1 of section 15 of the Principal Ordinance and in the marginal note to that section.

Section 18.

8. The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "Registration" in line 3 of section 18 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 21.

9. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary of the Council" in line 6 of section 21 of the Principal Ordinance.

Section 23.

10. (1) The following definition shall be substituted for the definition of "presiding officer" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

"Presiding Officer" means the officer appointed by the Returning Officer to preside at a polling station".

(2) The following definition shall be inserted after the definition of "Register" given in section 23 (1) of the Principal Ordinance

"Returning Officer" means the officer appointed by the Town Council, subject to the approval of the Governor, to conduct an election."

Section 26.

11. (1) The word "Returning" shall be substituted for the word "presiding" in line 1 of section 26 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

(2) The words "in each ward and each polling place"

after the word "station" in line 1 of section 26 (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "which" substituted in lieu thereof.

12. The following marginal note shall be added to section 36 of the Principal Ordinance –

"Mistake in use of ballot paper not to invalidate election".

13. The words "person presiding at the polling place" after the word "the" in line 2 of section 37 (1) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "presiding officer" substituted therefor.

14. The words "Returning Officer" shall be substituted for the words "presiding officer" wherever they appear throughout sections 38, 39, 40 and 41 of the Principal Ordinance.

15. The words "Supreme Court" in section 60 subsections (1) and (2) of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the word "Magistrate" substituted in lieu thereof.

16. The words "at the next succeeding meeting" shall be added after the word "Chairman" in the last line of section 70 of the Principal Ordinance.

17. The proviso to section 72 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof :

"Provided that no action shall except as provided in section 74, be taken on any recommendation of any committee until it shall have been confirmed by the Council."

18. The words "every question as to which the voices are equal shall be deemed to be passed in the negative" after the word "that" in line 3 of section 73 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the words "where the voting is equal the motion shall be deemed not passed" shall be substituted therefor.

19. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the word "Secretary" in sections 76 and 128 of the Principal Ordinance.

20. The words "Town Clerk" shall be substituted for the words "Secretary to the Council" in line 4 of section 77 of the Principal Ordinance.

21. The words "motor vehicles" shall be inserted after the word "possess" in line 1 of section 79 of the Principal Ordinance.

22. Section 82 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following shall be substituted :

"82. (1) Any councillor who has any pecuniary interest, direct or indirect, in any contract or proposed contract or other matter at any meeting of the Council or any committee he shall at the commencement of the consideration thereof immediately declare his interest and he shall be excluded from the meeting during such consideration.

(2) For this purpose a councillor shall be treated as having an indirect pecuniary interest if :

(a) he or his nominee is a member of any company or other body with which the contract is made or proposed to be made, or which has a direct pecuniary interest in the matter under consideration, or

(b) he is a partner, or in the employment of a person with whom the contract is made or proposed to be made or who has a direct pecuniary interest in the other matter under discussion, or

- (c) he or she is the husband or wife of and living with such interested person with knowledge of the interest of such person.

Provided that this section shall not apply to an interest in a contract as a ratepayer, inhabitant or ordinary consumer of electricity or water or to an interest in any matter relating to the terms on which the right to participate in any service is offered to the public."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor :

"Councillor to declare interest in contract with the Council."

Section 83.

23. Section 83 shall be deleted and the following section substituted therefor :

"83. If any councillor shall fail to declare his pecuniary interest in any contract, proposed contract or any other matter as provided in section 82 (1) he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 and such contract or other matter shall be cancelled forthwith unless the Council, with the consent of the Governor, otherwise decides, and no person shall have any claim for damages in respect of such breach or cancellation."

The marginal note to this section shall be deleted and the following substituted :

"Penalty for failure to declare interest in contract."

Section 84.

24. Section 84 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof :

"84. The Council shall have powers to make by-laws but no by-law shall take effect unless it is confirmed by the Governor within six weeks of the date thereof. Every by-law shall be under the Common Seal of the Council and hand of the Chairman, and shall when confirmed be published in the Gazette."

Section 89.

