

the Governor shall have provided one complete set of the imperial standard weights and measures, verified and stamped at the Exchequer, together with the proper beams, scales, and stamps, the Justices resident in Stanley assembled at a meeting, or at any adjournment thereof, to be called from time to time by the stipendiary magistrate, are hereby empowered from time to time to appoint an inspector of weights and measures, and to dismiss any Inspector so appointed as occasion may require; and the Inspector so appointed shall possess and exercise all the powers and authorities within the Falkland Islands, and be subject to the like penalties for any neglect or offences in the discharge of his duty, which any inspector may possess or exercise, or be liable to by virtue of the said Act; and the weights, measures, scales, and stamps so provided shall be kept by the inspector for the time being, unless the Justices shall otherwise order, and shall be considered to all intents the same for all purposes as if they had been provided under the authority of the said Act, and the fees in the schedule contained in the said Act shall be paid to and received by the inspector for his own use.

36. That any person who shall use any weight or measure other than those authorised by the said recited Act for the sale of any article shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds; and any contract, bargain, or sale by any fraudulent weights or measures so used shall be void, and every such light or unjust weight or measure so used shall, on being discovered by any constable, be seized by him; and upon the conviction of the person so using or possessing the same shall be forfeited and forthwith destroyed.

Punishment for false weights and measures.

[Clause 37, relating to wild cattle, repealed. See page 71.]

38. That if any person shall wilfully or negligently set on fire any grass or other herbage on land not in his own possession, and if on Crown land, without the consent of the Governor for the time being, if on land in the possession of any other party without his authority, he shall pay a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.

Setting fire to the camp.

[Clause 39, relating to injury to Property, repealed. See page 54.]

40. That if any person shall cut, or cause to be cut, any peat upon land the property of the Crown, without the consent of the Governor, he shall pay for every day the peat shall be so unlawfully cut a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Penalty for cutting peat on Crown land.

41. That the town of Stanley, for the purposes of this Ordinance, shall extend to such place as the Governor shall from time to time define by any proclamation for that purpose issued.

Limits of Stanley.

42. Whereas the delay incident to a previous communication with Her Majesty to know Her royal pleasure hereupon would be productive of inconvenience: Be it therefore enacted that this Ordinance shall take effect and come into operation on the 1st day of October, 1853, and the Ordinance intituled "Police Ordinance," No 6, of 1851, shall from and after that day be repealed, save and except as to all offences contrary to the said Ordinance committed before that day, which shall be dealt with and punished as if this Ordinance had not passed.

Ordinance to commence on 1st October 1853.

(Signed) GEORGE RENNIE, *Governor.*

Passed the Legislative Council on the 1st of September, 1853.

(Signed) J. R. LONGDEN, *Colonial Secretary.*

9.

Registration Ordinance.

In the year 1853.—No. 12.

Clause.

1. Registry Office. Governor may appoint a Deputy Registrar.
2. Deed, contract, voluntary conveyance affecting land to be registered.
3. Judgment, private Ordinance, &c., affecting land to be registered.
4. Wills affecting land to be registered.
5. Memorial of Judgment.
6. Memorial of Inquisition.
7. Memorial of bankruptcy.
8. Memorial of insolvency.
9. Memorial of private Ordinance.
10. Memorial to describe the land.

11. General Index Book.
12. Record Books.
13. Proceedings on presenting instrument for registration certificate. Receipt.
14. Recital. Notice sent to Registrar. Inspection. Copy. Evidence.
15. Notice of Crown grant to be sent to Registrar to complete general index. Notices preserved.
16. Fees.
17. Interpretation Clause.
18. Register Books
19. Registrar to register births and deaths.
20. Parent or occupier of house to give particulars.
21. Name of baptism may be added to register within six months.
22. Persons to give particulars of death. Recital that Colonial Chaplain has kept registers.
23. Registers of baptisms, marriages, and burials made legal.
24. Clergyman to keep registers of baptisms and burials.
25. Clergyman to keep marriage registers.
26. Clergyman to send register. Annual certificates.
27. Abstract to be sent to Governor on 15th January in every year.
28. Registrar to make indexes of all certified copies of the Register's right to search.
29. Register to be signed by informant.
30. Searching books.
31. Penalty for wilful false information.
32. Wilfully inserting in a copy or general abstract false entries. Verifying false entries.
33. Penalty for not duly registering births, deaths, and marriages, or for losing or injuring the registers.
34. Penalty for destroying or falsifying Register Books.
35. Accidental errors may be corrected.
36. Maps, &c., to be delivered to new Registrar.
37. Punishment for refusal to give up books, &c.
38. Ordinance to commence on 1st January, 1854. Repeal of former Ordinance. Exceptions.

