

and the party requiring the jury shall deposit with the Registrar a sum sufficient for the remuneration to such jurors for one day in advance.

22. Any person corruptly attempting to influence any juror and any juror consenting thereto shall be deemed to have committed a misdemeanour, and may, on proof thereof before the Supreme Court, be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or imprisoned with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding one year, or both.

Tampering  
with.

23. All crimes and offences may be tried in the Supreme Court by information and without the intervention of a Grand Jury.

Grand Jury.

24. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Jury Ordinance, 1901."

Short title.

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### LIVE STOCK.

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Ordinance No. 6 of 1901.

*As amended by No. 1 of 1907.*

[15th October, 1901.]

*An Ordinance relating to Scab and other infectious and contagious diseases in sheep and other animals.*

Be it enacted by the Governor of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows :—

1. In this Ordinance—

Interpretation.

"Destroy" shall mean kill and either bury at a depth of not less than two feet under the ground or consume by fire or boil down.

"Sheep" means any ram, ewe, wether or lamb.

"Travelling sheep" means sheep being driven over any road or land not in the occupation of the owner of the sheep.

"Infected sheep" means any sheep infected with scab or other infectious or contagious disease or which within six months have been exposed to infection or contagion.

"Stray sheep" means any sheep upon land which is neither owned nor rented by the owner of the sheep.

"Dipping" means immersing in some scab-destroying preparation approved by the Governor in Council, or, with reference to lice in sheep, means immersing in some lice-destroying preparation.

"Dressing" means applying to a sheep a scab-destroying preparation.

"Imported" means brought from any place beyond the limits of the Colony.

"Inspector" includes the Chief Inspector and Sub-Inspectors.

"Farmer" means the owner of any sheep, and includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Owner" includes a lessee from the Crown and the agent or manager of any absentee owner or lessee, and, with reference to the ownership of sheep, includes the manager, overseer or person in charge of any sheep.

"Notice" means a notice in writing or in print, or partly in writing and partly in print, delivered to the person to be affected thereby or left at or affixed to the usual or last known place of abode of such person.

"Station" means the land, enclosures and buildings (but not a dwelling-house) occupied or used by any farmer.

Inspectors to be  
appointed.

2. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance the Governor may appoint duly qualified persons to act as Inspectors for such periods, at such salaries and on such terms and conditions as may be thought proper by the Governor in Council. No Inspector shall, either directly or indirectly, be an owner of or dealer in sheep or act

as the agent of any farmer, under a penalty for any such offence not exceeding fifty pounds.

3. An Inspector may at any time in the execution of his duty enter any station, and if any farmer will not permit such Inspector, upon his demanding and stating his business, so to enter or refuses to collect within any enclosure upon such land any sheep, or if any person impede or hinder such Inspector in the discharge of his duty, such farmer or person shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

May enter and inspect sheep.

4. An Inspector may where necessary employ any person to assist him in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance or any regulations hereunder, and the owner through whose neglect, omission or other default, or by reason of the infection or removal of or other dealing with whose sheep the expense of such employment shall have been incurred, shall repay the same to the Inspector on demand, as well as all other expenses incurred by the Inspector in the performance of his duty in regard to any such sheep.

May employ labour.

5. Any Inspector in the discharge of his duty as such may demand suitable board and lodging of any farmer, and shall pay in respect thereof the sum of four shillings per day and night.

Must be lodged.

6. An Inspector may call upon any person concerned in the charge, control or management of any sheep to give information to him as to facts within his knowledge relating to such sheep, and if any person, being so called upon, shall refuse or neglect to give such information, or shall make any statement knowing the same to be false, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

May demand information.

7. Whenever a farmer shall become aware or have reasonable grounds to suspect that any of his sheep have become infected, he shall, within forty-eight hours thereafter, give notice thereof in writing to the owners of adjoining stations, and shall, within one week thereafter, give notice thereof in writing

Farmers must notify infection.

to an Inspector. He shall also, within twenty-one days thereafter or on such date as is laid down in any rules or as may be ordered by an Inspector, dip all such sheep and, within fourteen days of the completion of the first dipping, dip all such sheep a second time.