25. Section 89 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted in lieu thereof :

"89. Copies of all by-laws shall be available for inspection without payment at the offices of the Council during the normal office hours. Copies shall on application be furnished to any person on payment of such sum as the Council may determine."

Section 94.

26. Section 94 of the Principal Ordinance shall be deleted and the following substituted therefor :

"94. The Council may with the approval of the Governor appoint a Town Clerk at such remuneration as the Governor may determine."

Section 102.

27. The word "complete" shall be substituted for the word "perfect" in line 3 of section 102 (1) of the Principal Ordinance.

Second Schedule
paragraph 9.

28. The word "Magistrate" shall be substituted for the words "Clerk of the Court" in line 2 of sub-paragraph (2) and in line 3 of sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 9 of the Second Schedule to the Principal Ordinance.

Third Schedule.

29. The following clause shall be substituted for clause (b) of the Third Schedule to the Principal Ordinance -

"I have been resident in Stanley during the past twelve months".

A Bill for
An Ordinance

To provide for the exercise of powers
of local government by the Stanley Town
Council.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the
Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative
Council thereof as follows—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Stanley Town Council (Powers) Ordinance, 1948. Short title.

2. In this Ordinance where the context so admits : Definitions.

“Council” means the Stanley Town Council as constituted
under the Stanley Town Council Ordinance.

“Brigade” means the Stanley Fire Brigade.

“Fire appliances” means engines for extinguishing fires,
fire escapes, fire hydrants, pumps, pipes, water buckets
and other implements for use in case of fire, or any of
them.

“Firemen” means members of the Stanley Fire Brigade.

“Cemetery” means the Stanley Cemetery and any ad-
ditions thereto and all buildings used in connection
therewith.

“Fittings” means pipes, meters, valves, ferrules, cisterns,
baths, cocks, soil-pans, water-closets and other appliances
of any kind used or intended to be used in connection
with the supply and use of water.

"Mains" means mains carrying water from the reservoir and water supply tanks for use in Stanley.

"Electrical fittings" means lamps, bulbs, standards, mains cables, pipes, lines and other appliances of any kind used or intended to be used in connection with the supply and use of electricity.

"Executive Engineer" means the officer-in-charge of the Public Works Department of the Government.

PART I.

FIRE BRIGADE.

Council to control and maintain the Brigade.

3. All fire appliances in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall

(1) maintain such appliances and any replacements thereof or additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition,

(2) purchase such appliances as and when the same are required,

(3) purchase, maintain, or hire, motor vehicles and horses for drawing fire appliances,

(4) build, provide, or lease, buildings or premises for keeping motor-vehicles, horses and fire appliances.

(5) control and maintain an efficient Brigade,

(6) appoint and may pay men to act as firemen,

(7) give to firemen and other persons reward for exertion in the case of fire and compensation for loss suffered by them in so doing.

Fire Brigade Committee.

4. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters in connection with the Brigade.

Appointment of Officers.

5. The Council shall appoint a Superintendent and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

Charge to Shipowners for use of Brigade.

6. The owner of or agent for any ship in respect of which the services of the Brigade have been required shall pay to the Council the actual expenses incurred by the Brigade on the occasion and a reasonable sum for the use of fire appliances and attendance of firemen. In the event of dispute between the Council and such owner or agent as to the sum to be paid the amount shall be finally settled by two Justices sitting in a Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Contribution by Insurance Companies.

7. All fire insurance companies carrying on business in Stanley shall contribute an annual payment equal to one eighth per centum of the capital insured towards the maintenance of the Brigade.

Measures to prevent spread of fire.

8. Any Police Constable acting under the orders of his superior officer and any fireman and any officer of the Council may enter and if necessary break into any building being or reasonably supposed to be on fire, or any building or land adjoining or near thereto, without the consent of the owner or occupier thereof, and may do all acts and things they may deem necessary for extinguishing fire in any such building or for protecting the same or rescuing any person or property therein from fire.

Governor may appoint Inspector.

9. The Governor may at any time appoint an Inspector who shall have full power to test the Brigade as to its efficiency and to inspect and test all fire appliances. The Inspector so appointed shall submit a report thereon to the Governor and the Council shall forthwith take such steps to remedy all such inefficiency and defects as the Governor shall require.

