"Appliances" shall mean and include all engines, hose, carts, reels, axes, ladders, lamps, branch pipes, buckets, and every article which can be used at a fire, and any article which may be purchased for use at fires, and all reservoirs, wells, tanks, or ditches, which may be constructed with the object of being available in case of fire.

"Member" shall mean a member of the Fire Brigade who has been duly enrolled.

Short title.

30. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Stanley Fire Brigade Ordinance, 1898."

SCHEDULE.

OATH OF MEMBER OF THE V. F. BRIGADE.

So help me God.

GAOLS.

Ordinance No. 5 of 1898.

[7th April, 1898.]

Title.

An Ordinance relating to Gaols.

Be it enacted by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

Common gaols.

I. The building now used as a gaol in Stanley shall be a common gaol, and the Governor may from time to time appoint any place in the Colony to be a "common gaol," and any such gaol may be used for the confinement of any prisoner sentenced by any Court in this Colony, or sent to this Colony, under or by virtue of any Imperial Act of Parliament.

2. The Governor may appoint a gaoler and other officers to execute the duties in connection with any gaol.

Officers

3. Every Justice of the Peace shall be ex officio a Visiting Justice, and the Members of Council shall be Official Visitors to all common gaols, and the Visiting Justices resident in Stanley shall by notification have assigned to them by the Governor the period during which any two of them shall act as such.

Visiting
Justices.
Official Visitors.

4. Any Justice may at any time enter into and examine any gaol or part thereof, and see and receive from any prisoner any representation as to his treatment in such gaol, and inquire and examine into the same, and if he shall discover any abuse he shall report the same in writing to the Colonial Secretary.

Complaints.

5. Any person shall be admitted to visit any common gaol or prisoner therein, by order in writing of the Sheriff, or any Visiting Justice, or Official Visitor.

Visitors to common gaol.

6. Any person sentenced to be kept in penal servitude shall be deemed to have been sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour.

Penal servitude.

7. The Governor may commute the sentence of any prisoner for any lesser sentence, and such commuted sentence shall have the like force and effect as the original warrant of commitment.

Sentences may

8. The Governor in Council may make, alter, and revoke rules as to the duties of Visiting Justices and for the Government of any gaol, and for the maintenance of good order therein, and for the discipline of prisoners employed within or without any gaol, and for all matters in connection with any gaol, and by such rules impose any punishment by solitary confinement not exceeding 14 days, or by whipping not exceeding 25 lashes, or other adequate punishment, for any infringement thereof by any prisoner.

Rules for prisoners.

9. The Governor in Council may also make, alter and revoke rules, defining the duties of all officers attached to any gaol, and by such rules impose any

Rules for officers.

fine not exceeding one month's pay for any infringement thereof, in lieu of, or in addition to, any other punishment to which such officer may be liable.

Release.

10. Whenever a prisoner's sentence expires on a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday he shall be discharged on the preceding day.

Executions within prison walls.

11. Judgment of death to be executed on any prisoner sentenced after the passing of this Ordinance shall be carried into effect within the walls of the gaol in which the offender is confined at the time of execution.

Body where buried.

12. The body of every offender executed shall be buried in such place as the Governor may, by writing under his hand, appoint.

Regulations as to executions. 13. The Governor in Council shall issue such directions as to the regulations to be observed on the execution of judgment of death as may be deemed expedient, as well as of guarding against any abuse in such execution, as also of giving greater solemnity to the same and of making known without the walls the fact that such execution is taking place.

Death and inquest.

14. The gaoler shall give immediate notice of the death of any prisoner to a Coroner, and such Coroner shall hold an inquest thereon.

Ulness.

15. A prisoner shall be removed from the gaol to the hospital, if there be one available, whenever a certificate signed by the Medical Officer in charge and by the Sheriff stating the nature of the illness from which such prisoner is suffering, and that the removal is necessary for his restoration to health, has been delivered to the gaoler.

Escape.

16. A prisoner who escapes or who is unlawfully absent from gaol, or who escapes from or leaves any officer under whose charge he may be, shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for any period not exceeding three years.

Aiding escape.

17. A person who aids any prisoner to escape, or leave any officer, or who harbours, or conceals, or

assists in harbouring or concealing any prisoner, shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for any period not exceeding two years.

. 18. Any officer who shall knowingly and wilfully allow a prisoner to escape shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for any period not exceeding seven years.

Allowing

19. A person who conveys, or who attempts to convey, to any gaol or prisoner any article whatever not allowed by gaol rules shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month, or to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Porbidden

20. The period during which any prisoner has been unlawfully absent from gaol shall be added to his sentence, and every additional term of imprisonment to which any prisoner, then already undergoing imprisonment, may be sentenced shall commence after he has undergone all previous sentences.

Unlawful

21. A person who resists or assaults, or aids or incites any person to resist or assault, any officer in the execution of his duty shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months, or to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

Violence.

22. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Gaol Short title. Ordinance, 1898."

CORONERS.

Ordinance No. 6 of 1898.

[13th May, 1898.]

Be it enacted by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:-

1. Every Stipendiary Magistrate of this Colony Coroners. shall be ex officio a Coroner, and shall have and may exercise all the powers, and shall perform all the