By his Excellency GEORGE RENNIE, Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof; be it enacted:—

Registry Office.

1. THAT there shall be an office at Stanley for the registration of all deeds affecting land, and for the registration of births, deaths, and marriages, which shall be called the Registry Office, and the Governor shall from time to time appoint a person to be Registrar, and may revoke any such appointment, and the Governor from time to time may appoint a Deputy Registrar to act in case of the illness, absence, or incapacity of any Registrar, and from time to time may revoke any such appointment; and the Deputy Registrar while so acting shall have all the powers, and discharge the like duties, and be subject to all the provisions and penalties relating to Registrars.

Governor may appoint a Deputy Registrar.

Deed contract, voluntary conveyance affecting land to be registered.

2. That every deed, contract, or voluntary conveyance shall, so far as regards any land to be affected thereby, be void, unless registered as follows (that is to say):—

1st. If executed in Stanley within ten days from its date;

2nd. If executed elsewhere in the Falkland Islands within thirty days from its date:

3rd. If executed elsewhere than in the Falkland Islands within one year from its date:

Provided that no lease or agreement for a lease at any time not exceeding seven years from the date thereof, nor any assignment thereof, nor any lease or agreement for a lease by the Crown, shall be registered.

Judgment, private Ordinance, &c., affecting land to be registered.

3. That every judgment, private Ordinance, inquisition, declaration of bankruptcy or insolvency, shall be void so far as regards any land to be affected thereby, unless registered by memorial within ten days from the date thereof.

Wills affecting land to be registered.

4. That every will, so far as regards any land to be affected thereby, shall be void, unless registered as follows, that is to say:—

1st. Of any person dying in the Falkland Islands within two months after the death of the testator:

2nd. Of any person dying elsewhere than in the Falkland Islands within eighteen months after the death of the testator.

Memorial of judgment.

5. That the memorial of a judgment shall express the date and title of the cause, and so much of the decree or judgment as shall relate to the land affected thereby.

Memorial of inquisition.

6. That the memorial of an inquisition shall express the name of the defendant and the date of the inquisition.

Memorial of bankruptcy.

7. That the memorial of a bankruptcy shall express the name of the bankrupt and the date of the declaration of bankruptcy.