10. Any person who :

Offences.

(1) assaults, resists, impedes or obstructs a fireman in the discharge of his duty,

(2) wilfully damages any fire appliances,

(3) gives or causes to be given any false alarm of fire to the Brigade.

(4) contravenes any by-law (other than a by-law relating to the storage or sale of petrol),

shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £20 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months and in addition shall pay the cost of any damage occasioned by such offence,

(5) contravenes any by-law or condition of any licence granted thereunder relating to the storage or sale of petrol shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £100 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

PART II.

CEMETERY.

11. The Cemetery shall vest in the Council which shall be responsible for the maintenance and control thereof and be subject to any liabilities in respect thereof.

Vesting of Cemetery.

12. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters connected with the Cemetery.

Cemetery Committee.

13. The Council shall not build or permit to be built any dwelling house other than the Caretaker's house within 100 feet of the outer walk or boundary of the Cemetery.

Prohibition of dwelling houses near Cemetery.

14. The Council may permit a chapel to be built in the Cemetery for the performance of the burial service.

Chapel.

15. The Council shall permit part of the Cemetery to be consecrated and shall maintain part of the Cemetery exclusively for the burial of Roman Catholics.

Consecrated ground.

16. The Council may :

Exclusive rights of burial.

(1) define such parts of the Cemetery as it shall deem fit for the purpose of granting exclusive rights of burial therein,

(2) grant or sell the exclusive right of one or more burials in any such parts either in perpetuity or for a limited time,

(3) grant or sell the right of placing a monument, gravestone or enclosure in any such part or a tablet or other inscription on the walls of any Chapel or other building in the Cemetery.

17. (1) The grant of exclusive right of burial or right of placing a monument, gravestone, enclosure, tablet or other inscription as provided in Section 16 shall be in the Form A in the Schedule hereto.

Grant of exclusive right of burial.

(2) Every assignment of an exclusive right of burial shall be in the Form B in the Schedule hereto and shall when executed within the Colony be registered with the Council within two months of execution or when executed outside the Colony be registered with the Council within six months of the date of execution otherwise it shall be void and of no effect.

Assignment.

(3) No body shall be buried in any place in respect of which an exclusive right of burial has been granted without the consent of the grantee thereof.

Burial place to be kept exclusively for grantee.

Grant does not give the right of burial of certain persons in consecrated ground.

(4) No grant of the exclusive right of burial shall give the right to bury within the consecrated part of the Cemetery the body of any person not entitled to be buried in consecrated ground according to the rights and usage of the Church of England or to place any monument gravestone tablet or other inscription respecting any such body within the consecrated part of the Cemetery.

Plan and Register.

18. (1) The Council shall keep and maintain a plan of the Cemetery on a scale sufficiently large to show the site of every place reserved for exclusive right of burial and the numbers thereof and shall enter in a Register to be kept exclusively for that purpose the names and descriptions of the persons to whom exclusive right of burial has been granted.

(2) The Council shall be entitled to demand the sum of 2/6 for the registration of the assignment of the exclusive right of burial in such register.

Power to remove monuments etc. improperly erected.

19. The Council may take down and remove any gravestone, monument, tablet or other inscription and any enclosure placed within the Cemetery without its authority.

Penalty for damaging Cemetery.

20. Any person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall or fence belonging to the Cemetery or destroy or injure any plant therein or who shall disfigure any wall thereof or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone or other enclosure within the Cemetery or do any wilful damage therein shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 in addition to the cost of replacement or repair of the damage caused by him.

Penalty for committing nuisance in the Cemetery.

21. Any person who shall play at any game or sport or discharge firearms, save at a military funeral in the Cemetery or shall wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled in the Cemetery for the purpose of burying any body therein or who shall commit any nuisance within the Cemetery shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

PART III.

WATER SUPPLY.

Water mains vested in Council: Council to maintain.

22. Mains and public fittings in Stanley shall vest in the Council and the Council shall maintain such mains and public fittings in good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, fix and efficiently maintain such further mains and public fittings as from time to time may be required.

Appointment of Water Committee.