Inspector may  
quarantine.

8. An Inspector, on being satisfied that any station or any part of a station is infected, shall, on ascertaining the extent to which the infection has spread, define the boundaries of and place the infected land in quarantine, by giving notice to the proprietor or person in charge of such station, in Form 1 in the First Schedule hereto, and by notification in the *Gazette*, signed by such Inspector, of the establishment of such quarantine, and all sheep within or which may be brought within such boundaries during the existence of such quarantine shall be included and kept therein until released by order of an Inspector, and such quarantine shall continue in force until an Inspector shall issue a certificate as in Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto.

Breach of  
quarantine.

9. No person shall remove into or take out of quarantine any sheep without the permission in writing of an Inspector, and all sheep unlawfully taken in or out of quarantine may be seized by any person and shall be dealt with as an Inspector shall direct.

Dip and  
appliances to be  
always ready.

10. Every farmer shall always have in readiness on every station all the materials and appliances necessary to dip and dress all the sheep on such station at least once to the satisfaction of an Inspector.

Order to dip  
suspected  
sheep.

11. An Inspector may at any time order that any sheep he may suspect to be infected be dipped and dressed, and require any owner to disinfect any premises, yard or articles used by any infected sheep.

Clean  
certificate.

12. No clean certificate as in Form 2 in the First Schedule hereto shall be granted by an Inspector under Section 8 hereof until a declaration has been made by the farmer in Form 3 of the First Schedule hereto.



13. Every farmer shall, on or before the 31st day of May in every year, make and transmit to the Chief Inspector a return in Form 5 of the First Schedule hereto.

Annual return.

14. All ear marks and brands shall be subject to the approval of the Chief Inspector, and when approved shall be registered and a description thereof published in the *Gazette*. The registered mark for wethers and rams shall be on the off ear and for ewes shall be on the near ear, and no age mark shall be put on the ear which contains the registered mark.

Marks.

15. No person shall slaughter for sale or expose for sale or export the carcase of any sheep suffering from scab or other infectious or contagious disease.

Infected sheep not to be used for food.

#### CLEANING ORDERS AND CLEAN CERTIFICATES.

16. If an Inspector is satisfied that any sheep are infected, he shall give the owner of such sheep an order in writing to clean such sheep within twelve months from the date of such order, and if at any time during such period such owner shall not, in the opinion of an Inspector, have made or be making reasonable exertions to clean such sheep, or if at the expiration of the twelve months such sheep shall, in the opinion of an Inspector, still be infected sheep, the owner thereof shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty not less than one halfpenny and not more than twopence for every such sheep.

Order to clean sheep.

17. If after the expiration of nine months from the date of a conviction under the preceding section such sheep shall, in the opinion of an Inspector, still be infected sheep, the owner of such sheep shall upon conviction be liable to a further penalty of twopence for every such infected sheep, and so on for every succeeding period of nine months :

Neglect to clean sheep.

Provided that a Magistrate may, upon the application of an Inspector, order the destruction of any sheep which have been infected for more than twenty-one months, and such Inspector shall cause

such sheep to be destroyed and the remains disposed of for the benefit of the owner as such Inspector may direct.

Farmers to  
notify neigh-  
bours when  
gathering.

18. Every farmer who shall gather any flock for the purposes of shearing, dipping, dressing, cutting, tailing or ear marking, or removal from the station or for any other purpose, shall, forty-eight hours at least before gathering the same, give notice in writing to the occupiers of all the adjoining stations of his intention so to do.

#### TRAVELLING SHEEP.

And when  
driving sheep.