8. That the memorial of an insolvency shall express the name of the insolvent and the date of the declaration of insolvency. Memorial of insolvency.
9. That the memorial of a private Ordinance shall express the title, date and number thereof. Memorial of private Ordinance.
10. That each memorial shall describe the land to which the same shall relate by a reference to the number of the Crown grant, and shall refer to the allotment of the land as numbered and described therein; and every memorial shall be kept by the Registrar in his office in such order and manner as he shall think fit, so that the same may be most readily seen and inspected, and shall be as near as may be in the words or to the effect of such one of the forms in Schedule A as shall be applicable. Memorial to describe the land.
11. That the Registrar shall keep a set of books to be numbered consecutively, which shall be called the General Index Books, and the titles in such books shall consist of the numbers consecutively of the grants of land as numbered by the Crown, and each title shall refer to the allotment of the land as numbered and described in the notice of the Crown grant as hereinafter provided; and all instruments relating to the same allotment shall be entered and numbered consecutively under the same title in the order presented for registration in the Form B hereunto annexed, and every entry shall be divided from the following entry by a line, and, when recorded, reference shall be made in the blank space of the form allotted for that purpose to the volume of the Record Book, and to the page of the volume where the instrument is recorded, and each General Index Book shall have an index in which shall be stated in alphabetical order the name of every party to every instrument entered in the volume. General index books.
12. That the Registrar shall keep a set of books to be numbered consecutively, which shall be called Record Book, and shall, as soon as practicable, cause each instrument, in the order presented for registration, together with the certificate of registry placed thereon, as hereinafter provided, to be copied at full length in one of the Record Books, and shall cause every instrument as entered in each book to be numbered consecutively from one upwards; and each Record Book shall have an index in which shall be stated in alphabetical order the name of every party to every instrument recorded in the volume, with a reference to the page of the volume where the instrument is recorded to which the individual is a party. Record Books.
13. That immediately upon the presentation of any instrument the Registrar shall, in the presence of the party presenting such instrument, forthwith enter the same as hereinbefore directed in the General Index Book, which entry shall be there signed by the party in the space of the form allotted for that purpose, and the Registrar shall in the presence of the party, place upon the instrument a certificate of registry under his signature, in the words as near as may be or to the effect in the Form C; and any such certificate, purporting to be signed by the Registrar, shall be received as evidence of the registration of the instrument to which the same relates, unless it shall be proved that the same certificate is a forgery, and that the date of any such certificate shall be taken to be the date the instrument was registered; and the Registrar shall give to the party a receipt in the words or to the effect of the form in Schedule D. Proceedings on presenting instruments for registration.
Certificate.
Receipt.
14. Whereas of each grant of land that has been issued by the Crown a duplicate on parchment signed by the Governor has been preserved in the Governor's office, and all such duplicates are now there of record bound in one volume, and numbered consecutively from one upwards; and at the time each grant of land issued a notice was sent by the Governor to the Registrar, containing the particulars hereinafter required to be stated in the notice of a Crown grant: Be it therefore enacted, that any person may inspect and peruse the said duplicate grant book of grants which have been or shall hereafter be issued upon payment of the sum of ten shillings for each search, and shall be at liberty to have a copy of any duplicate grant therein upon the payment of two pounds, and any such copy certified to be a true copy by the Governor, on proof of his signature, or the duplicate grant itself, shall, in the event of the loss of the original grant, be conclusive evidence of the contents of the original. Recital.
Notice sent to Registrar.
Inspection.
Evidence.
15. That within five days after the issue of any Crown grant the officer from time to time appointed by the Governor for that purpose shall transmit to the Registrar a notice, which shall express the number of the grant, its date, the quantity and description of the land granted, by reference to the number and description of the allotment in the Crown grant, and the name of the grantee; and the Registrar shall continue the titles in the General Index Book, as hereinbefore