23. The Council shall appoint a Water Committee to supervise all matters relating to the supply of water in Stanley.

Powers of Council.

24. The Council may by its officials, workmen or agents :

(1) at all reasonable hours enter in and upon any land and premises in Stanley for the purpose of inspecting and repairing any fittings,

(2) after 21 days' notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any land in Stanley enter upon such land for the purpose of laying mains in or upon such land.

(3) The Council may at any time cut off the supply of water to private property in Stanley

(a) whenever any nuisance liable to pollute the water supply or cause damage to the water works exists on that property or in any fittings therein or thereon until such nuisance has been remedied to the satisfaction of the Council, or

- (b) whenever any fittings are out of repair or have not been approved by the Council or are liable to pollute the water supply and the necessary repairs or alterations have not been effected to the satisfaction of the Council within the period prescribed in the written notice by the Council to the owner or occupier of such property, or
- (c) whenever the available supply is insufficient by reason of drought or any other unavoidable circumstance, or
- (d) whenever it shall be necessary to repair, clean, or alter the water works or any fittings, or
- (e) whenever water is used for a purpose other than the purpose for which it is supplied, or
- (f) in the case of the continued breach or violation of any requirement of this part of this Ordinance or of any by-law in respect thereof.

25. (1) Any owner of private property in Stanley who is desirous of laying or installing fittings shall apply to the Council for approval thereof and shall lodge with the Council such plans, specifications and other information as it may require.

New connections.

(2) The laying or installation of fittings on private property shall be at the expense of the owner thereof.

(3) The Council shall convey water to the boundary of private property in Stanley and shall connect the fittings of the owner thereof with the water mains provided that no fittings shall be connected or installed until the same have been approved by the Council.

(4) Any person who shall in Stanley connect or instal or cause to be connected or installed any fittings without the approval of the Council first obtained shall commit an offence.

26. The Council shall give notice to the owner of private property on which any defective fittings are situate requiring such owner to repair such defective fittings to the satisfaction of the Council and in case of non-compliance with such notice the Council may execute such repairs and charge the said owner with the cost thereof and in addition an amount equal to twenty per centum of such cost.

Repair of defective fittings.

27. The Council may perform any work on behalf of a private person in connection with the laying, installation, maintenance, replacement or repair of any fittings in Stanley and shall receive in payment from such person the actual cost of such work and in addition an amount not exceeding ten per centum of such actual cost.

Council may perform work on behalf of private persons.

28. No person shall take water from the public fountains for any other than a domestic purpose.

Public fountains.

29. Any person who shall in Stanley :

Offences.

(1) put or allow or cause to be put in any main or fitting any cock, valve or other contrivance for drawing water therefrom, or

(2) wilfully damage or cause or allow to be damaged any main or public fitting, or

(3) open, close, or in any way interfere with or cause or allow to be opened or closed or in any way to be interfered with any main or public fitting, or

(4) alter or change or cause or allow to be altered or changed any public fitting with the intent to obtain more water thereby, or

(5) commit a breach or violation of the provisions of this Part of this Ordinance or any by-law relating thereto shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or both such fine and imprisonment: Provided that no person shall be convicted for any of the foregoing offences if he proves that the action taken by him was necessitated by fire.

Payment by Council
for water.

30. The Council shall pay to the Government annually such sum as the Government shall deem necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Water Works.

PART IV.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Responsibility of
Council in public
health matters.

31. The Council shall be responsible in Stanley for

(1) the maintenance of measures to prevent the spread of any contagious and infectious diseases including the cleansing and disinfecting of houses and buildings,

(2) the removal of house refuse and the cleansing of earth closets, privies, ashpits and cesspools,

(3) the cleansing of watercourses, ditches, drains, roads, streets and lanes and the removal of noxious matter therefrom,

(4) the abatement or removal of nuisances,

(5) the construction of new buildings and reconstruction of other buildings and the sanitary conveniences to be used in connection therewith and the materials to be used,

(6) the removal or demolition of buildings or structures the erection of which has not been approved by the Council and of buildings or structures in such a condition as to constitute a danger to persons living in them or to passengers,

(7) the inspection, drainage, accommodation and cleansing of common lodging houses.