19. No person shall drive any sheep upon or across any station without giving notice to the owner of such station in writing not less than twenty-four hours and not more than three days before such driving, of the intention so to do, and of the place whence and whither such sheep are being driven and the point at which the person driving such sheep will enter such station :

Provided that any farmer may give a permit in writing waiving, either absolutely or upon such terms as are stated in the permit, his claim to receive from any other farmer any notice required to be given by this or the preceding section.

Farmers may  
detain infected  
and suspected  
sheep.

20. Any farmer may seize and detain any infected sheep, and may detain and examine any travelling sheep approaching or being upon any part of his station, upon reasonable suspicion of their being infected, and, upon his giving the owner of such sheep written notice to that effect, he may detain them until their owner shall call in the Inspector to examine such sheep and determine whether or not they are infected : and if the owner shall prevent such sheep from being detained or examined as aforesaid, or impede or hinder the proprietor or person in charge in detaining or examining them, or shall not forthwith after their detention give the Inspector written notice thereof, then such owner shall for every such offence incur a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

21. Any person so detaining any travelling sheep shall until the arrival of an Inspector keep such sheep on his own station or make such arrangements as shall prevent the further spread of disease, and if such sheep shall be declared infected all necessary expenses incurred by such person in the detention and keep of such sheep shall be repaid to him by their owner, but if it shall be found that the sheep so detained were not infected and that there was no reasonable ground for suspecting them to be infected, the person detaining them shall pay the owner of such sheep the loss and expense occasioned by such detention.

Action on  
detention.

22. If with intent to cause it to appear that any sheep are not infected within the meaning of this Ordinance, or to conceal the ownership of any sheep any person shall separate any of the sheep of a flock from any others of the same flock, or conceal or destroy any sheep or remove any mark from any sheep, he shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

Concealing  
cases of  
infection.

23. If any person shall cast any infected sheep into any stream or running water, or leave the carcasses of any such sheep in any stream or running water, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

Leaving  
infected sheep  
in stream.

24. No person shall abandon any infected sheep or leave the dead carcass of any infected sheep unburied or undestroyed by fire when it is possible to bury or so destroy the same. In cases where it is impossible to bury or destroy by fire such carcasses, he shall at once remove the skins thereof and take them away, well and securely packed in a bag.

Abandoning  
infected sheep  
or leaving  
carcass  
undestroyed.

#### IMPORTING SHEEP.

25. Every person intending to import sheep shall give notice in writing to an Inspector, stating their number, description, from whence expected, where purchased and probable date of their arrival in the Colony.

Importation.

Imported sheep  
may be  
destroyed.

26. An Inspector may examine any imported sheep on board ship and order that they be destroyed, but no imported sheep shall be destroyed without the sanction of the Governor.

Imported sheep  
to be  
quarantined.

27. All imported sheep which an Inspector permits to be landed shall at once be driven to and confined in a paddock, and shall thereupon be in quarantine until an Inspector has granted a permit as in Form 4 of the First Schedule hereto, and any person who fails to take due precautions as to the landing of any imported sheep, or permits any imported sheep to escape from quarantine, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds and to forfeiture of the sheep.

#### LICE IN SHEEP.

Annual dipping  
compulsory.

28. Every owner shall, for the purpose of preventing the spread of lice in sheep, between the 1st day of March and the 30th day of June in every year, dip or cause to be dipped all sheep running on land whereof he is the occupier :

Provided that, on the application of any owner, an Inspector may grant an extension of the time in which such owner shall dip his sheep, but so that such extension shall not exceed sixty days prior to the 31st day of December. For every sheep not so dipped, such owner shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two shillings.

Notice to dip  
sheep affected  
with lice.

29. (1) If any Inspector is satisfied that any sheep are affected with lice, he may give the owner thereof notice requiring him to dip such sheep to the satisfaction of the said Inspector or any other Inspector, within a period to be specified in such notice.

Penalty for  
neglect to dip  
after notice.