- Notices preserved. directed, according to the particulars stated in such notice; and all notices that have been and shall be sent to the Registrar shall be kept in his office, in such order and manner as he shall think fit, so that the same may be most readily seen and inspected.
- Fees. 16. That any clergyman or Registrar may demand and receive to his own use the fees allowed to him in Schedule E hereunto annexed; and it shall be lawful for the Governor from time to time, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, to make any alteration in the said Schedule.
- Interpretation clause. 17. That in the construction of this Ordinance, the word "Registrar" shall be understood to include the Deputy Registrar, and the word "land" shall extend to any estate or interest whatever in real property, and the word "will" shall extend to a codicil, and the word "instrument" shall extend to any deed, contract, will, codicil, or any memorial hereby authorised to be registered.
- Register books. 18. That the Registrar shall keep three sets of books, each set to be numbered consecutively; one set shall be called registers of births, another registers of deaths, and a third registers of marriages; and in them shall be written upon each side of every leaf the heads of information herein required to be known and registered of births, deaths and marriages respectively, and every page of such book shall be numbered progressively from beginning to the end, beginning with No. 1, and every place of entry shall also be numbered progressively from beginning to the end of the book, beginning with No. 1, and every entry shall be divided from the following entry by a line, and each book shall have an index, in which shall be stated, in alphabetical order, the name of every party whose birth, death or marriage respectively shall be registered in that book.
- Registrar to register births and deaths. 19. That the Registrar shall inform himself of every birth and death which shall happen within the Falkland Islands, and register as soon after the event as conveniently may be done in the appropriate book, the particulars, according to the forms in Schedules G and H respectively, touching every such birth, or every such death, as the case may be, every such entry being made in order, from the beginning to the end of the book.
- Parent or occupier of house to give particulars. 20. That the father or mother of every child born in the Falkland Islands, or in case of the death, illness, or absence, or inability of the father or mother, the occupier of the house or tenement in which such child shall have been born, shall, if in Stanley within ten days, if elsewhere within a reasonable time next after the day of every such birth, give information, upon being requested so to do, to the Registrar, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be registered, touching the birth of every such child, or shall pay a fine not exceeding five pounds.
- Name of baptism may be added to register within six months. 21. That if any child whose birth shall have been registered, shall within six months have any name given to it in baptism, the person procuring such name to be given, may within seven days after such baptism procure and deliver to the Registrar a certificate, according to the form in Schedule I annexed, which certificate the minister who performed the rite of baptism is hereby required to give, whenever the same shall be demanded, on payment of the fee of one shilling to his use, and the Registrar, on receipt of such certificate, and on payment of the fee of one shilling to his use, shall without any erasure of the original entry forthwith register therein that the child was baptised with such name.
- Persons to give particulars of death. 22. That some person present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness of any person dying in the Falkland Islands, or in case of the death, illness, or inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or tenement, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, some inmate of the house or tenement in which such death shall have happened, shall within eight days, if in Stanley, if elsewhere, within a reasonable time next after the day of such death, give information, upon being requested so to do, to the Registrar, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be registered, touching the death of such person, or shall pay a fine not exceeding five pounds: Provided always, that in every case in which an inquest shall be held on any dead body, the jury shall inquire of the particulars herein required to be registered concerning the death, and the coroner shall inform the Registrar of the finding of the jury, and the Registrar shall make the entry accordingly.
- Escital that the Colonial Chaplain has kept registers. Whereas the Government has provided the Rev. James Leith Moody, Colonial Chaplain, with register-books of baptisms, marriages and burials in the forms respectively required by the 52 Geo. 3, cap. 146, and the said Colonial Chaplain has registered in such books respectively the baptisms, marriages, and burials solemnised by him since

the 27th day of October, 1845; and whereas the said recited Act is not in force in this colony, by reason, amongst other things, that the said Colonial Chaplain is not a parochial minister within the meaning of the said Act; be it therefore enacted:—

23. That each of the said register-books shall be deemed to have been made under the provisions of the said recited Act, and each entry in either of the said books relating to any baptism, marriage or burial, as the case may be, shall be evidence of the facts stated therein.

Registers of baptisms, marriages and burials made legal.

24. That the Colonial Chaplain, or other minister, who shall baptise or bury any person, shall, as soon as possible after the solemnisation of such baptism or burial respectively, record and enter the same in the proper register-book provided as aforesaid, or to be hereafter provided, the several particulars described in the Schedules A to C respectively, to the said Act annexed, and sign the same; and in no case, unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable impediment, later than within seven days after the ceremony of any such baptism or burial shall have taken place.

Clergymen to keep registers of baptisms and burials.

25. That the clergyman, immediately after every office of matrimony solemnised by him, shall register in duplicate in two books, to be called marriage register-books, the several particulars relating to that marriage according to the form of the Schedule F, and every such entry shall be signed by the clergyman, the parties married, and by two witnesses; and every page of such book shall be numbered progressively from beginning to the end, beginning with No. 1, and every place of entry shall also be numbered progressively from beginning to the end of the book, beginning with No. 1, and every entry shall be divided from the following entry by a line, and one of such books shall be kept by him with the registers of baptisms and burials, and the other of such books when filled shall be transmitted by him to the Registrar, and shall be kept by him with the other registers in his office; and any clergyman who shall solemnise such marriage may ask of the parties to be married the several particulars herein required to be registered touching such marriage, and each book shall have an index, in which shall be stated in alphabetical order the name of every party whose marriage shall be registered in that book.

Clergymen to keep marriage registers.