Sewers vesting in and
maintenance by
Council.

32. The sewers in Stanley shall vest in the Council which shall maintain the same in an efficient condition and lay and efficiently maintain any other sewers which may from time to time be required.

Public Health
Committee.

33. The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters relating to public health.

Street lighting.

34. (1) All electrical fittings used in connection with the supply of electricity for the lighting of streets in Stanley shall vest in the Council.

(2) The Council shall

(a) maintain all such electrical fittings and any replacements thereof and additions thereto in a good and serviceable condition and shall supply, lay, and fix and efficiently maintain all electrical fittings as may from time to time be required for the lighting of streets in Stanley,

(b) have power subject to the approval of the Executive Engineer to open roads for the purpose of laying and repairing electrical fittings and shall be responsible for re-instating any road so opened at its own cost and the satisfaction of the Executive Engineer,

(c) pay the Government the charges for all electric current used for the lighting of streets in Stanley.

35. The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the swimming-pool (when constructed) and public bath houses and shall have power to make such charges for the use thereof as it may decide.

Public Baths and swimming-pool.

PART V.

TOWN HALL, PUBLIC LIBRARY AND MUSEUM.

36. (1) All books, papers, manuscripts and documents now forming the Public Library and all objects, trophies and specimens now forming the Public Museum shall vest in the Council which shall efficiently maintain and control a Public Library and Museum.

Council to maintain Town Hall Public Library and Museum.

(2) The Council shall purchase and be empowered to receive gifts of papers, documents, objects, trophies and specimens as may from time to time be required or offered.

(3) The Council may make such charges for admission to the Public Museum and for the use or hire of books, papers and documents, in the Public Library and the imposition of fines in connection therewith as it may decide.

(4) The Council shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance and control of the Town Hall (when constructed).

(5) The Council shall appoint a Committee to supervise all matters concerning the Town Hall, Public Library and Museum.

PART VI.

GENERAL.

37. The Council shall exercise all such rights and powers as may from time to time be delegated to it by the Governor in Council.

Delegation of powers by Governor in Council.

38. The Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance 1898, The Stanley Cemetery Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Cemetery Incorporation Ordinance 1914, The Stanley Fire Brigade (Amendment) Ordinance 1928, The Petroleum Spirit Ordinance 1938, The Library and Museum Ordinance 1944 are hereby repealed.

Repeals No. 3 of 1898, No. 4 of 1914, No. 7 of 1914, No. 3 of 1928, No. 10 of 1938, No. 5 of 1944.

39. This Ordinance shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 1949.

Commencement.

A Bill for
An Ordinance
To provide for the Regulation and
Control of Road Traffic.

BE IT ENACTED by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows —

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Road Traffic Ordinance 1948. Short title.

2. In the Ordinance and in any regulations made hereunder unless the context otherwise admits : Definitions.

“Cart” or “carriage” means any vehicle drawn by a horse.

“Chief Constable” means the senior police officer for the time being at Stanley.

“Commercial vehicle” means a motor vehicle which is constructed or adapted for use for the conveyance of goods or burden of any description.

“Invalid Carriage” means a mechanically propelled vehicle the weight of which unladen does not exceed 5 cwt. and which is especially designed and constructed and not merely adapted for the use of a person suffering from some physical defect or disability and is used solely by such person.

“Motor Vehicle” means any vehicle propelled by any form of mechanical power and intended or adapted for use on roads.

“Registered” means registered with the Chief Constable.

"Road" includes any street, thoroughfare, highway, lane, court, alley, passage, or open place used or frequented by the public, or to which the public have or are permitted to have access in Stanley or within a radius of four miles of the boundary thereof.

"Trailer" means any vehicle having no independent motive power drawn by a motor vehicle but not including a side car attached to a motor cycle.

"Driver's Licence" means a Licence issued by the Chief Constable enabling the holder to drive a motor vehicle.

Registration.

3. (1) Every motor vehicle in the Colony (except that owned or used by the Governor) not already registered shall be registered within 14 days of the date of commencement of the Ordinance.