(2) Every such owner who refuses, neglects or fails to comply with such notice shall be liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds :

Provided that if, in the opinion of any Inspector, the said sheep are fit for slaughter, either for consumption as the food of man or for boiling down, and shall be slaughtered before the expiration of

the period specified in the said notice within which the said owner was required to dip such sheep, no penalty shall be incurred under this section.

(3) If after the expiration of one month from the date of a conviction under this section the sheep in respect of which such conviction has been obtained shall not have been dipped to the satisfaction of an Inspector, the owner of such sheep shall, upon conviction, be liable to a farther penalty of fifty pounds, and so on for every succeeding period of one week :

Provided that if, in the opinion of any Inspector, the said sheep are fit for slaughter, either for consumption as the food of man or for boiling down, and shall be slaughtered within the period of one month from the date of a conviction under this section, no further penalty shall be incurred under this subsection.

30. Every person who by himself, his agent or servant, drives, without the permission of an Inspector, or depastures or suffers to stray, any sheep affected with lice, shall be liable on conviction for every day during which such sheep shall be so driven, depastured or suffered to stray, to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and not less than one pound.

Penalty for driving sheep affected with lice.

31. (1) If any sheep affected with lice shall be found in any pound or in any yard, or on any land or other place at which sheep are offered for sale, the owner of such sheep shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

Penalty on owner of sheep affected with lice found in any pound, etc.

(2) Any Inspector may order the withdrawal from sale of any sheep affected with lice until such sheep have been dipped to the satisfaction of the said Inspector or any other Inspector, and every owner of such sheep who refuses, neglects or fails to comply with such order shall be liable to a further penalty not exceeding twenty pounds.

32. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or any notice given thereunder, it shall not be necessary to dip any ewe affected with lice during such time previous to or after her lambing as an Inspector may appoint; and for such purpose

Ewes not to be dipped during lambing time.

any Inspector may, in respect of ewes, extend any notice to dip for such time as he shall think fit.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Expenses  
attending  
destruction of  
sheep.

33. All expenses attending the destruction of any sheep destroyed under this Ordinance shall be payable by their owner, and no person shall recover any compensation whatever for any sheep destroyed under the authority of this Ordinance.

Removing and  
herding  
infected sheep.

34. If it shall appear to an Inspector, upon his own view, that any infected sheep may, because of their vicinity to the flocks of sheep on an adjacent station, cause damage to the owner of those flocks, it shall be lawful for such Inspector to order the owner of such infected sheep to cause them to be removed to such other place on his station as may be approved by the Inspector, or to cause such sheep to be constantly herded by day and kept at night within a proper enclosure.

Sheep must be  
marked.

35. All sheep above the age of six months shall be marked and kept legibly marked by the owner thereof with his registered mark.

Proof of  
ownership.

36. Proof that the registered mark of any owner is marked on any sheep, and that it is the only registered mark thereon, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the ownership of such sheep.

Offences.

37. Every person found guilty of any of the following acts relating to the marks and marking of any sheep shall on conviction for every such offence be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds, viz. :—

Wrongful  
marking.

(1) Wilfully or negligently marking or permitting any sheep of which he is not the owner to be marked with his registered mark.

Defacing  
marks.

(2) Wilfully defacing, destroying, cropping or altering any ear or other mark on sheep of which he is not the owner or permitting or being privy thereto.

Mutilating.

(3) Cutting off the tip or more than one-fourth of the ear of any sheep.

(4) Using on any sheep the registered mark of any other person without his authority.

Using another's mark.

38. For defraying the cost and expenses of carrying this Ordinance into effect there shall be raised, levied and collected on all land in the Colony, save and except all Town Lands and all unleased Crown Lands reserved for any public purposes, a tax at the rate of one-twelfth of a penny per acre, or such other less rate as the Governor in Council may determine, and as may be notified in the *Gazette*, which tax shall be paid to the Colonial Treasurer by the owners, lessees or managers of such land on or before the 31st day of December in each year, and shall constitute a first charge or lien on the lands in respect of which the same is due.

Scab tax.