26. That each clergyman shall, on or before the 10th day of January in each year, make and deliver to the Registrar a true copy of all the entries of marriages in the register-book kept by him during the preceding year, verified and signed by him in the form following:—

Clergyman to send Registrar annual certificates.

“I, _____ do hereby solemnly declare that the writings hereto annexed, purporting to be copies of the several entries contained in the register-book of marriages, from the 31st day of December, 18____, to the 31st day of December, 18____, are true copies of the several entries in the said register-book from the said 31st day of December, 18____, to the said 31st day of December, 18____, and that no other entry during such period is contained in such book, and that such entries are truly made according to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Signed)

The first certificate to be given on the 10th day of January, 1854, and to contain all the entries made during the preceding year, and the certified copies so sent to the Registrar shall be thereafter kept in his office in such order and manner as the Registrar shall think fit, so that the same may be most readily seen and examined.

27. That on or before the 15th day of January in each year the Registrar shall send to the Governor a general abstract of the number of births, deaths, and marriages registered during the foregoing year, and each minister shall send to the Governor a general abstract of the number of baptisms and burials registered during the foregoing year, in such form as the Governor shall from time to time request; and if any Registrar or minister shall refuse, or without reasonable cause shall omit to send any such general abstract, he shall for such offence pay a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

Abstract to be sent to Governor on 15th January in every year.

28. That the Registrar shall cause indexes of all certified copies of the registers to be made and kept in the registry office, and any person shall be entitled, on payment of the fees hereinafter mentioned, to search the said indexes at reasonable hours, and to have a certified copy of any entry in the said certified copies of the registers.

Registrar to make indexes of all certified copies of the registers. Right to search.

29. That the person by whom the information contained in any register of birth or death under this Ordinance shall have been given, shall sign his name, description, and place of abode in the register, and no register of birth or death shall be given in evidence which shall not be signed by some person professing to be the informant, and to be such party as is herein required to give such information to the Registrar.

Register to be signed by informant.

30. That the clergyman or Registrar who shall have the keeping of any such register book shall at all reasonable hours allow searches to be made in any such register book, and shall upon demand give a copy, certified under his hand, of any

Searching books.

entry in the same; and any such certificate purporting to be signed by the clergyman or Registrar shall be received as evidence of the contents thereof, without any proof of his handwriting, unless it shall be proved that the same certificate is a forgery.

Penalty for wilful false information.

31. That if any person shall wilfully make or cause to be made (for the purpose of being inserted in any register) any false statement, touching any of the particulars herein required to be known and registered, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and upon conviction of any such offence he shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding two years, as the Court shall deem fit.

Wilfully inserting in a copy or general abstract false entries.

Verifying false entries.

32. That if any person shall knowingly or wilfully insert, or cause or permit to be inserted, in any copy of any register book or general abstract, so directed to be transmitted as aforesaid, any false entry, or shall knowingly or wilfully sign or verify any such copy or general abstract, knowing the same to be false, he shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be transported beyond the sea, or to be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding two years.

Penalty for not duly registering births, deaths and marriages or for losing or injuring registers.

33. That any person who shall refuse or without reasonable cause omit to register any marriage solemnized by him, or any baptism or burial which he ought to register, and any Registrar who shall refuse or without reasonable cause omit to register any birth or death of which he shall have had due notice as aforesaid, and any person having the custody of any map, register-book, or certified copy thereof, or of any part thereof, who shall carelessly lose or injure the same, or carelessly allow the same to be injured whilst in his keeping, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty pounds for any such offence.

Penalty for destroying or falsifying register-books.

34. That any person who shall wilfully destroy or injure, or cause to be destroyed or injured, any such map or register-book, or shall falsely make or counterfeit, or cause to be falsely made or counterfeited, any part of any such map or register-book or certified copy thereof, or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such map or register-book, or certified copy thereof, any false entry of any instrument, land, birth, death, marriage, baptism, or burial, or shall wilfully give or utter any false certificate, or shall certify any writing to be a copy or extract of any such map or register book, or utter any such certificate, knowing the same register to be false in any part thereof, shall be guilty of felony, and shall be liable to be transported for any period not exceeding seven years, or to be imprisoned, with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding two years.