(2) Every motor vehicle (except that owned or used by the Governor) brought into the Colony after the commencement of this Ordinance shall be registered within seven days of it being so brought in.

(3) Any person, being the owner of a motor vehicle referred to in subsections (1) and (2) hereof who shall not comply with the provisions thereof shall commit an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

(4) Every motor vehicle and trailer shall, when on a road, carry prescribed identification marks in such positions as may be prescribed. No other figures and no design or ornamentation shall be placed near to any identification mark in such a manner as to be liable to render it more difficult to read or distinguish such identification mark when the vehicle is in motion.

(5) Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle without its identification mark so fixed or if it is so fixed it is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become not easily distinguishable shall commit an offence.

Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection should he satisfy the Court he has taken all steps practicable to prevent the identification mark being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

(6) Any person to whom any motor vehicle is sold or disposed of shall apply for registration of such motor vehicle within seven days of such sale or disposition. Any person failing to do so shall commit an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5.

(7) Any person who forges or fraudulently alters or uses or fraudulently lends or allows to be used by any other person any identification mark shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months.

Motor Vehicle and Trailer Licences.

4. (1) On and after the 1st day of January, 1949, there shall be charged, levied and paid in respect of motor vehicles and trailers used on roads, duties at the rates shewn in the Schedule hereto.

(2) The duties charged under this section shall be paid annually upon licences to be taken out by the person keeping the vehicle: Provided that a licence may be taken out for periods of less than a year, but not less than three months, on payment of a proportionate part of the appropriate duty.

(3) No duty shall be payable under this section in respect of motor vehicles owned by the Government or the Stanley Town Council.

(4) Any person who, for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a motor vehicle or trailer licence to himself or any other person, knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

(5) Any person who shall drive, and the owner of any motor vehicle who shall permit any person to drive on a road any motor vehicle, or who shall draw or permit a trailer to be drawn by any motor vehicle, in respect of which a licence under this section shall not be in force, shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50.

5. (1) Any person, not being the holder of a driver's licence in force, who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road and any person who causes or permits any person who is not the holder of a driver's licence in force to drive a motor vehicle on a road shall be guilty of an offence. Driver's licences.

(2) Any person who being the holder of a driver's licence in respect of one class of motor vehicle shall drive a motor vehicle of another class on a road shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) A driver's licence shall not be granted until the applicant has passed a test as to his fitness and ability to drive a motor vehicle, and shall not be granted to :

- (a) a person under the age of 16 years in respect of a motor cycle or a person under the age of 18 years in respect of any other class of motor vehicle, or
- (b) a person suffering from such disease or physical disability as would be likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public.

(4) For the purpose of enabling an applicant for the grant of a driver's licence to learn to drive a motor vehicle with a view to passing a test under this section the Chief Constable may on payment of a fee of 5/- grant him a provisional licence to be in force for three months subject to the conditions prescribed in Regulation 4 (4) of the Road Traffic Regulations, 1948. Any person having a provisional licence who fails to comply with any of such conditions shall be guilty of an offence.

(5) Where there is reason to believe that the holder of a driver's licence is suffering from a disease or physical disability likely to cause the driving by him of a motor vehicle to be a source of danger to the public the Chief Constable may revoke the licence.

(6) Any person aggrieved by the refusal to grant, or the revocation of a driver's licence under this section may appeal to the Magistrate who may make such order as he thinks fit.

(7) Any person who for the purpose of obtaining the grant of a driver's licence to himself or any other person knowingly makes any false statement shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

(8) Any Court before which a person is convicted of an offence in connection with the driving of a motor vehicle :

- (a) may order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a driver's licence for such period as the Court thinks fit;
- (b) shall on a conviction for an offence against sections 6 (1) or 8 hereof (unless the Court for special reasons thinks fit to order otherwise and without prejudice to the power of the Court to order a longer period of disqualification) order him to be disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence for a period of twelve months from the date of conviction.

(9) The Court may order that the particulars of any conviction and of any disqualification to which a convicted person has become subject shall be endorsed on the driver's licence held by the offender.

