

(2) The Governor in Council may make regulations with respect to the employment of children and any such regulations may distinguish between children of different ages and sexes and between different localities, trades, occupations and circumstances, and may contain provisions —

- (a) authorising —
- (i) the employment of children before they attain the age at which employment ceases to be prohibited under paragraph (a) of the last foregoing subsection by their parents or guardians in light agricultural or horticultural work;
  - (ii) the employment of children (notwithstanding anything in paragraph (b) of the last foregoing subsection) for not more than one hour before the commencement of school hours on any day on which they are required to attend school;
- (b) prohibiting absolutely the employment of children in any specified occupation;
- (c) prescribing —
- (i) the age below which children are not to be employed;
  - (ii) the numbers of hours in each day, or in each week, for which, and the times of day at which, they may be employed;
  - (iii) the intervals to be allowed to them for meals and rest;
  - (iv) the holidays or half-holidays to be allowed to them;
  - (v) any other conditions to be observed in relation to their employment;

so, however that no such regulations shall modify the restrictions contained in the last foregoing subsection save in so far as is expressly permitted by paragraph (a) of this subsection, and any restriction contained in any such regulations shall have effect in addition to the said restrictions.

3. If any person is employed in contravention of any of the foregoing provisions of this Ordinance, or of any of the provisions of any regulations made thereunder, the employer and any person (other than the person employed) to whose act or default the contravention is attributable shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 or, in the case of a second or subsequent offence, not exceeding £20.

4. The Employment of Children Ordinance is repealed.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

H. L. BOUND,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. 2381.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of May, 1966.

C. HASKARD,  
*Governor.*

LS



No. 2

1966.

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

SIR COSMO HASKARD, K.C.M.G., M.B.E.

*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

To abolish capital punishment in the case of persons convicted in the Colony of murder and, in connection therewith, to make further provisions for the punishment of persons so convicted.

(1st June, 1966)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Murder (Abolition of Death Penalty) Ordinance, 1966.

Short title.

2. (1) No person shall suffer death for murder, and a person convicted of murder shall, subject to subsection (4) below, be sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Abolition of death penalty for murder.

(2) On sentencing any person convicted of murder to imprisonment for life the Court may at the same time declare the period which it recommends to the Governor as the minimum period which in its view should elapse before the Governor orders the release of that person on licence.

(3) For the purpose of any proceedings on or subsequent to a person's trial on a charge of capital murder, that charge and any plea or finding of guilty of capital murder shall be treated as being or having been a charge, or a plea or finding of guilty, of murder only; and if at the commencement of this Ordinance a person is under sentence of death for murder, the sentence shall have effect as a sentence of imprisonment for life.

1933 c. 12

(4) In section 53 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933, there shall be substituted for subsection (1) —

“(1) A person convicted of an offence who appears to the court to have been under the age of eighteen years at the time the offence was committed shall not, if he is convicted of murder, be sentenced to imprisonment for life, nor shall sentence of death be pronounced on or recorded against any such person; but in lieu thereof the court shall (notwithstanding anything in this or in any other law) sentence him to be detained during Her Majesty's pleasure, and if so sentenced he shall be liable to be detained in such place and under such conditions as the Governor may direct.”.

Release on licence of those sentenced for murder.

3. No person convicted of murder shall be released by the Governor on licence unless the Governor has prior to such release consulted the Executive Council together with the trial judge if available.

Duration.

4. This Ordinance shall continue in force until the thirty-first day of July nineteen hundred and seventy-one and shall then expire unless the Legislature by affirmative resolution otherwise determines: and upon the expiration of this Ordinance the law existing immediately prior to the passing of this Ordinance shall, so far as it is repealed or amended by this Ordinance, again operate as though this Ordinance had not been passed, and the said repeals and amendments had not been enacted:

Provided that this Ordinance shall continue to have effect in relation to any murder not shown to have been committed after the expiration of this Ordinance, and for this purpose a murder shall be taken to be committed at the time of the act which causes the death.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Legislative Council, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

H. L. BOUND,  
*Clerk of the Legislative Council.*

Ref. 0790.

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 25th day of May, 1966.

C. HASKARD,  
*Governor.*

LS



No. 3

1966

Colony of the Falkland Islands.

IN THE FIFTEENTH YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II.

SIR COSMO HASKARD, K.C.M.G., M.B.E.  
*Governor.*

### An Ordinance

To provide for Appeals from the  
Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands  
to the Falkland Islands Court of Appeal.

Title.

(1st June, 1966)

Date of commencement.

ENACTED by the Legislature of the Colony of the Falkland Islands, as follows —

Enacting clause.

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Appeals Ordinance, 1966, and shall come into operation on such day as the Governor by notice in the Gazette may appoint.

Short title and date of operation.

2. In this Ordinance unless the context otherwise requires —  
“COURT OF APPEAL” means the Falkland Islands Court of Appeal;  
“SUPREME COURT” means the Supreme Court of the Falkland Islands;  
“JUDGMENT” includes a decree, order or finding and a refusal to make any order.

Interpretation.

3. (1) Any person convicted by the Supreme Court and sentenced to death or to a term of imprisonment exceeding twelve months or to a fine exceeding one hundred pounds, may, subject to the provisions of this Ordinance appeal to the Court of Appeal —

Appeals from original judgments of Supreme Court in criminal cases.

- (a) as of right against his conviction on a matter of law or of fact or of mixed law and fact;
- (b) with the leave of the Court of Appeal against the sentence passed on his conviction, unless the sentence is one fixed by law.