In computing the amount of the rate, the acreage of land upon which such rate shall be levied shall be accepted and taken as set forth in the third column of the Second Schedule hereto.

39. If any farmer liable to pay such tax fails in any year to pay the amount due by him to the Colonial Treasurer on or before the 31st day of December, the amount, together with an additional sum equal to one-sixth part thereof by way of penalty, may be recovered as herein mentioned.

Failure to pay tax.

40. The Governor may by warrant order the payment from the proceeds of such tax of all expenses which may at any time be found necessary for carrying this Ordinance into effect.

Defraying expenses of this Ordinance.

41. All penalties and expenses under this Ordinance may be recovered in a summary way before a Magistrate on the complaint of an Inspector, and all penalties or moiety of penalties, when the half is payable to an informer, shall be paid into the Colonial Treasury and applied with the yearly tax in defraying the expenses of carrying this Ordinance into effect.

Recovery of penalties.

42. Any statement, certificate, notice or order of an Inspector shall, in every case for the purposes of this Ordinance, be *prima facie* evidence of the

Certificate, etc., of Inspector to be evidence.

truth of the matter contained therein, and shall be considered conclusive unless the contrary be proved.

Rules.

43. The Governor in Council may from time to time make rules—

For determining the powers and duties of Inspectors.

For establishing proper places for dipping and prescribing the mode and times of dipping, the medicaments and appliances to be used, and the precautions and measures to be adopted by the owner of infected sheep.

For establishing proper paddocks in which sheep may be kept after being gathered for inspection.

For the inspection and landing of sheep, relating to quarantine, the marking of sheep, the seizure, destruction or disposal of stray sheep, and generally with reference to any matter in connection with this Ordinance, and the Governor may, subject to such rules, if any, and to the provisions of this Ordinance, impose such restrictions and conditions and issue such orders with reference to imported sheep, quarantine, paddocks, infected places or sheep therein as he may deem expedient.

Governor may  
prohibit  
importation.

44. The Governor in Council may from time to time by proclamation prohibit the importation or introduction into the Colony or into any particular port thereof of any sheep, cattle, horses or other animals, or of any hay, straw, fodder or other article, either generally or from any places that may be named in such proclamation, for such periods as he may deem necessary for the purpose of preventing the introduction of any infectious and contagious disorder among the sheep, cattle, horses or other animals in this Colony.

Regulations.

45. The Governor in Council may from time to time by proclamation make such regulations for subjecting any sheep, cattle, horses or other animals to quarantine, or for causing the same to be destroyed upon their arrival in the Colony, or for destroying



any hay, straw, fodder or other article, whereby it appears to him that infection or contagion may be conveyed, and generally to make such regulations with respect to the importation of sheep, cattle, horses or other animals as he may consider necessary to prevent the introduction of any contagious or infectious disorder.

46. In cases where no specific penalty is provided elsewhere in this Ordinance, every person who shall wilfully neglect or omit to give any notice or make any return required, or to carry out any lawful order given under this Ordinance, shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for every day's default.

Penalties for neglect.

47. Any person who shall commit a breach of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or of any proclamation or rule made hereunder to which a penalty is not attached, shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding one hundred pounds.

Penalties for breach.

48. Every person who shall make or sign any declaration, report or certificate respecting any sheep, knowing the same to be false, or shall forge or alter or utter any declaration, return, report, notice, certificate or permit, knowing the same to be forged or altered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be liable to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three years, with or without hard labour.

False declaration a misdemeanour.

49. Any person who wilfully communicates or attempts to communicate to any sheep scab or any other infectious or contagious disease shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for any term not exceeding three years.

Infecting sheep a misdemeanour.

50. The forms set out in the First Schedule to this Ordinance, or such other forms as the Governor may from time to time approve, shall be used in all cases to which such forms are applicable.

Forms.

51. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Live Stock Ordinance, 1901."

Short title.