(10) Any person in respect of whom the Court has ordered his driver's licence to be endorsed who shall fail to produce

such licence to the Court within seven days of the date of conviction shall be guilty of an offence.

(11) If any person who is disqualified for holding a licence applies for and obtains a licence while so disqualified or being a person whose licence has been endorsed applies for and obtains a licence without giving particulars of the endorsement shall be guilty of an offence and any licence so obtained shall be of no effect.

(12) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his driver's licence when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his licence produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section.

(13) When an order has been made in respect of a person under subsection (9) of this section requiring the endorsement of a driver's licence held by him he shall be entitled subject to the payment of the fee of five shillings and subject to the surrender of his licence to have issued to him a new licence free from endorsement if he has during a continuous period of three years or upwards since the order was made had no such order made against him. Provided that in reckoning the said continuous period of three years any period during which the person was by virtue of the order disqualified for holding or obtaining a licence shall be excluded.

Third Party Insurance.

6. (1) Any person who shall drive or cause or permit any other person to drive a motor vehicle on a road unless there is in force in relation to the user of the vehicle by that person or that other person as the case may be a policy of insurance in respect of third party risks shall be guilty of an offence and shall on summary conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment to a term not exceeding three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any person driving a motor vehicle on a road who shall fail to produce his certificate of insurance when so required by a police constable shall be guilty of an offence provided that if he shall within three days after being so required to produce his certificate produce the same to the Chief Constable he shall not be convicted of an offence under this subsection.

Safety precautions.

7. Any person who shall drive a motor vehicle on a road unless it is fitted with lights, warning instrument, safety glass, wind-screen wipers, a reflecting mirror, a silencer, tyres and adequate brakes as prescribed by the Regulations hereunder shall commit an offence.

Dangerous driving.

8. Any person who :

(1) drives a motor vehicle on a road recklessly, or at a speed or in a manner which is dangerous to the public, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, including the nature, condition, and use of the road, and the amount of traffic which is actually at the time, or which might reasonably be expected to be on the road, or

(2) when driving or attempting to drive, or when in charge of a motor vehicle on a road is under the influence of drink or a drug to such an extent as to be incapable of having proper control of the vehicle shall be liable

(a) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding four months, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction either to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to such imprisonment as aforesaid or to both such fine and imprisonment;

(b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine, or to both such fine and imprisonment;

(3) drives a motor vehicle in Stanley at a speed greater than twenty miles per hour shall commit an offence, Excessive speed.

(4) drives a motor vehicle on a road without due care and attention or without reasonable consideration for other persons using the road shall commit an offence, Careless driving.

(5) contravenes any of the regulations relating to the use of motor vehicles made hereunder shall commit an offence,

(6) drives a motor vehicle on the pavement or footway of a road or without lawful authority on a public jetty shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable in the case of a first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10. Provided that a person shall not be convicted of an offence under this sub-section if he satisfies the court that the motor vehicle was driven for the purpose of saving life or extinguishing fire or any like emergency. Driving on footway or public jetty.

9. (1) Any person who takes and drives away any motor vehicle without having either the consent of the owner thereof or other lawful authority shall be liable (a) on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding £50; (b) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding £100 or both such fine and imprisonment. Provided that if the Court is satisfied that the accused acted in the belief that he had lawful authority, or in the reasonable belief that the owner would in the circumstances of the case have given his consent if he had been asked therefor, the accused shall not be liable to be convicted of the offence. Taking vehicle without owner's consent.

(2) Any police constable may arrest without warrant any person reasonably suspected by him of having committed or attempting to commit an offence under this section.

10. Any person who without lawful authority or reasonable cause gets on to a motor vehicle standing on a road or tampers with the brake or any part of the mechanism of the vehicle shall be guilty of an offence. Tampering with vehicles.

11. Any person in charge of a motor vehicle or trailer who causes or permits the vehicle or trailer to remain at rest on a road in such a position or in such condition or in such circumstances as to be likely to cause danger to other persons using the road shall be guilty of an offence. Leaving vehicles in dangerous positions.

12. Any driver of a motor cycle (other than one with a side car attached) who shall : Restriction on number of passengers on motor cycle.