Accidental errors may be corrected.

35. That no person charged with the duty of registering any birth, death or marriage, who shall discover any error to have been committed in the form or substance of any such entry, shall be therefore liable to any of the penalties aforesaid, if within one month next after the discovery of such error, in the presence of the parent of the child whose birth may have been so registered, or of the parties married, or of two persons attending any person in his last illness whose death may have been so registered, or in case of the death or absence of the respective parties aforesaid, of two credible witnesses, who shall respectively attest the same, he shall correct the erroneous entry according to the truth of the case, by entry in the margin without any alteration of the original entry, and shall sign the marginal entry, and add thereunto the day of the month and year when such correction shall be made: Provided that, in the case of a marriage register he shall make the like marginal entry, attested in like manner, in the duplicate marriage register-book to be made by him as aforesaid, and in every such case shall make the like alteration in the certified copy of the register-book to be made by him as aforesaid; or in case such certified copy shall have been already made, provided he shall make and deliver in like manner a separate certified copy of the original erroneous entry, and of the marginal correction therewith made.

36. Whereas, in pursuance of an Ordinance passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Deeds and Instruments affecting Real Property," which said Ordinance expired on the 1st January, 1850, a Register Office was established and a Registrar appointed, and various maps, books, papers, instruments and other things belonging to the said office are now in the possession of the late Registrar, appointed under the Ordinance intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Land, Births and Deaths;" be it enacted: That all maps, books, papers, boxes, keys, documents, and other things in the possession of the said last-mentioned Registrar shall be given as soon as conveniently may be to the first Registrar appointed under this Ordinance, and shall from and after the receipt of the same remain and continue in the custody of the Registrar for the time being under this Ordinance, and the said books, maps and

Maps, &c., to be delivered to new Registrar.

papers may be continued and used by the Registrar for the time being under this Ordinance, so far as he can do so and comply with the provisions hereof.

37. That in every case in which any Registrar shall cease to hold the said office, all registers, boxes, keys, books, maps, documents and papers in his possession relating to his office as Registrar shall be given as soon as conveniently may be to his successor in office, and if any Registrar shall refuse to give up any box, key, book, document, map or paper, in such case as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any justice, upon application made for that purpose, to issue a warrant for bringing such Registrar before any two justices, and upon such Registrar appearing, or not being found, it shall be lawful for such justices to hear and determine the matter in a summary way; and if it shall appear to the justices that any such box, key, book, document, map or paper, is in the custody or power of any such Registrar, and that he has without reasonable cause refused or wilfully neglected to deliver up the same, he shall pay a fine not exceeding ten pounds, and the justices are hereby required to commit such offender to the common gaol, there to remain without bail until he shall have delivered up the same; and the said justices may grant a warrant to search for such box key, book, document, map or paper, as in the case of stolen goods, in any dwelling-house or other premises in which any credible witness shall prove upon oath before them that there is reasonable cause to suspect the same to be, and the same when found shall be delivered to the person in whose custody it ought to be.

Punishment for refusal to give up books, &c.

38. Whereas the delay incident to a previous communication with Her Majesty, to know Her Royal pleasure hereupon, would be productive of inconvenience: Be it therefore enacted, that this Ordinance shall take effect and come into operation on the first day of January, 1854, and the Ordinance intituled "An Ordinance for the Registration of Land, Births and Deaths," No. 2, of 1851, shall from and after that day be repealed, except as to each and every deed, contract, voluntary conveyance, judgment, bankruptcy, will, birth or death, registered or that might have been registered under the provisions of the said Ordinance, or of the Ordinance intituled "An Ordinance to provide for the Registration of Deeds and Instruments affecting Real Property," No. 4, of 1847, and continued by the said first-recited Ordinance, with respect to which the said first-mentioned Ordinance shall continue and have the same force and effect, to all intents and purposes, the same as if this Ordinance had not passed.

Ordinance to commence on 1st January, 1854.

Repeal of former Ordinance.

Exceptions.

SCHEDULES.

A.—(SECTION 10.)