## FIRST SCHEDULE.

## SCAB NOTICE.

FORM 1. (*Section 8.*)

Notice is hereby given that the sheep on \_\_\_\_\_ belonging to \_\_\_\_\_ are infected sheep within the meaning of "The Live Stock Ordinance, 1901," and that the\*

\_\_\_\_\_ is in quarantine.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

*Inspector.*

\* *Here insert exact locality.*

## CLEAN CERTIFICATE.

FORM 2. (*Section 8.*)

I do hereby certify that the sheep on \_\_\_\_\_ Station \_\_\_\_\_ belonging to \_\_\_\_\_, an order to clean which sheep was issued on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, are at the date hereof not infected sheep, and that the\*

\_\_\_\_\_ is released from quarantine.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

*Inspector.*

\* *Here insert exact locality.*

## DECLARATION.

FORM 3. (*Section 12.*)

I solemnly declare that (\* I have made to the best of my belief a complete gathering of all sheep on station \_\_\_\_\_ and that) my sheep marked \_\_\_\_\_ being \_\_\_\_\_ in number now being at \_\_\_\_\_

have not within three months undergone any dipping or dressing, nor have they within six months been mixed with any infected sheep nor depastured on any land in quarantine nor placed in any yard or enclosure in which there were any infected sheep, and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true.

*Owner.*

Declared before me at \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

*Inspector.*

\* *May be omitted when not required by the Inspector.*

## RELEASE FROM QUARANTINE.

## FORM 4. (Section 27.)

I certify that I have examined the sheep described below imported by \_\_\_\_\_ in the S.S. \_\_\_\_\_ on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_, which sheep have been in quarantine for \_\_\_\_\_ days, and I hereby certify that the said sheep are free from any disorder and they are hereby released from quarantine.

Ewes,  
Wethers,  
Lambs,  
Rams.

Inspector.

Date \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_.

## ANNUAL RETURN.

## FORM 5. (Section 13.)

Relating to	Number.		Station.
			Registered Ear Mark.
Rams ... ..	Males.	Females.	
Wethers ... ..			
Ewes for breeding ... ..			
"    " slaughter ... ..			
Lambs ... ..			
Total ... ..			

I solemnly and sincerely declare the foregoing is to the best of my knowledge and belief a complete and accurate statement of all sheep and lambs on

station on the 1st day of May, 19\_\_\_\_.

NOTE.—This return must be made and transmitted to the Chief Inspector on or before May 31st in each year. (See Section 13.)

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

No. of Section.	Name of Section.	Acreage assumed for this Ordinance.	
0	Lafonia ... ..	700,000	
1	Port Harriet ... ..	6,000	
2	Kelp Lagoon ... ..	10,000	
3	Long Island ... ..	6,000	
4	Kidney Cove ... ..	6,000	
5	S. Port Louis ... ..	8,000	
6	Part Howgate ... ..	6,000	
7	Cantera ... ..	11,936	
8	Darwin ... ..	10,122	
9	Rio Pedro ... ..	10,000	
10	Second Corral ... ..	10,000	
11 } 12 }	S. of Salvador ... ..	20,655	
13	Part Howgate ... ..	6,000	
14	N. Port Louis ... ..	6,000	
15	Fitzroy ... ..	10,000	
16	Swan Inlet ... ..	10,000	
17	Island Harbour ... ..	6,000	
18	Mount Pleasant ... ..	14,000	
19	Shailers Creek ... ..	10,000	
20	S. San Carlos ... ..	6,000	
21	Part Howgate ... ..	6,000	
22	Pt. W. Cove Reserve ... ..	4,460	
22A	" " " " ... ..	1,540	
23	Fanning Head ... ..	6,000	
24	Teal Creek ... ..	6,000	
25	W. Norton Inlet ... ..	10,000	
26	Archers Cove ... ..	6,000	
27	Bluff Creek ... ..	6,000	
28	Port Sussex ... ..	6,000	
28A	" " Reserve ... ..	2,224	
29	N. Swan Inlet ... ..	6,000	
30	McKinnon Creek ... ..	6,000	
31	In Choiseul Sound ... ..	6,000	
32	" " " " ... ..	6,000	
33	Rincon Grande ... ..	6,000	
34	Laguna Isla ... ..	6,000	
35	Bluff Cove ... ..	6,000	As surveyed 15,485 acres.
36	Middle Point ... ..	6,000	
37	N. San Carlos ... ..	6,000	
38	W. Bluff Cove, or ... ..	5,500	As surveyed 16,423 acres.
38	North Fitzroy ... ..	500	
39	S. San Carlos ... ..	6,000	
40	Cape Dolphin ... ..	6,000	
41	Limpet Creek ... ..	6,000	
42	Elephant Creek ... ..	6,000	
43	Cape Carysfort ... ..	6,000	