(a) carry more than one passenger, or

(b) carry such passenger otherwise than sitting astride the cycle and on a proper seat securely fixed to the cycle behind the driver's seat shall commit an offence and be liable in the case of the first conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

13. Any person in charge of a pedal cycle on a road who shall : Pedal Cycles.

(a) fail to keep to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or fail to keep to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or

(b) fails to have attached thereto an instrument capable of giving audible and sufficient warning of approach of the bicycle, or

(c) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have

attached thereto (1) a lamp showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red light or red reflector shewing to the rear: Provided the subsection shall not apply to a bicycle being wheeled by a person on foot as near as possible to the left or near side of the carriage way, or

- (d) ride on the pavement or footway of a road or on a public jetty

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Carts or carriages.

14. Any person in charge of a cart or carriage on a road who shall :

- (a) fail to keep such vehicle to the left or near side of the road when he meets traffic proceeding in the opposite direction or shall fail to keep such vehicle to the right or offside of the road when he passes traffic proceeding in the same direction, or
- (b) during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise who shall fail to have attached thereto (1) a lamp on the offside of the vehicle showing to the front a white light visible for a reasonable distance and (2) an unobscured and efficient red reflector or red light attached to the offside of the vehicle and shewing to the rear, or

(c) drive such vehicle on a pavement or footway of a road shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Animals.

15. Any person in charge of an animal on a road who shall :

- (a) fail to keep the animal as close as possible to the edge of the carriage way, or
- (b) without reasonable cause lead, or ride, the animal on a pavement or footway of a road,

shall commit an offence and be liable to a fine not exceeding £2.

Closing of roads.

16. (1) The Executive Engineer may, if in his opinion any road or part of a road is unfit for traffic or any class of traffic, by order under his hand close such road or part thereof to all or any traffic as he shall specify for any period not exceeding one month.

(2) The Executive Engineer shall cause (a) copies of such order to be affixed to the public notice board in Stanley and at both ends of the road or part thereof so closed as aforesaid (b) a copy to be inserted in any newspaper circulating in the Colony and (c) notice thereof to be broadcast.

(3) Any person contravening any terms of such order shall commit an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £10.

Penalties.

17. Any person guilty of an offence under this Ordinance or any Regulation thereunder for which a penalty is not prescribed shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £50 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months.

Regulations.

18. The Governor in Council may make regulations for the more effective administration of this Ordinance.

Repeals No. 4 of 1931,
No. 2 of 1936.

19. The Summary Jurisdiction (Amendment) Ordinance, 1931, and the Motor Car Ordinance, 1936, are hereby repealed.

SCHEDULE.

ANNUAL LICENCE DUTIES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAILERS.

PART I — PRIVATE VEHICLES.

									£	s.	d.
1.	Motor cycle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 :	0 :	0.
2.	Motor cycle with sidecar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 : 10 :	0.	
3.	Motor car under 9 h.p.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 :	0 :	0.
4.	" " 9 h.p. and over but under 12 h.p.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 : 10 :	0.	
5.	" " 12 " " " " " 16 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 :	0 :	0.
6.	" " 16 " " " " " 20 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 : 10 :	0.	
7.	" " 20 " " " " " 25 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 :	0 :	0.
8.	" " over 25 h.p.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 :	0 :	0.

PART II. — COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

1.	Vehicles with load area	28 sq. ft. or under	...	...	...	2 :	0 :	0.
2.	" "	" " over 28 sq. ft. but not exceeding	38 sq. ft.			3 :	0 :	0.
3.	" "	" " " " " " 38 " " " " " "	48 " "			4 :	0 :	0.
4.	" "	" " " " " " 48 " " " " " "	56 " "			5 :	0 :	0.
5.	" "	" " " " " " 56 " " " " " "	66 " "			6 :	0 :	0.
6.	" "	" " " " " " 66 " " " " " "				7 :	0 :	0.

PART III. — TRAILERS.

1. Two wheeled trailers	...	...	...	...	...	1 : 0 : 0.
2. Four " "	...	...	...	...	...	3 : 0 : 0.