	Date.	Name of Defendant.	Name of Party registering.	Time of Receipt.
Memorial of—				
Judgment				
Inquisition				
Bankruptcy				
Insolvency				
Private Ordinances				

Land Affected.

Number and Date of Grant.	Number of Allotment.	Description.	Name of Grantee.	Quantity.	Price.	Person in Possession when Memorial was signed.
6. 1st January, 1846	20	Town lot.	A. B.	Two acres.		C. D.

B.—(SECTION 11.)

General Index.

Grant No. 1.—Town of Stanley. Allotment No. 20.

No.	Time of Receipt.	Nature of Instrument.	Date of Instrument.	Name of Grantor or Vendor.	Name of Grantee or Vendee.	Quantity of Allotment.	Signature of Party registering.	Volume and Page of Volume where recorded.
1	1st June, 1842.	Conveyance	31st March, 1842	A. B.	C. D.	The whole		

(Signed) E. F., Registrar.

C.—(SECTION 13.)

Registrar's Certificate on Instrument.

Registry Office, Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Year and Date of Receipt.	Volume of General Index Book, and Page of Volume.	Signature of Party by whom registered.

(Signed) E. F., Registrar.

D.—(SECTION 13.)

Receipt.

No.	Time of Receipt.	Nature of Instrument.	Date of Instrument.	Name of Grantor or Vendor.	Name of Grantee or Vendee.	Quantity of Allotment.	Name of Person registering.
1	1st June, 1842.	Conveyance.	31st March, 1842.	A. B.	E. F.	Two acres.	C. D.

(Signed) G. H., Registrar.

E.—(SECTION 16.)

*Registrar's Fees.**Land.*

For the registration and recording of every instrument of not more than five folios of seventy-two words each, including receipt and certificate of registry	...	...	10	0
For every additional folio of seventy-two words...	...	...	1	0
For every search	...	...	2	6
For an attested copy of or extract from any recorded instrument or deposited memorial or notice, for every folio of seventy-two words	...	...	1	0
For an attested copy of or extract from the general index, for every line	...	...	0	6
For every search or inspection of indexes, recorded instruments, or deposited memorials or notices	...	...	2	6
For comparing, if required, any instrument with the record thereof by reading over the same with the party registering, for every folio of seventy-two words	...	...	0	2
For comparing, if required, any copy or extract supplied by the Registry Office by reading over the same with the party requiring such copy or extract, for every folio of seventy-two words	...	...	0	2
For every other certificate of any description	...	...	2	6

		<i>Births.</i>					s.	d.
For registering every birth	2	6	
For searching the registry books of births—	1	0	
For each name within ten years	0	6	
For every year beyond in addition	0	6	

		<i>Deaths.</i>					s.	d.
For searching the registry books of deaths—	1	0	
For each name within ten years	0	6	
For every year beyond in addition	0	6	
For a copy and certificate of each entry in register books of births and death	2	6	

Clergymen's Fees

		<i>Baptisms.</i>					s.	d.
For searching the registry books of baptisms—	1	0	
For each name within ten years	0	6	
For every year beyond	0	6	

		<i>Burials.</i>					s.	d.
For searching the registry books of burials—	1	0	
For each name within ten years	0	6	
For every year beyond	0	6	
For a copy and certificate of each entry in registry books of baptisms or burials	2	6	

F.—(SECTION 25.)

1836.

MARRIAGES solemnized at [*here state the name of the place*], Falkland Islands.

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession and Country.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
1	17th March, 1836	William Hastings.. Sophia Ann Mitchell	Of full age.. Minor ..	Bachelor Spinster	Carpenter .. English ..	3, South Street 17, High Street	Peter Hastings.. Geoffrey Mitchell	Upholsterer. Butcher.

Married at _____, according to the rites and ceremonies of the Church of England,

by { Registrar's Licence,
Registrar's Certificate,
Governor's Licence,
Governor's Special Licence, } or after Banns by me,

Signature of Minister.

This marriage was solemnized { William Hastings,
Sophia Ann Mitchell, } in presence of us, { John Hastings,
Geoffrey Mitchell.