SECOND SCHEDULE—*continued.*

No. of Section.	Name of Section.	Acreage assumed for this Ordinance.	
44	West of 38 ...	6,000	
45	Elephant Creek ...	6,000	
46	Estancia ...	6,000	
47	Part Howgate ...	6,000	
48	" " ...	6,000	
49	S. of No. 10 ...	6,000	
50	Johnson's Harbour ...	6,000	
51	" " ...	6,000	
52	" " ...	6,000	
53	Salt Lagoon ...	6,000	
54	S. W. of 12 ...	6,000	
55	Arroyo Malo ...	6,000	
56	S. of 55 ...	6,000	
57	Sparrow Cove ...	6,000	
57	" " Suburban	1,500	
58	Sisters ...	6,000	
59			
60	Berkeley Sound ...	15,000	
61			
59			
60	" " Suburban	1,228	
61			
62	S. W. of Estancia ...	6,000	
63	W. Cow Bay ...	6,000	
64	" " " ...	6,000	
65	W. of 64 ...	6,000	
66	McBride's Head ...	6,000	
67	Cape Frehel ...	6,000	
68	Whittington's Rincon ...	13,127	As surveyed 17,777 acres.
69	N. E. of Wickham Hts. ...	21,000	
70	N. " " " ...	21,000	
71	Part Howgate ...	6,000	
71B	" " ...	6,000	
72	Cape Bougainville ...	24,000	
73	Third Corral ...	6,000	
74	Bodie Peak ...	37,000	
75	S. of Wickham Heights ...	23,000	
76	Part Cape Frehel ...	6,000	
77	Mullet Creek ...	2,000	As surveyed 4,500 acres.
78	Moody Valley ...	3,000	" " 6,975 "
79	Peninsula ...	900	" " 1,800 "

## WEST FAULKLAND.

101	White Rock ...	26,000
102	Port Purvis or } ...	87,000
	Port Howard }	
103	Roy Cove ...	61,400

## SECOND SCHEDULE--continued.

No. of Section.	Name of Section.	Acreage assumed for this Ordinance.
103A	Hill Cove ... ..	109,720
104	Many Branches ... ..	12,120
104A	Mount Moody ... ..	28,920
105	Chartres ... ..	100,000
106	Dunnose Head ... ..	58,200
107	East Fox Bay ... ..	40,800
108	W. Fox Bay ... ..	76,297
108A	Spring Point ... ..	60,493
109	Port Edgar ... ..	70,640
110	" Stephens ... ..	90,400
110	" " ... ..	21,760

## ISLANDS.

Beaver ... ..	12,000
Bense ... ..	300
Carcass ... ..	3,600
Dunbar ... ..	724
E. Fitzroy ... ..	320
Fanning ... ..	720
Hummock ... ..	500
Jasons ... ..	6,520
Keppell ... ..	8,320
" Passage and Dry	800
New ... ..	6,000
Pebble ... ..	25,600
Rabbit ... ..	400
Sedge ... ..	1,120
Split ... ..	480
Saunders ... ..	21,000
West Passage ... ..	6,000
West Point ... ..	3,400
Weddell ... ..	54,000