(To be filled up as the case may require.)

G.—(SECTION 19.)

18 . BIRTHS.

No.	When Born.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name and Surname of Father.	Name and Maiden Name of Mother.	Rank or Profession of Father.	Signature, Description and Residence of Informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Baptismal Name if added after Registration of Birth.
1	7th January	James	Boy	William Green	Rebecca Green, formerly Jennings.	Carpenter	William Green, Father, Carpenter, 17, North Street, Marylebone.	9th January	John Cox, Registrar.	

H.—(SECTION 19.)

18 . DEATHS.

No.	When Died.	Name and Surname.	Sex.	Ago.	Rank or Profession and Country.	Cause of Death.	Signature, Description and Residence of Informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.
7	4th February	William Green..	Male.	43	Carpenter ..		Rebecca Green, Widow, 17, North Street, Marylebone.	5th February.	John Cox, Registrar.

I.—(SECTION 21.)

I, _____, do hereby certify that I have baptized by the name of _____ a _____ child, produced by _____ as the _____ of _____ and declared by the _____ said _____ to have been born at _____ on the _____ day of _____ Witness my hand this _____ day of _____ (Signed) GEORGE RENNIE, *Governor*.

Passed the Legislative Council the 13th September, 1853.
(Signed) J. R. LONGDEN, *Colonial Secretary*.

10.

Summary Jurisdiction Amendment Ordinance.

In the Year 1857.—No. 2.

By His Excellency THOMAS EDWARD LAWS MOORE, Esquire, Captain in the Royal Navy, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Falkland Islands and the Dependencies thereof, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof; be it enacted:

- Ordinance to be part of Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance. 1. THAT this Ordinance be deemed and taken to be a part of the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance of 1853, No. 11, as fully and effectually as if incorporated therein, except as to such clauses of the said Ordinance as are hereinafter amended or repealed, and that all the modes of procedure, provisions and penalties contained in the Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance shall in all cases be applied in this Ordinance as far as they can be applied.
- Repeal of portion of Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance. 2. That so much of the said Summary Jurisdiction Ordinance as relates to offences in the Town of Stanley as are contained in Clause 17, Sections A, B, C and D, be and the same are hereby repealed.
- Sheep, &c., at large. 3. That any persons shall be liable to a fine not exceeding forty shillings who within the Town of Stanley shall turn loose or leave at large, without any person being in charge thereof, any sheep, pigs or goats, or who by negligence or illusage in driving cattle or horses shall cause any mischief, or who shall wantonly pelt, hunt or drive them.
- Mischievous animals. 4. That it shall be lawful for any justice, on proof made to his satisfaction that any bull, cow, horse or other animal is mischievous, or causes reasonable alarm or apprehension, to order that such animal as aforesaid shall not be permitted to be loose within the Town of Stanley, and the owner of any such animal found loose after such order shall have been made shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds.
- Mutual fences. 5. That if a fence be common to the lands of two or more owners, and one of them make complaint that the fence is insufficient against the breach of cattle, mules or horses, by reason of the neglect or refusal of the said owners or any of them to keep the fence in due repair, it shall be lawful for a justice of the peace to examine into the said complaint, and to issue his summons requiring the owner or owners through whose neglect the fence is so insufficient to show cause why he or they should not bear his or their part in repairing the same; and if the owner or owners do not appear, or appearing fail to show to the justice sufficient cause, then it shall be lawful for the said justice to order the said owner or owners to do such portion of the repair of the fence as to such justice shall seem fit; and if any owner or owners on whom such order has been made neglect to obey the same, then it shall be lawful for any justice of the peace to issue his warrant to such persons as he may approve of authorizing them to repair the said fence, and the warrant shall be sufficient to authorise the persons named in the warrant to enter any land that it may be necessary to enter for the purpose of repairing the fence, and for the expenses of such repair the justice may issue his warrant of distress and sale of goods and chattels of the party or parties against whom the order has been made.
- Appeal where cost of fence exceeds £5. 6. That whenever the execution of an order to repair a fence would cause an expense of five pounds or upwards, it shall be lawful for the party against whom the